

## How to use this manual

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# A Few Words About Safety

## SERVICE INFORMATION

The service and repair information contained in this manual is intended for use by qualified, professional technicians. Attempting service or repairs without the proper training, tools, and equipment could cause injury to you and/or others. It could also damage this Honda product or create an unsafe condition.

This manual describes the proper methods and procedures for performing service, maintenance, and repairs. Some procedures require the use special tools. Any person who intends to use a replacement part, service procedure or a tool that is not recommended by Honda, must determine the risks to their personal safety and the safe operation of this product.

If you need to replace a part, use Honda Genuine parts with the correct part number or an equivalent part. We strongly recommend that you do not use replacement parts of inferior quality.

## For Your Customer's Safety

Proper service and maintenance are essential to the customer's safety and the reliability of this product. Any error or oversight while servicing this product can result in faulty operation, damage to the product, or injury to others.

### **⚠ WARNING**

Improper service or repairs can create an unsafe condition that can cause your customer or others to be seriously hurt or killed.

Follow the procedures and precautions in this manual and other service materials carefully.

## For Your Safety

Because this manual is intended for the professional service technician, we do not provide warnings about many basic shop safety practices (e.g., hot parts-wear gloves). If you have not received shop safety training or do not feel confident about your knowledge of safe servicing practices, we recommend that you do not attempt to perform the procedures described in this manual.

Some of the most important general service safety precautions are given below. However, we cannot warn you of every conceivable hazard that can arise in performing service and repair procedures. Only you can decide whether or not you should perform a given task.

### **⚠ WARNING**

Failure to properly follow instructions and precautions can cause you to be seriously hurt or killed.

Follow the procedures and precautions in this manual carefully.

## Important Safety Precautions

Make sure you have a clear understanding of all basic shop safety practices and that you are wearing appropriate clothing and using safety equipment. When performing any service task, be especially careful of the following:

- Read all of the instructions before you begin, and make sure you have the tools, the replacement or repair parts, and the skills required to perform the tasks safely and completely.
- Protect your eyes by using proper safety glasses, goggles, or face shields any time you hammer, drill, grind, or work around pressurized air, pressurized liquids, springs, or other stored-energy components. If there is any doubt, put on eye protection.
- Use other protective wear when necessary, for example gloves or safety shoes. Handling hot or sharp parts can cause severe burns or cuts. Before you grab something that looks like it can hurt you, stop and put on gloves.
- Protect yourself and others whenever you have equipment hoisted in the air. Any time you lift this product with a hoist, make sure that the hoist hook is securely attached to the product.

Make sure the engine is off before you begin any servicing procedures, unless the instruction tells you to do otherwise. This will help eliminate several potential hazards:

- Carbon monoxide poisoning from engine exhaust. Be sure there is adequate ventilation whenever you run the engine.
- Burns from hot parts. Let the engine and exhaust system cool before working in those areas.
- Injury from moving parts. If the instruction tells you to run the engine, be sure your hands, fingers, and clothing are out of the way.

Gasoline vapors and hydrogen gasses from batteries are explosive. To reduce the possibility of a fire or explosion, be careful when working around gasoline or batteries.

- Use only a nonflammable solvent, not gasoline, to clean parts.
  - Never store gasoline in an open container.
  - Keep all cigarettes, sparks, and flames away from the battery and all fuel-related parts.
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## How to use this manual

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# INTRODUCTION

This manual covers the service and repair procedures for the following Honda models:

Model	Serial Numbers
GXV630RH	GJACH-1000001 through 9999999
GXV690RH	GJAEH-1000001 through 9999999

All information contained in this manual is based on the latest product information available at the time of printing. We reserve the right to make changes at any time without notice.


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As you read this manual, you will find information that is preceded by a **NOTICE** symbol. The purpose of this message is to help prevent damage to this Honda product, other property, or the environment.

## SAFETY MESSAGES

Your safety and the safety of others are very important. To help you make informed decisions, we have provided safety messages and other safety information throughout this manual. Of course, it is not practical or possible to warn you about all the hazards associated with servicing these products. You must use your own good judgment.

You will find important safety information in a variety of forms, including:

- Safety Labels – on the product.
- Safety Messages – preceded by a safety alert symbol  and one of three signal words, DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION. These signal words mean:

** DANGER** You WILL be KILLED or SERIOUSLY HURT if you don't follow instructions.

** WARNING** You CAN be KILLED or SERIOUSLY HURT if you don't follow instructions.

** CAUTION** You CAN be HURT if you don't follow instructions.

- Instructions – how to service these products correctly and safely.

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American Honda Motor Co., Inc.

Date of Revision: May 2022

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## ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations may be used to identify the respective parts or systems in this manual.

Abbreviated term	Full term
ACG	Alternator
API	American Petroleum Institute
Approx.	Approximately
Assy.	Assembly
ATDC	After Top Dead Center
ATF	Automatic Transmission Fluid
ATT	Attachment
BAT	Battery
BDC	Bottom Dead Center
BTDC	Before Top Dead Center
BARO	Barometric Pressure
CKP	Crankshaft Position
Comp.	Complete
CMP	Camshaft Position
CYL	Cylinder
DLC	Data Link Connector
EBT	Engine Block Temperature
ECT	Engine Coolant Temperature
ECU	Engine Control Unit
EMT	Exhaust Manifold Temperature
EOP	Engine Oil Pressure
EX	Exhaust
F	Front or Forward
GND	Ground
HO2S	Heated Oxygen sensor
IAC	Idle Air Control
IAT	Intake Air Temperature
I.D.	Inside diameter
IG or IGN	Ignition
IN	Intake
INJ	Injection
L.	Left
MAP	Manifold Absolute Pressure
MIL	Malfunction Indicator Lamp
O.D.	Outside Diameter
OP	Optional Part
PGM-FI	Programmed-Fuel Injection
P/N	Part Number
Qty	Quantity
R.	Right
SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers
SCS	Service Check Signal
STD	Standard
SW	Switch
TDC	Top Dead Center
TE	Temperature of Engine
TP	Throttle Position
VTEC	Variable Valve Timing & Valve Lift Electronic Control

Bl	Black	G	Green	Br	Brown	Lg	Light green
Y	Yellow	R	Red	O	Orange	P	Pink
Bu	Blue	W	White	Lb	Light blue	Gr	Gray

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## NOTES

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# 1. SPECIFICATIONS

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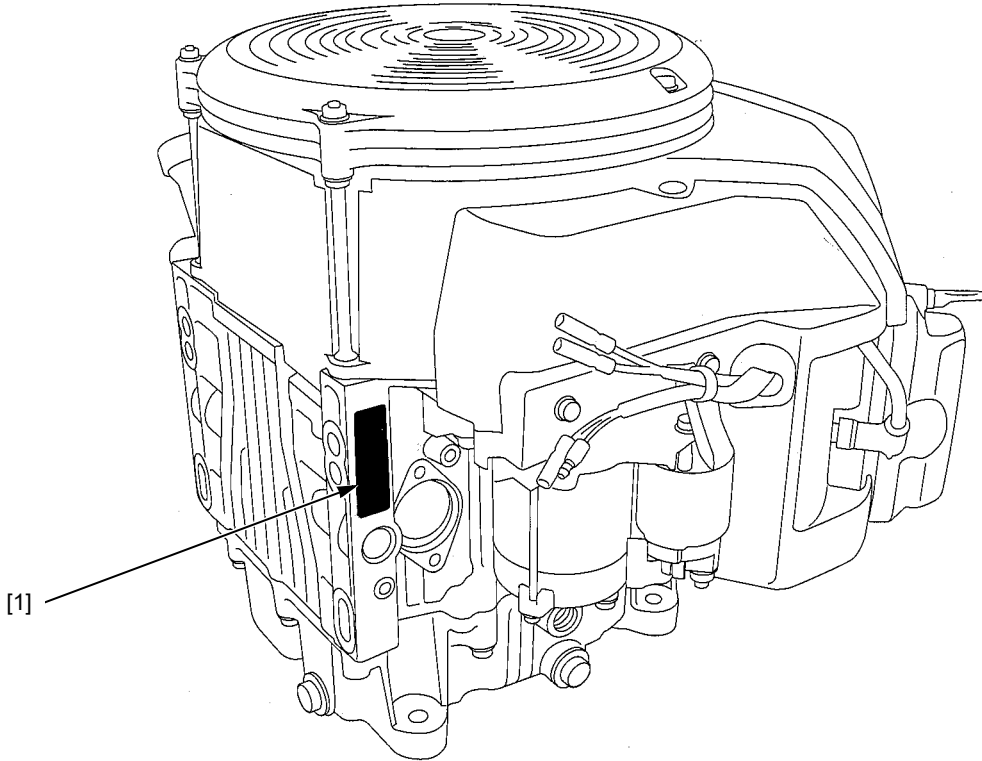
## SPECIFICATIONS

### SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION

The engine serial number [1] is stamped on the crankcase.

The type code is stamped on the crankcase near the engine serial number.

Refer to them when ordering parts or making technical inquiries.



### DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS SPECIFICATIONS

Overall length	443 mm (17.4 in) Screen grid cover type: 449 mm (17.7 mm)
Overall width	420 mm (16.5 in)
Overall height	Q type: 446 mm (17.6 in) Q type, screen grid cover type: 475 mm (18.7 in) T type: 463 mm (18.2 in) T type, screen grid cover type: 492 mm (19.4 in)
Dry weight	Q type: 45.7 kg (100.8 lb) Q type, screen grid cover type: 46.5 kg (102.5 lb) T type: 45.9 kg (101.2 lb) T type, screen grid cover type: 46.7 kg (103.0 lb)
Operating weight	Q type: 47.6 kg (104.9 lb) Q type, screen grid cover type: 48.4 kg (106.7 lb) T type: 47.8 kg (105.4 lb) T type, screen grid cover type: 48.6 kg (107.1 lb)
Maximum angle of inclination	Forward and backward: 20° Left and right: 20°

## ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS

Model	GXV630RH	GXV690RH
Description code	GJACH	GJAEH
Type	4 stroke, overhead valve, 90° V-twin cylinder	
Displacement	688.0 cc (41.97 cu-in)	
Bore x stroke	78.0 x 72.0 mm (3.07 x 2.83 in)	
Net power (SAE J1349)*	15.5 kW (20.8 HP) @ 3,600 rpm	16.5 kW (22.1 HP) @ 3,600 rpm
Continuous rated power	10.5 kW (14.1 HP) @ 3,000 rpm	11.5 kW (15.4 HP) @ 3,000 rpm
Maximum net torque (SAE J1349)*	48.3 N·m (4.93 kg-m, 35.6 ft-lb) @ 2,500 rpm	
Maximum rpm (at no load)	See <a href="#">page 7-4</a> .	
Compression ratio	9.3 ± 0.2	
Fuel consumption (at continuous rated power)	5.0 Liters (1.32 US gal, 1.10 Imp gal)/h	5.7 Liters (1.51 US gal, 1.25 Imp gal)/h
Ignition system	C.D.I. (Capacitor Discharge Ignition) type magneto	
Ignition timing	B.T.D.C. 4°/1,000 rpm	
Spark advancer type	Electronic type	
Spark advancer performance	B.T.D.C. 4 ~ 23°	
Spark plug	ZFR5F (NGK)	
Lubrication system	Forced feed	
Oil capacity	Without oil filter replacement: 1.7 Liters (1.80 US qt, 1.50 Imp qt) With oil filter replacement: 1.9 Liters (2.01 US qt, 1.67 Imp qt)	
Recommended oil	SAE 5W-30, 10W-30 API service classification SJ or later	
Cooling system	Forced air	
Starting system	Starter motor	
Stopping system	Ignition circuit open	
Carburetor	2 barrel horizontal type, butterfly valve	
Air cleaner	Dual type	
Governor	Mechanical centrifugal	
Breather system	Reed valve type, PCV (Positive Crankcase Ventilation) type	
Fuel used	E10	

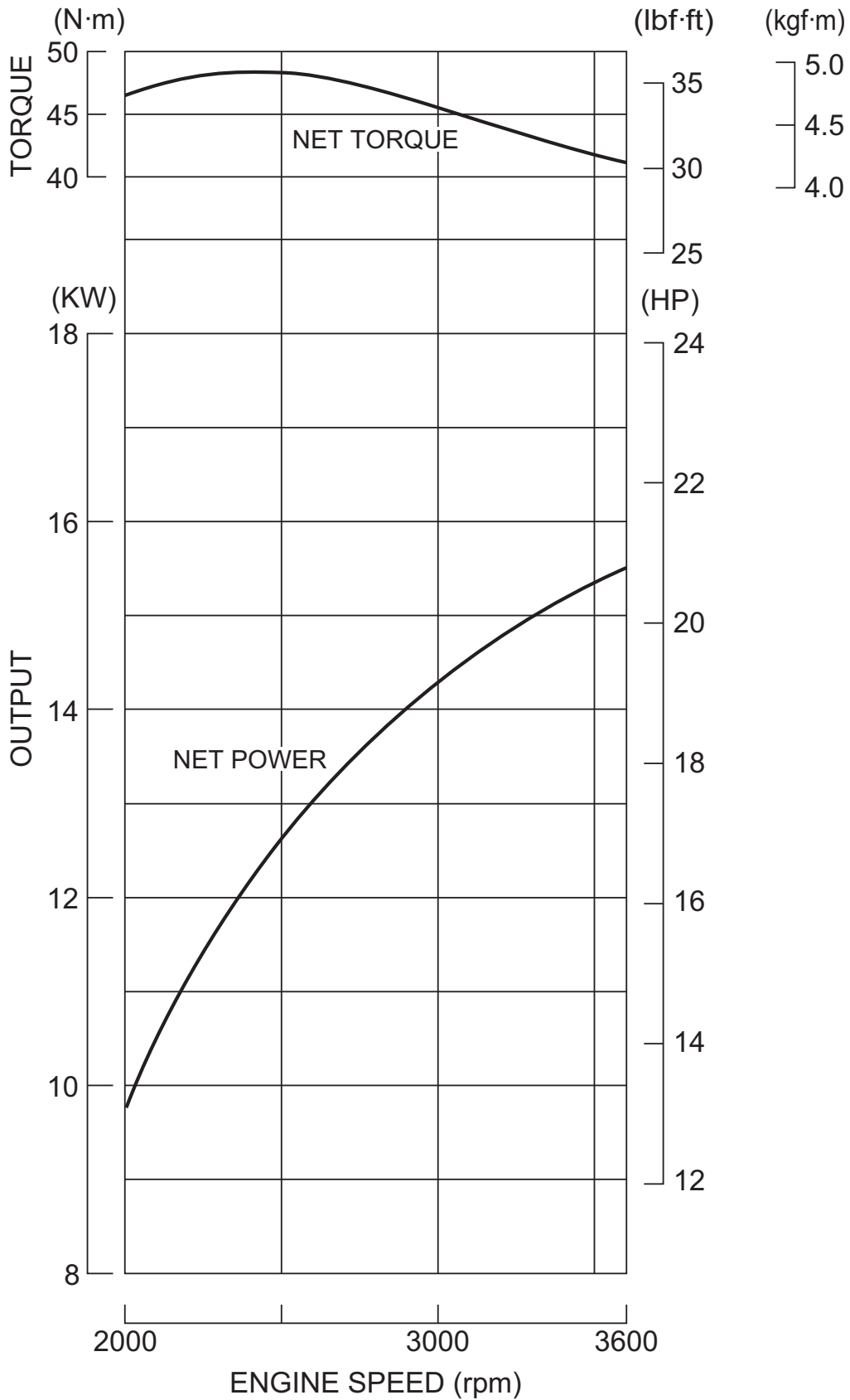
\*: The power rating of the engine indicated in this document is the net power output tested on a production engine for the engine model and measured in accordance with SAE J1349 at 3,600 rpm (net power) and at 2,500 rpm (max net torque). Mass production engines may vary from this value. Actual power output for the engine installed in the final machine will vary depending on numerous factors, including the operating speed of the engine in application, environmental conditions, maintenance, and other variables.



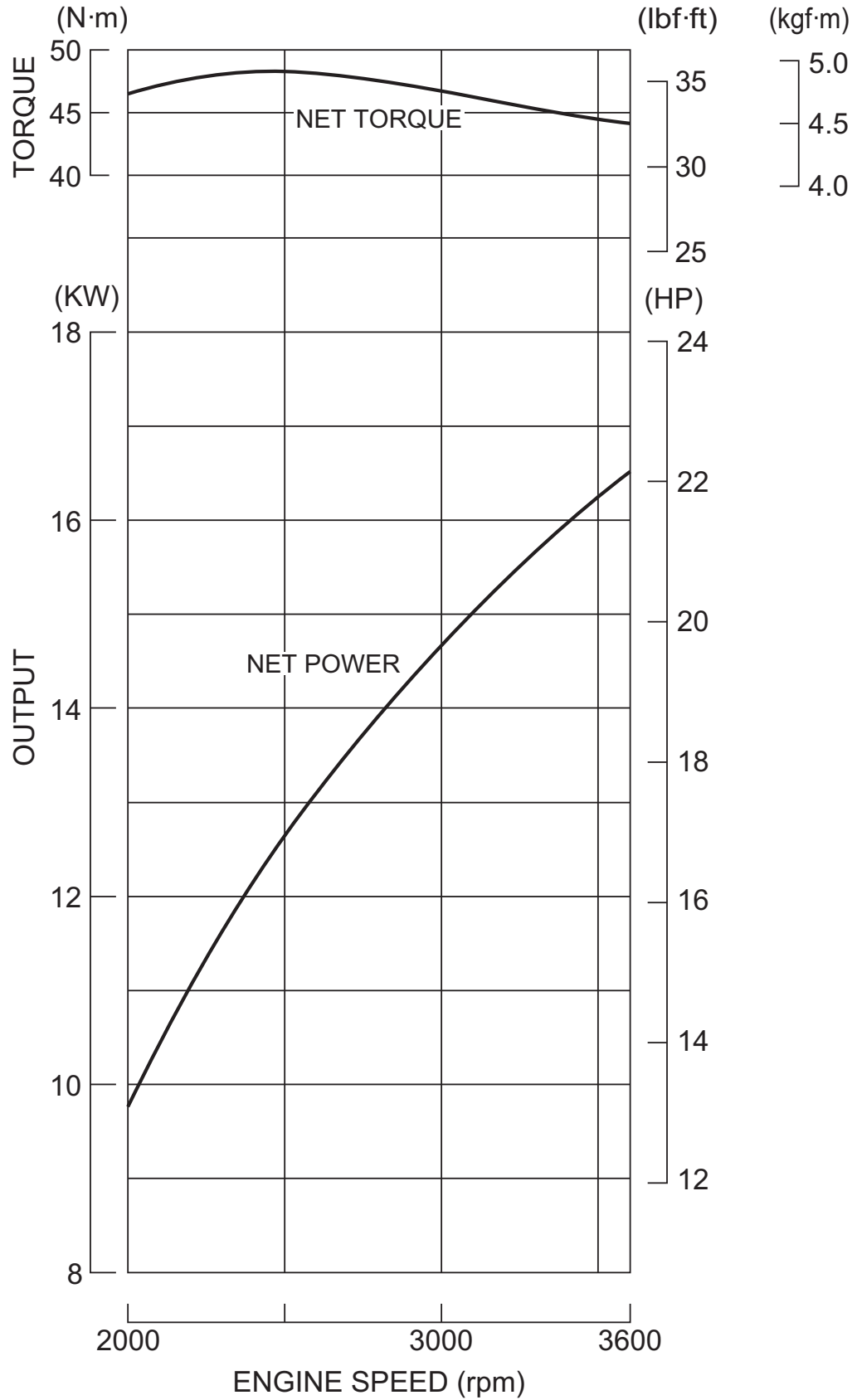
SPECIFICATIONS

PERFORMANCE CURVES

GXV630RH



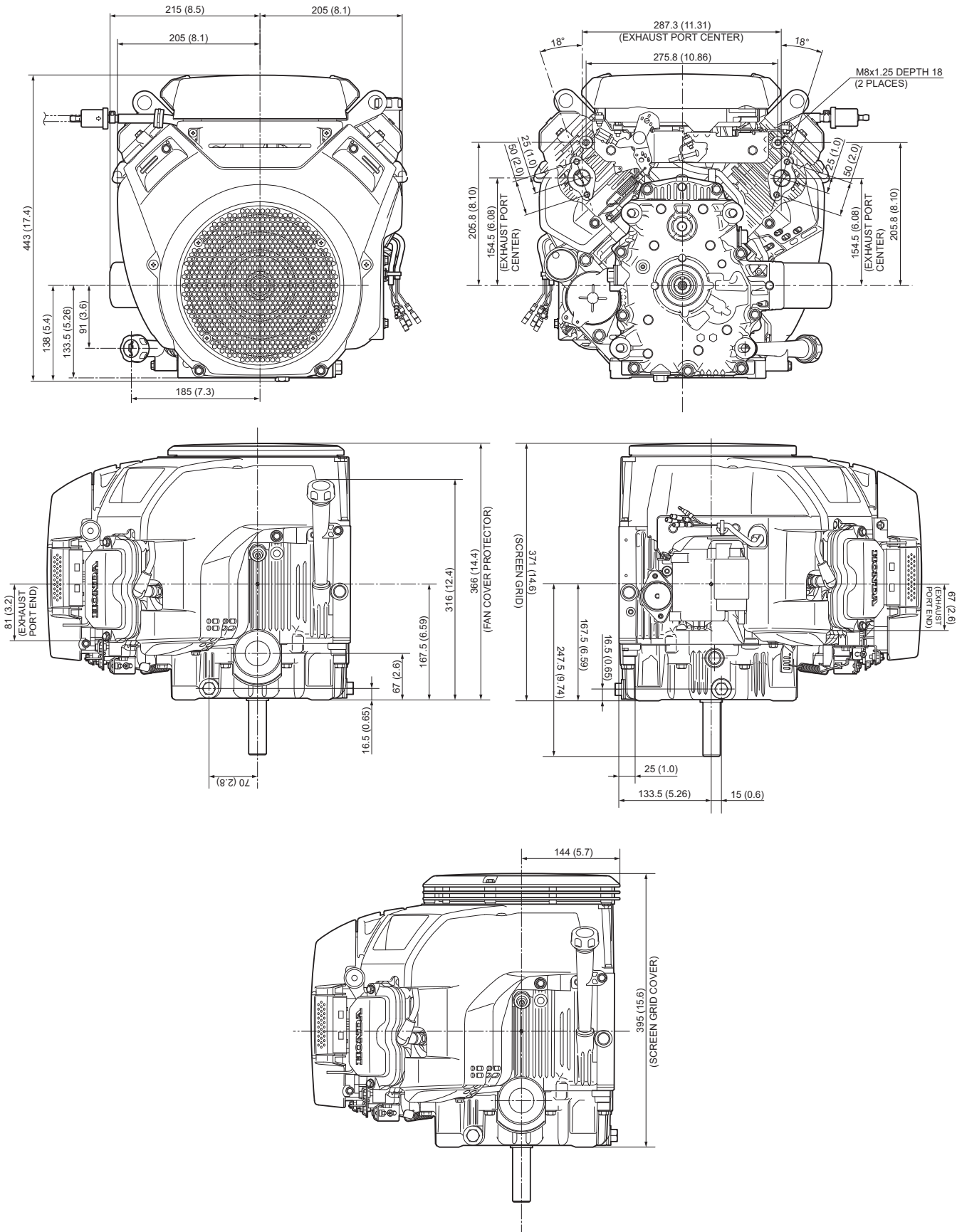
GXV690RH



# SPECIFICATIONS

## DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

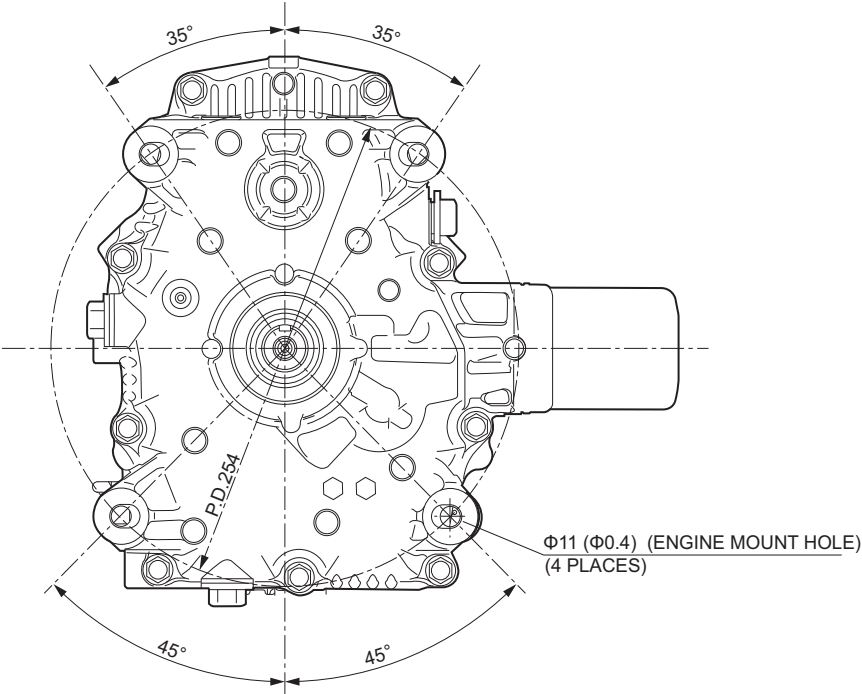
Unit: mm (in)



ENGINE MOUNT / PTO DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS

ENGINE MOUNT BASE

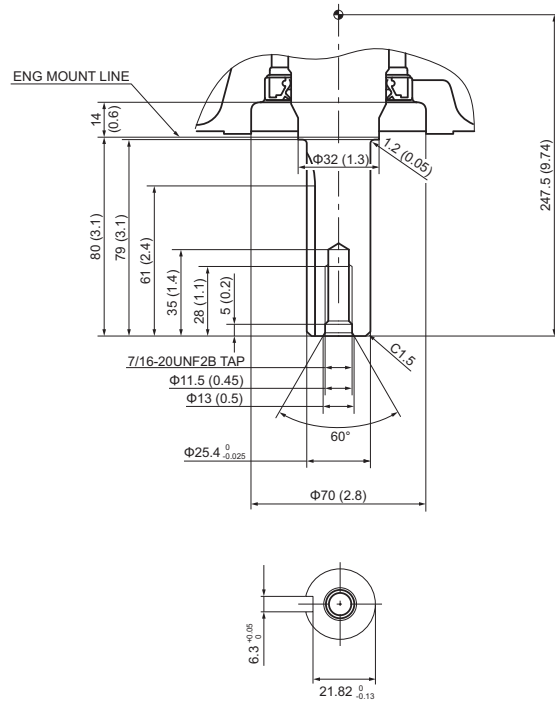
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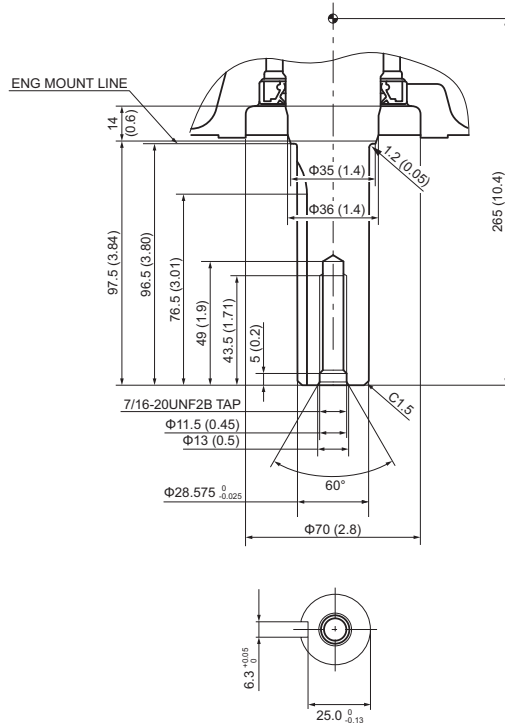
# SPECIFICATIONS

## Q TYPE

Unit: mm (in)



## T TYPE



# 2. SERVICE INFORMATION

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## SERVICE INFORMATION






### SERVICE RULES

- Use Honda Genuine or Honda-recommended parts and lubricants or their equivalents. Parts that do not meet Honda's design specifications may damage the unit.
- Use the special tools designed for the product.
- Install new gaskets, O-rings, etc. when reassembling.
- When torquing bolts or nuts, begin with larger-diameter or inner bolts first and tighten to the specified torque diagonally, unless a particular sequence is specified.
- Clean parts in cleaning solvent upon disassembly. Lubricate any sliding surfaces before reassembly.
- After reassembly, check all parts for proper installation and operation.
- Many screws used in this machine are self-tapping. Be aware that cross-threading or overtightening these screws will strip the threads and ruin the hole.

Use only metric tools when servicing this unit. Metric bolts, nuts, and screws are not interchangeable with non-metric fasteners. The use of incorrect tools and fasteners will damage the unit.

### SYMBOLS

The symbols used throughout this manual show specific service procedures. If supplementary information is required pertaining to these symbols, it will be explained specifically in the text without the use of the symbols.

	Replace the part(s) with new one(s) before assembly.
	Use the recommend engine oil, unless otherwise specified.
	Use molybdenum oil solution (mixture of the engine oil and molybdenum grease in a ratio of 1:1).
	Use multi-purpose grease (lithium based multi-purpose grease NLGI #2 or equivalent).
	Apply sealant.
(O x O) (O)	Indicates the diameter, length, and quantity of metric bolts used.
page 1-1	Indicates the reference page.

# MAINTENANCE STANDARDS

			Unit: mm (in)	
Part	Item	Standard	Service limit	
Engine	Maximum speed (at no load)	See <a href="#">page 7-4</a> .	-	
	Idle speed	1,400 ± 150 rpm	-	
	Cylinder compression	0.5 ~ 0.7 MPa (5.09 ~ 7.14 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , 73 ~ 102 psi) @ 500 rpm	-	
Cylinder	Sleeve I.D.	78.000 ~ 78.015 (3.0709 ~ 3.0715)	78.150 (3.0768)	
Piston	Skirt O.D.	77.975 ~ 77.985 (3.0699 ~ 3.0703)	77.875 (3.0660)	
	Piston-to-cylinder clearance	0.015 ~ 0.040 (0.0006 ~ 0.0016)	0.12 (0.005)	
	Piston pin bore I.D.	18.002 ~ 18.008 (0.7087 ~ 0.7090)	18.042 (0.7103)	
Piston pin	Pin O.D.	17.994 ~ 18.000 (0.7084 ~ 0.7087)	17.95 (0.707)	
	Piston pin-to-piston pin bore clearance	0.002 ~ 0.014 (0.0001 ~ 0.0006)	0.08 (0.003)	
Piston rings	Ring side clearance	Top	0.050 ~ 0.080 (0.0020 ~ 0.0031)	0.15 (0.006)
		Second	0.050 ~ 0.080 (0.0020 ~ 0.0031)	0.15 (0.006)
	Ring end gap	Top	0.200 ~ 0.350 (0.0079 ~ 0.0138)	0.450 (0.0177)
		Second	0.200 ~ 0.350 (0.0079 ~ 0.0138)	0.600 (0.0236)
		Oil (side rail)	0.20 ~ 0.70 (0.008 ~ 0.028)	0.90 (0.035)
	Ring width	Top	1.140 ~ 1.155 (0.0449 ~ 0.0455)	1.120 (0.0441)
Second		1.140 ~ 1.155 (0.0449 ~ 0.0455)	1.120 (0.0441)	
Connecting rod	Small end I.D.	18.006 ~ 18.018 (0.7089 ~ 0.7094)	18.07 (0.711)	
	Big end I.D.	44.988 ~ 45.012 (1.7712 ~ 1.7721)	45.050 (1.7736)	
	Big end oil clearance	0.005 ~ 0.039 (0.0002 ~ 0.0015)	0.070 (0.0028)	
	Big end side clearance	0.2 ~ 0.4 (0.008 ~ 0.016)	1.000 (0.0394)	
Crankshaft	Crankpin O.D.	44.973 ~ 44.983 (1.7706 ~ 1.7710)	44.920 (1.7685)	
	Main journal O.D.	39.984 ~ 40.000 (1.5742 ~ 1.5748)	39.930 (1.5720)	
	Thrust washer thickness	0.95 ~ 1.05 (0.037 ~ 0.041)	0.8 (0.03)	
Crankcase	Camshaft bearing I.D.	17.016 ~ 17.027 (0.6699 ~ 0.6704)	17.06 (0.672)	
	Main journal I.D.	40.025 ~ 40.041 (1.5758 ~ 1.5764)	40.06 (1.577)	
	Crankshaft axial clearance	0.05 ~ 0.45 (0.002 ~ 0.018)	1.0 (0.04)	
Oil pan	Camshaft bearing I.D.	17.016 ~ 17.027 (0.6699 ~ 0.6704)	17.06 (0.672)	
	Main journal I.D.	40.025 ~ 40.041 (1.5758 ~ 1.5764)	40.06 (1.577)	
Valves	Valve clearance	IN	0.08 ± 0.02	-
		EX	0.10 ± 0.02	-
	Valve stem O.D.	IN	5.475 ~ 5.490 (0.2156 ~ 0.2161)	5.400 (0.2126)
		EX	5.435 ~ 5.450 (0.2140 ~ 0.2146)	5.300 (0.2087)
	Valve guide I.D.	IN/EX	5.500 ~ 5.512 (0.2165 ~ 0.2170)	5.560 (0.2189)
	Guide-to-stem clearance	IN	0.010 ~ 0.037 (0.0004 ~ 0.0015)	0.110 (0.0043)
		EX	0.050 ~ 0.077 (0.0020 ~ 0.0030)	0.130 (0.0051)
Valve seat width		1.0 ~ 1.2 (0.04 ~ 0.05)	2.1 (0.08)	
Valve spring free length		38.3 (1.51)	36.8 (1.45)	
Valve spring perpendicularity		2° max.	-	
Camshaft	Cam height	IN	29.506 ~ 29.706 (1.1617 ~ 1.1695)	29.36 (1.156)
		EX	29.410 ~ 29.600 (1.1579 ~ 1.1657)	29.26 (1.152)
	Camshaft O.D.		16.982 ~ 17.000 (0.6686 ~ 0.6693)	17.100 (0.6732)
Valve lifter	Valve lifter I.D.	6.010 ~ 6.040 (0.2366 ~ 0.2378)	6.070 (0.2390)	
	Valve lifter shaft O.D.	5.970 ~ 6.000 (0.2350 ~ 0.2362)	5.940 (0.2339)	
Rocker arm	Rocker arm I.D.	6.000 ~ 6.018 (0.050 ~ 0.077)	6.043 (0.2379)	
	Rocker arm shaft O.D.	5.960 ~ 5.990 (0.2346 ~ 0.2358)	5.953 (0.2344)	
	Rocker arm shaft bearing I.D.	6.000 ~ 6.018 (0.050 ~ 0.077)	6.043 (0.2379)	
Oil pump	Oil pressure	2.8 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> (39.8 psi) @ 2,000 rpm	-	
	Tip clearance	0.15 (0.006)	0.30 (0.012)	
	Outer rotor-to-housing clearance	0.150 ~ 0.210 (0.0059 ~ 0.0083)	0.30 (0.012)	
	Outer rotor-to-pump cover clearance	0.04 ~ 0.09 (0.002 ~ 0.004)	0.11 (0.004)	



## SERVICE INFORMATION

Part	Item		Standard	Service limit
Carburetor	Main jet	GXV630RH	TAF2 TYPE: No.1 cylinder: #108 No.2 cylinder: #108	—
			Except TAF2 TYPE: No.1 cylinder: #110 No.2 cylinder: #112	—
		GXV690RH	TAF2 TYPE: No.1 cylinder: #115 No.2 cylinder: #118	—
			Except TAF2 TYPE: No.1 cylinder: #120 No.2 cylinder: #122	—
	Pilot screw opening	GXV630RH	TAF2 TYPE: No.1 cylinder: 1-3/4 turns out No.2 cylinder: 2-3/8 turns out	—
			Except TAF2 TYPE: No.1 cylinder: 2-7/8 turns out No.2 cylinder: 2-3/4 turns out	—
		GXV690RH	TAF2 TYPE: No.1 cylinder: 3 turns out No.2 cylinder: 3 turns out	—
			Except TAF2 TYPE: No.1 cylinder: 1-5/8 turns out No.2 cylinder: 2-1/8 turns out	—
	Float height		15.5 (0.61)	—
	Spark plug	Gap		0.7 ~ 0.8 (0.028 ~ 0.031)
Ignition Coil	Air gap		0.2 ~ 0.6 (0.01 ~ 0.02)	—
Starter motor	Brush length		10 (0.4)	6 (0.2)
	Mica depth		—	0.2 (0.01)
Charge coil	Resistance	17 A	0.18 ~ 0.28 Ω	—
		26 A	0.17 ~ 0.25 Ω	—

## TORQUE VALUES

### ENGINE TORQUE VALUES

Item	Thread Dia. (mm)	Torque values			
		N·m	kg·m	ft·lb	in·lb
Cylinder nut	M10 x 1.25	37	3.8	27	—
Oil drain plug bolt	M20 x 1.5	45	4.5	33	—
Oil filter cartridge	M20 x 1.5	12	1.2	9	106
Spark plug	M14 x 1.25	18	1.8	13	159
Connecting rod bolt	M7 x 1.0	22	2.2	16	195
Tappet adjusting nut	M5 x 0.5	7.5	0.8	5.5	66
Governor arm nut	M6 x 1.0	11	1.1	8	97
Cable holder bolt	M5 x 0.8	1.7	0.2	1.3	15
Flywheel nut	M20 x 1.5	245	25	181	—
Fuel pump cover screw	M5 tapping screw	4.2	0.4	3.1	35
Fan cover protector screw	M4 special screw	1.7	0.2	1.3	15
Fan cover screw	M6 x 1.0 special screw	4.4	0.4	3.2	39
Screen grid cover bolt	M6 x 1.0	8.5	0.9	6.3	75
Screen grid cover nut	M6 x 1.0	8.5	0.9	6.3	75
Screen grid cover stud bolt	M6 x 1.0	12	1.2	9	106
Fuel pump screw	M6 x 1.0	5	0.5	3.7	44
Inlet manifold bolt	M8 x 1.25	19	1.9	14	168
Oil pressure switch	PT1/8	9	0.9	6.6	80
Sealing bolt	PT1/8	9	0.9	6.6	80
Choke cable adjust nut	M6 x 1.0	8	0.8	5.9	52
Starter motor terminal nut	M8 x 1.25	9	0.9	6.6	80
Control cover screw	M6 x 1.0	8	0.8	5.9	52
Breather valve screw	M3 x 0.5	1	0.1	0.7	9
Fuel cut solenoid	—	8.8	0.9	6.5	58

**STANDARD TORQUE VALUES**

Item	Thread Dia. (mm)	Torque values			
		N·m	kg·m	ft·lb	in·lb
Screw	4 mm	2.1	0.2	1.5	18
	5 mm	4.2	0.4	3.1	35
	6 mm	9	0.9	6.6	80
Bolt and nut	4 mm	3.4	0.4	2.5	27
	5 mm	5.2	0.5	3.8	44
	6 mm	10	1.0	7.0	89
	8 mm	22	2.2	16	195
	10 mm	34	3.5	25	—
	12 mm	54	5.5	40	—
Flange bolt and nut	5 mm	5.3	0.5	3.9	44
	6 mm	12	1.2	9.0	106
	8 mm	27	2.7	20	—
	10 mm	39	4.0	29	—
SH (Small head) flange bolt	6 mm	9	0.9	7.0	80

**LUBRICATION & SEAL POINT**

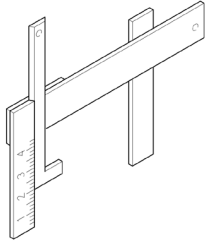

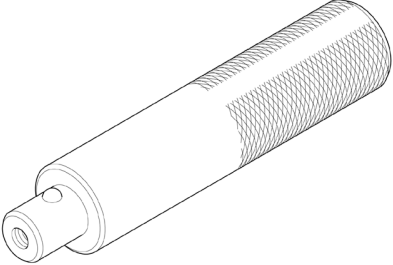
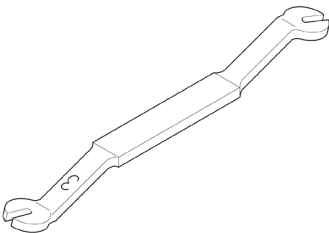
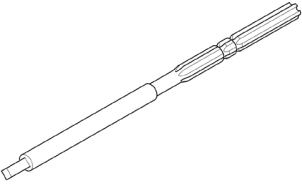
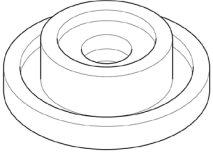
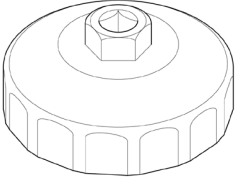
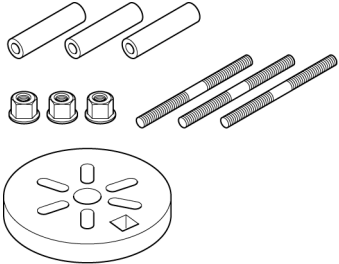
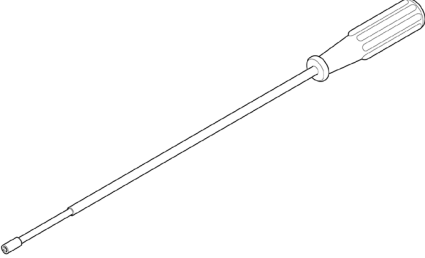
Location	Material
Crankshaft gear	Engine oil
Piston outer surface and piston pin hole	
Connecting rod bolt threads and seating surface	
Camshaft cam profile, bearing, decompressor and gear	
Valve lifter shaft and slipper	
Valve stem seal contact area of seal lip	
Valve stem sliding surface and stem end	
Valve spring	
Push rod end	
Rocker arm bearing and slipper	
Tappet adjusting screw and nut threads and seating surface	
Rocker arm shaft	
Crankshaft thrust washer	
Flywheel nut threads and seating surface	
Oil pump gear outer surface and rotor	
Governor weight holder gear	
Governor arm shaft	
Cylinder nut and bolt threads and seating surface	
Oil seal outer surface	
Oil filter cartridge O-ring	
Crankshaft pin and journal	Use molybdenum oil solution (mixture of the engine oil and molybdenum grease in a ratio of 1:1)
Crankcase bearing	
Crankcase cover bearing	
Piston pin outer surface	
Piston ring	
Cylinder inner surface	
Connecting rod big and small end bearing	
Oil pump shaft	
Governor weight holder journal	
Governor holder shaft	
Governor slider	Multi-purpose grease
Oil seal lip	
O-ring	Liquid sealant (ThreeBond® 1207B)
Cylinder	
Crankcase cover	
Breather cover	Liquid sealant (ThreeBond 1207B, 1141G, 1215)
Oil pressure switch	
Sealing bolt	2 cycle oil
Tube end	

## SERVICE INFORMATION

### TOOLS

#### SPECIAL TOOLS

Special tools used in this manual can be ordered using normal American Honda parts ordering procedures.

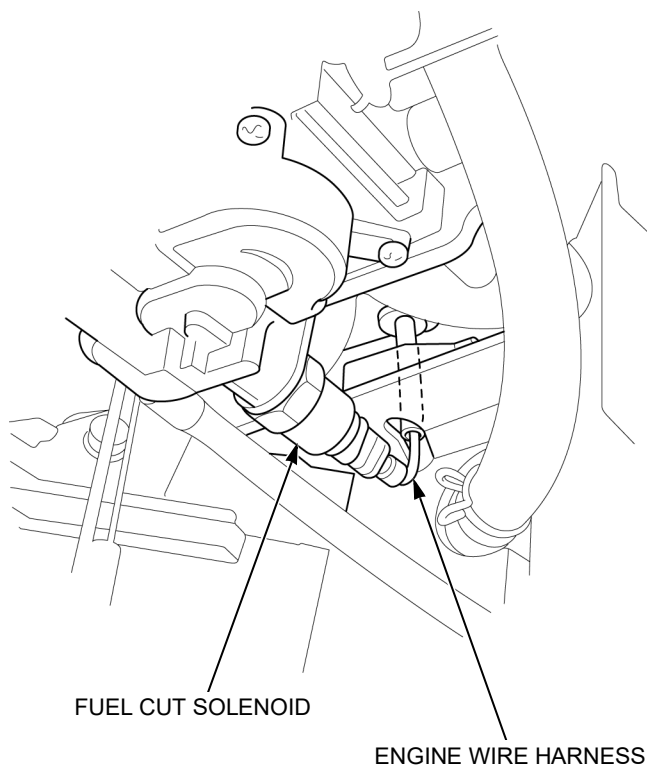
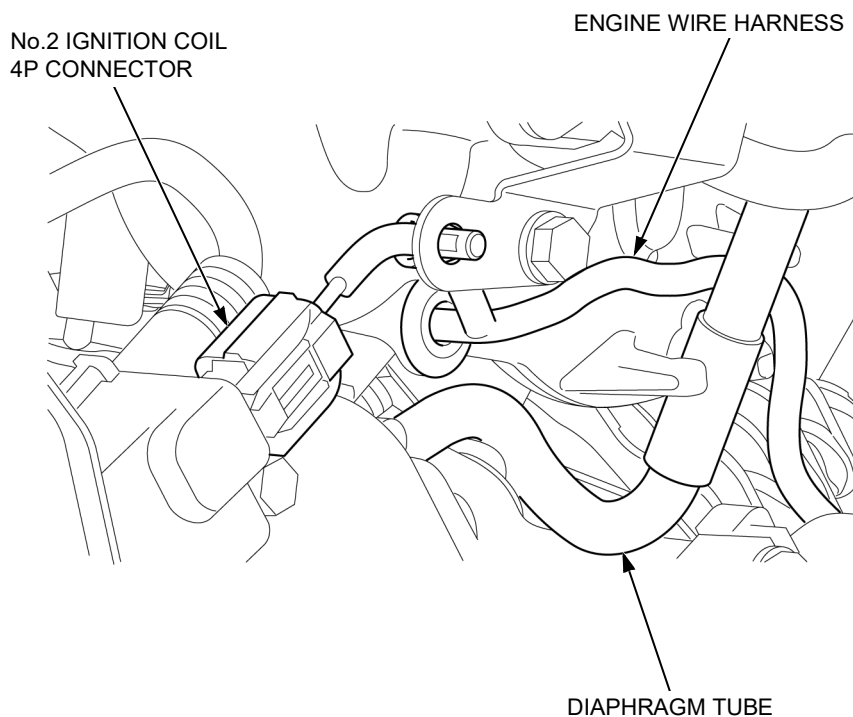
<p>Float level gauge 07401-0010001</p> 	<p>Pilot 17 mm 07746-0040400</p> 	<p>Driver 07749-0010000</p> 
<p>Tappet adjusting wrench 3 mm 07908-KE90200</p> 	<p>Valve guide reamer 5.5 mm 07984-200000D</p> 	<p>Oil seal driver attachment 60 mm 07GAD-PG40100</p> 
<p>Oil filter wrench 65 mm 07AAA-PLCA100</p> 	<p>Flywheel puller 070PC-ZDW0100</p> 	<p>Pilot screw wrench (D) 07MMA-MT3010B</p> 

**COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE TOOLS**

Commercially available tools in this manual are not available through the American Honda Parts Department. They can be ordered through the Tool and Equipment program by calling 888-424-6857.

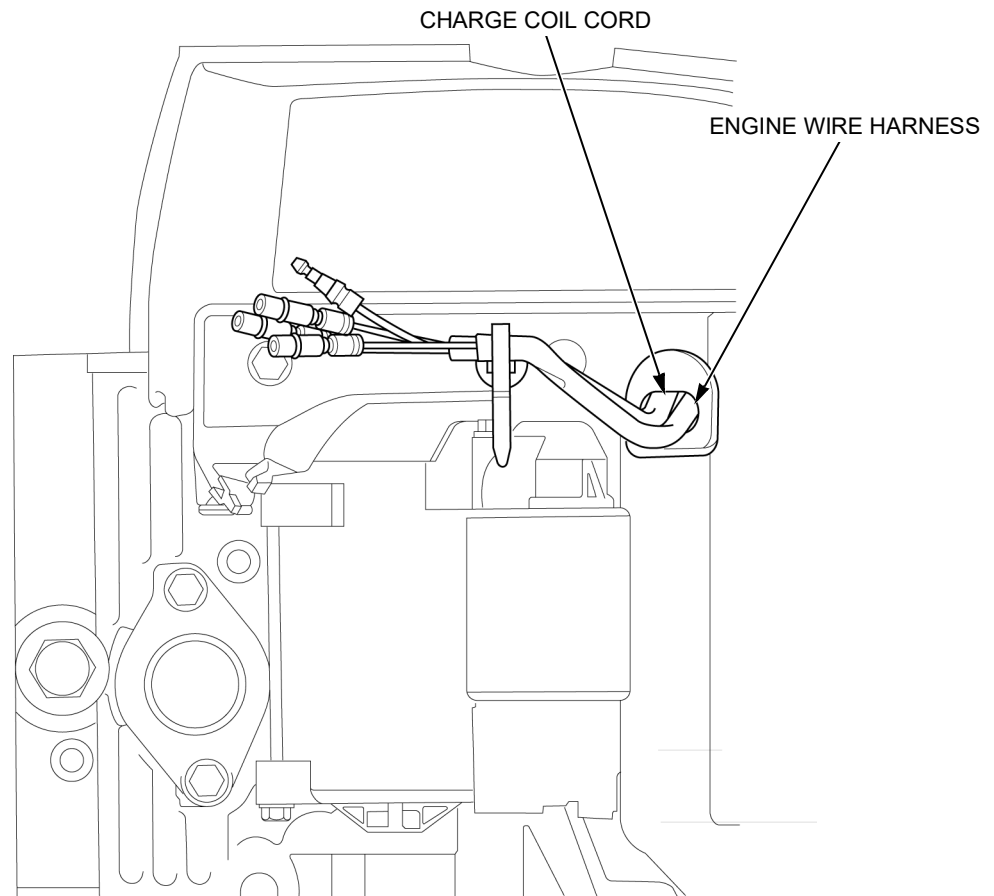
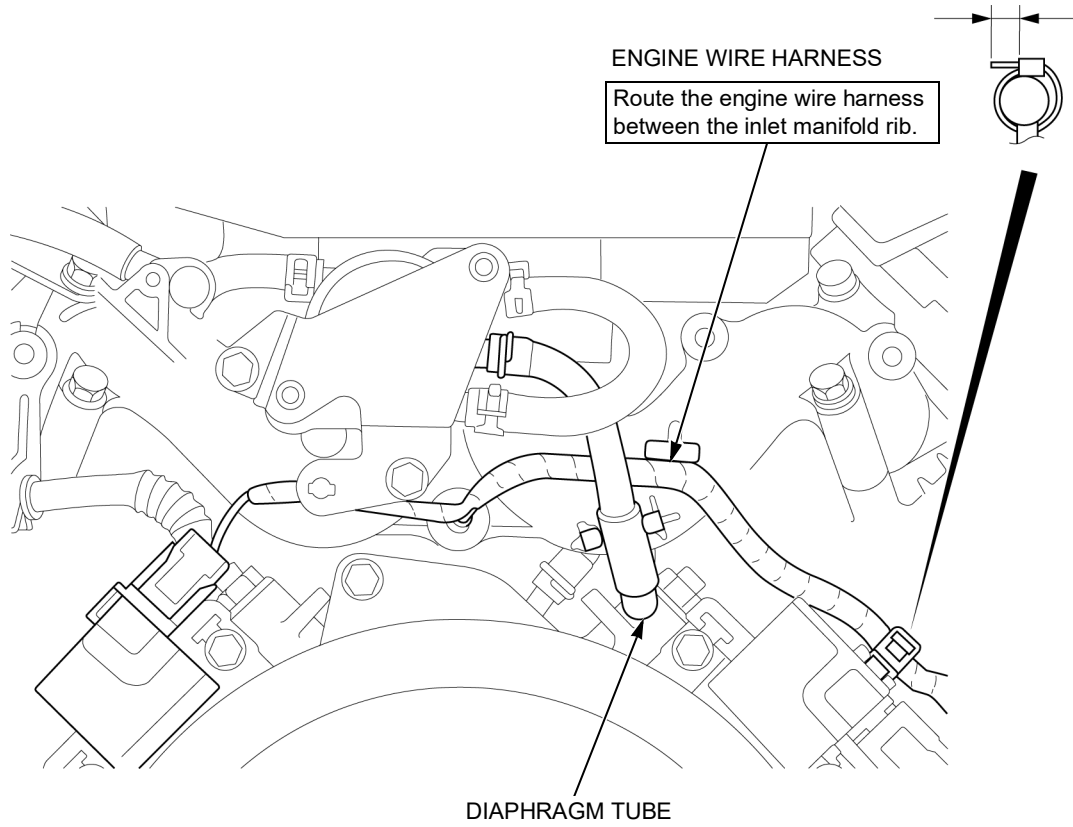
<b>Tool name</b>	<b>Tool number</b>	<b>Application</b>
Digital multimeter	FLU88	Idle speed / maximum speed / electrical testing
Engine oil pressure gauge kit	EEPV303A	Cylinder block oil pressure testing / inspection / cylinder compression testing
Adapter, 1/8 x 28 BSPT	AT77AH (discontinued, see below)	Cylinder block oil pressure testing / inspection
Oil Pressure Adapter Hose <i>and</i> Quick Disconnect Coupling 1/4" - 18 NPTF	GSI638GAT77 <i>and</i> MT26E3	
Leak down tester	KLIAT1006M	Cylinder leak down
Valve lapper	LIL21100	Valve seat width inspection / valve seat reconditioning
Cleaning brush		Clean combustion chamber
Cutter, 30 x 45 degree 128	NWYCU128	Valve seat reconditioning
Cutter, 45 degree 122	NWYCU122	
Cutter, 31 degree 115	NWYCU115	
Cutter, 60 degree 111	NWYCU111	
Solid pilot, 5.5 mm	NWY100-5.5MM	
T-handle	NWYTW505	
Adapter	NWYTW501	
Extension, 6"	NWYTW5036H	
Fuel clamp pliers	HCP6	Used to clamp the fuel line during fuel filter replacement
Flywheel puller	OTC7403	Flywheel removal

**HARNESS ROUTING**

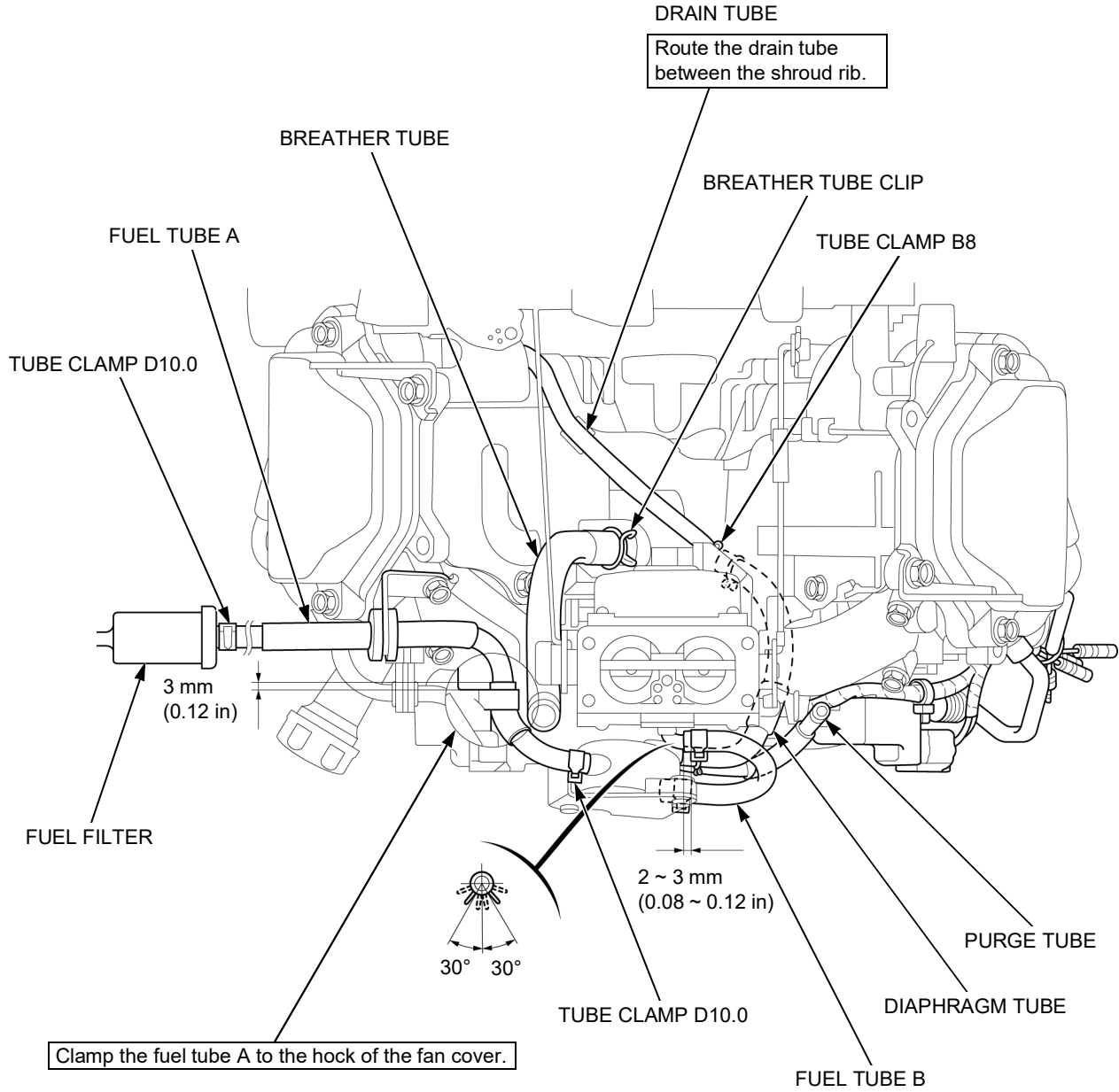


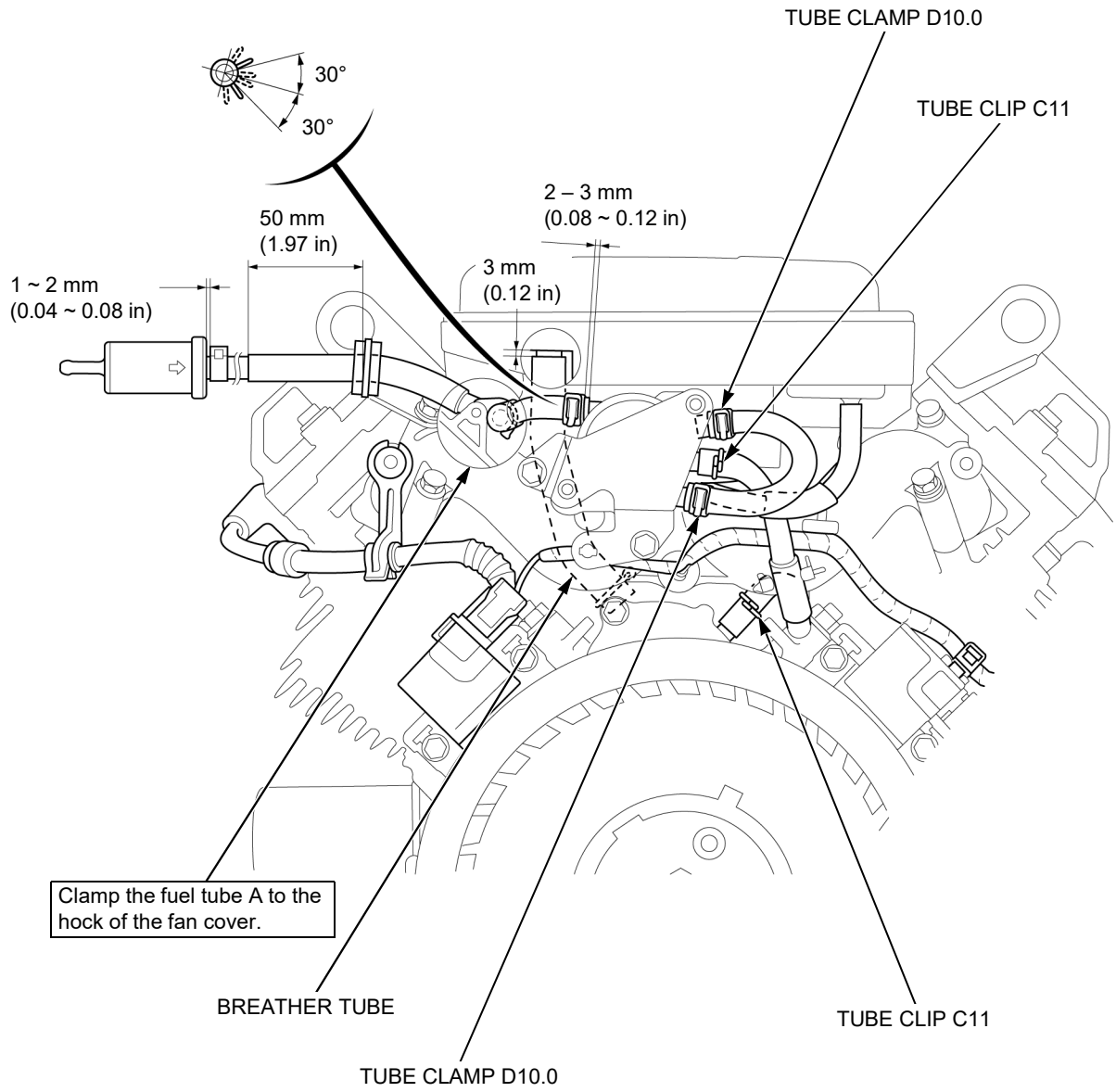
# SERVICE INFORMATION

Cut the band end so its length is 10 ~ 15 mm (0.4 ~ 0.6 in).



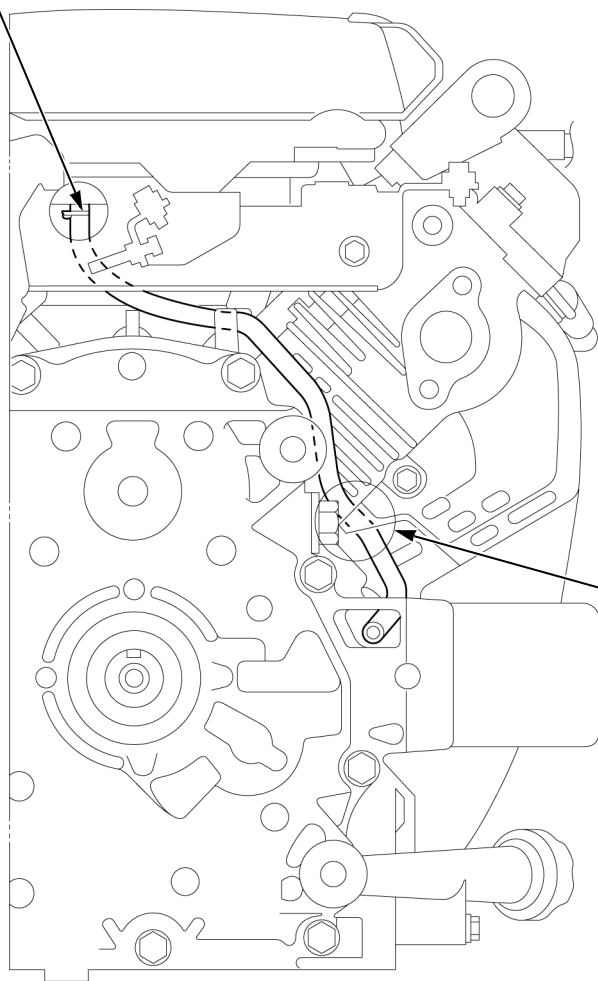
TUBE ROUTING





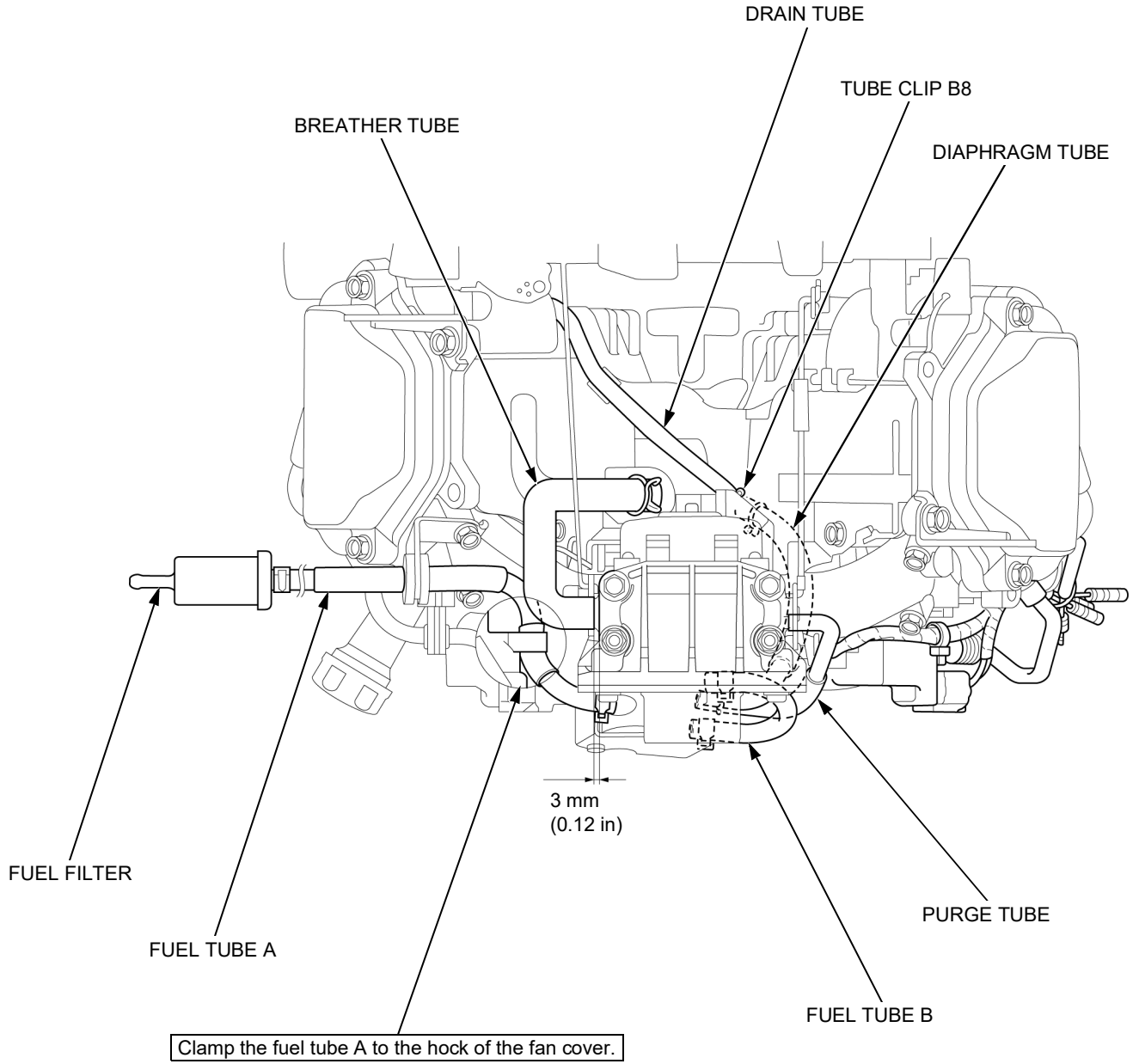


TUBE CLIP B8



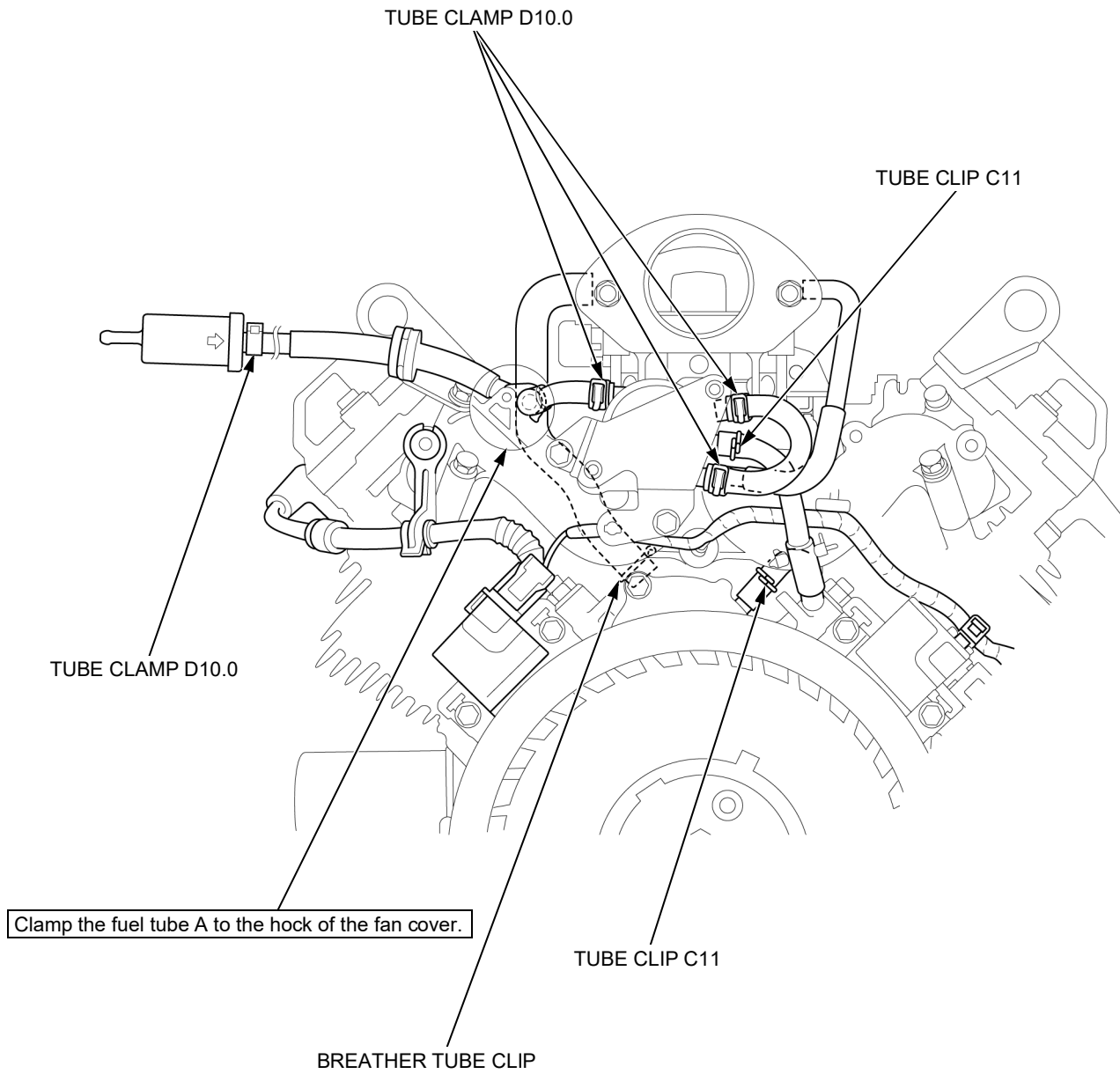
DRAIN TUBE

Clamp the drain tube on the ribs of the L. lower shroud.



# SERVICE INFORMATION

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MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE .....	3-2	SPARK PLUG REPLACEMENT .....	3-6
ENGINE OIL LEVEL CHECK .....	3-3	IDLE SPEED CHECK / ADJUSTMENT .....	3-6
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AIR CLEANER REPLACEMENT.....	3-5	FUEL TUBE CHECK .....	3-10
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## MAINTENANCE

# MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

REGULAR SERVICE PERIOD (2)		Each use	First month or 20 hrs.	Every 6 months or 100 hrs.	Every year or 300 hrs.	Every 2 years or 500 hrs.	Refer to page
ITEM	Perform at every indicated month or operating hour interval, whichever comes first.						
Engine oil	Check level	○					3-3
	Change		○	○			3-3
Engine oil filter	Replace		Every 200 hours				3-4
Air cleaner	Check	○					3-4
	Clean			○ (1)			3-4
	Replace					○ (*)	3-5
Screen grid	Check	○					5-3
Spark plug	Check-adjust			○			3-5
	Replace				○		3-6
Idle speed	Check-adjust				○		3-6
Valve clearance	Check-adjust				○		3-7
Combustion chamber	Clean		After every 1,000 hours				3-8
Fuel filter	Replace				○		3-9
Fuel tube	Check		Every 2 years (Replace if necessary)				3-10

(\*) Replace inner filter (paper) only.

(1) Service more frequently when used in dusty areas.

(2) For commercial use, log hours of operation to determine proper maintenance intervals.

## ENGINE OIL LEVEL CHECK

Place the engine on a level surface.

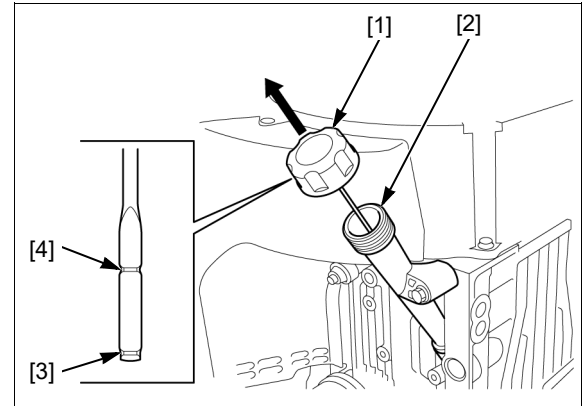
Start the engine and allow it to warm up for 1 to 2 minutes.

Remove the oil level dipstick [1], and wipe it clean.

Insert the oil level gauge into the oil filler extension [2], but do not screw in.

Remove the oil level dipstick and check the oil level shown on the tip of the oil level dipstick.

If the oil level is near or below the lower level mark [3] on the oil level dipstick, fill with recommended oil to the upper level mark [4] of the oil level dipstick.

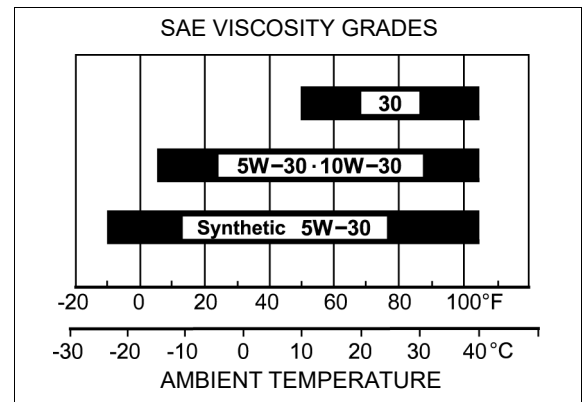


Oil is a major factor affecting performance and service life. Use 4-stroke automotive detergent oil.

SAE 5W-30 or 10W-30 is recommended for general use. Use a full synthetic 5W-30 for starting/operating temperatures between 5°F and -22°F. Other viscosities shown in the chart may be used when the average temperature in your area is within the recommended range.

**RECOMMENDED OIL:**  
**SAE 5W-30 or 10W-30**  
**API service classification SJ or later**

Install the oil level dipstick securely.



## ENGINE OIL CHANGE

Drain the oil in the engine while the engine is warm. Warm oil drains quickly and completely.

Place the engine on a level surface and place a suitable container under the drain plug bolt [1].

Remove the oil level dipstick [2] and the drain plug bolt to drain the oil into a suitable container.

Please dispose of used motor oil in a manner that is compatible with the environment. We suggest you take used oil in a sealed container to your local recycling center or service station for reclamation. Do not throw it in the trash, pour it into the ground, or pour it down a drain.

### ⚠ CAUTION

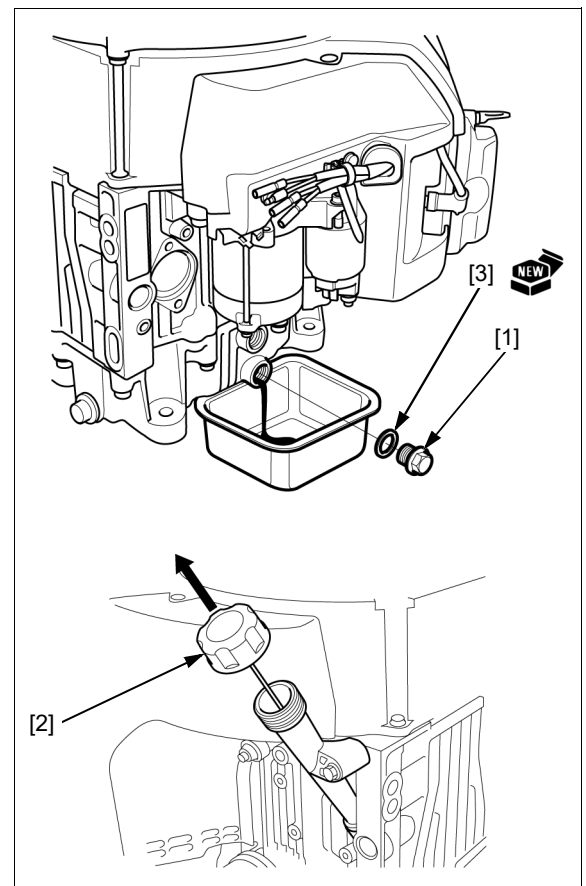
Used engine oil contains substances that have been identified as carcinogenic. If repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods, it may cause skin cancer. Wash your hands thoroughly with soap and water as soon as possible after contact with used engine oil.

Install a new drain plug washer [3] and tighten the drain plug bolt to the specified torque.

**TORQUE: 45 N·m (4.5 kg·m, 33 ft·lb)**

Fill with recommended oil to the upper level mark of the oil level dipstick.

Install the oil level dipstick securely.



## MAINTENANCE

# OIL FILTER REPLACEMENT

Drain the engine oil.

Remove the oil filter [1] using the special tool [2].

### TOOLS:

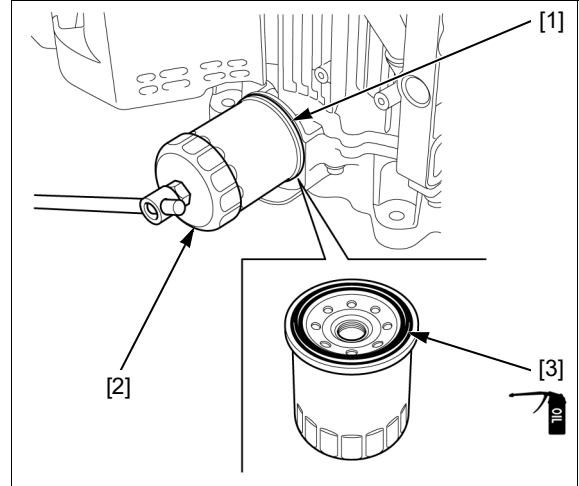
**Oil filter wrench 65 mm [2] 07AAA-PLCA100**

Apply a light coat of engine oil to the O-ring [3] of the new oil filter.

Install the new oil filter and tighten to the specified torque.

**TORQUE: 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 106 in-lb)**

Fill with recommended oil to the upper level mark of the oil level dipstick (page 3-3).



# AIR CLEANER CHECK / CLEANING

A dirty air filter will restrict airflow to the carburetor, reducing engine performance. If the engine is operated in dusty areas, clean the air cleaner more often than specified in the MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE.

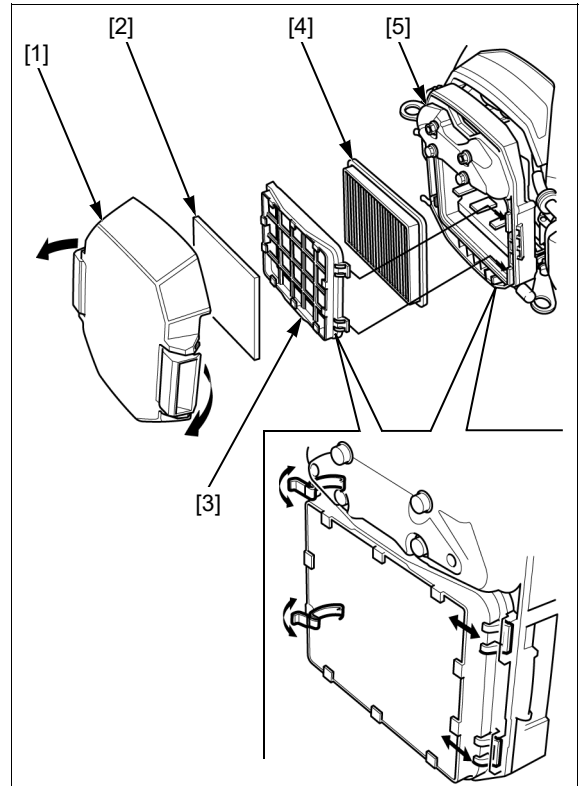
### NOTICE

*Operating the engine without the air filters or with the filter installed incorrectly will allow dirt to enter the engine, causing rapid engine wear. Install the air filters securely.*

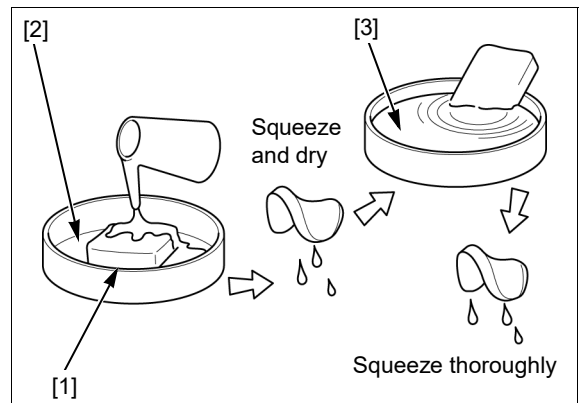
Remove the air cleaner cover [1].

Remove the outer filter (Foam) [2] from the element holder [3].

Remove the element holder and inner filter (paper) [4] from the air cleaner case [5]. Carefully check both filters for holes or tears, and replace if damaged.



Clean the outer filter [1] in warm soapy water [2], rinse and allow to dry thoroughly, or clean with a non-flammable solvent [2] and allow to dry thoroughly. Dip the filter in clean engine oil [3] and squeeze out all the excess oil. Excess oil will restrict airflow through the foam element and may cause the engine to smoke at startup.



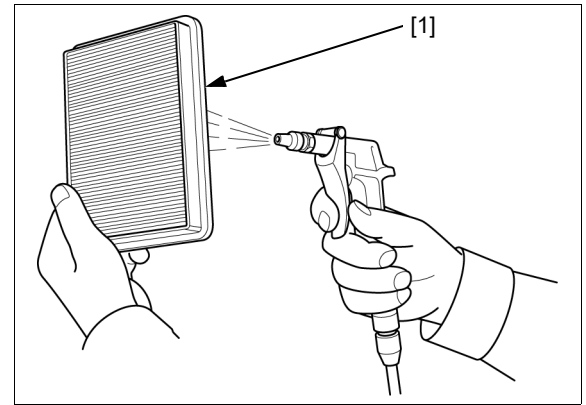
Tap the inner filter [1] lightly several times on a hard surface to remove excess dirt or blow compressed air lightly (207 kPa (2.11 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 30 psi) or less) through the paper filter from the inside out. Never try to brush the dirt off; brushing will force dirt into the fibers.

Wipe dirt from the inside of the air cleaner case, element holder, and air cleaner cover using a rag.

Install the inner filter to the air cleaner case and element holder.

Install the outer filter on the element holder.

Install the air cleaner cover.



## AIR CLEANER REPLACEMENT

Remove the air cleaner cover (page 3-4).

Remove the outer filter, element holder, and inner filter (page 3-4).

Wipe dirt from the inside of the air cleaner case, element holder, and air cleaner cover using a rag.

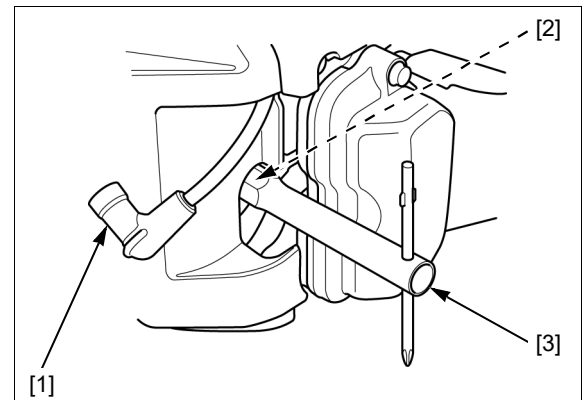
Install a new air cleaner element and cover (page 3-4).

## SPARK PLUG CHECK / ADJUSTMENT

### **CAUTION**

If the engine has been running, the engine will be very hot.  
A hot engine can burn you.  
Allow it to cool before proceeding.

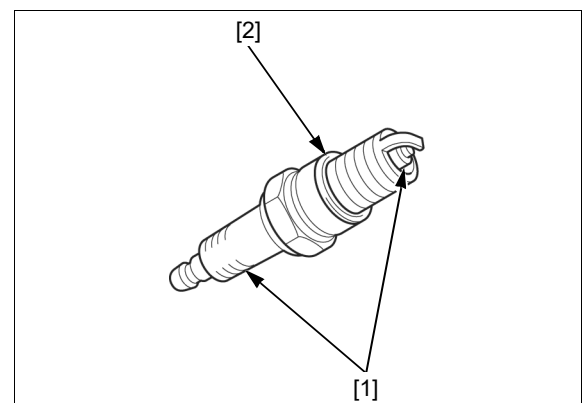
Remove the spark plug cap [1], and then remove the spark plug [2] using a spark plug wrench [3].



Visually check the spark plug. Replace the plug if the insulator [1] is cracked, chipped, or heavily fouled.

Check the sealing washer [2] for damage.

Replace the spark plug if the sealing washer is damaged (page 3-6).





## MAINTENANCE

Measure the plug gap with a wire-type feeler gauge. If the measurement is out of the specification, adjust by bending the side electrode.

**PLUG GAP:** 0.7 ~ 0.8 mm (0.028 ~ 0.031 in)

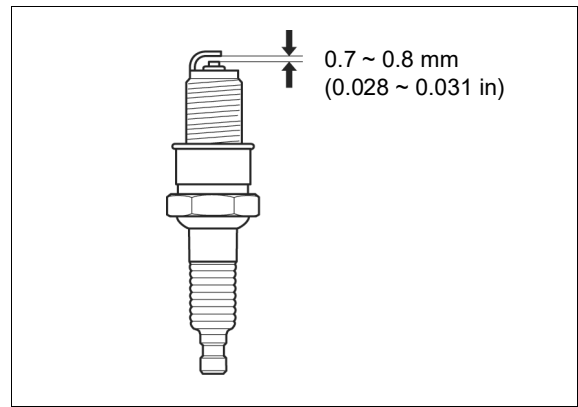
Install the spark plug finger-tight to seat the washer, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

**TORQUE:** 18 N·m (1.8 kg-m, 159 in·lb)

### NOTICE

*A loose spark plug can become very hot and can damage the engine. Overtightening can damage the threads in the cylinder block.*

Install the spark plug cap securely.



## SPARK PLUG REPLACEMENT

### CAUTION

If the engine has been running, the engine will be very hot.  
A hot engine can burn you.  
Allow it to cool before proceeding.

Remove the spark plug cap, and then remove the spark plug using a spark plug wrench ([page 3-5](#)).

Verify the new spark plug gap is correct.

Install the spark plug finger-tight to seat the washer, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

**SPARK PLUG:** ZFR5F (NGK)

**TORQUE:** 18 N·m (1.8 kg-m, 159 in·lb)

### NOTICE

*A loose spark plug can become very hot and can damage the engine. Overtightening can damage the threads in the cylinder block.*

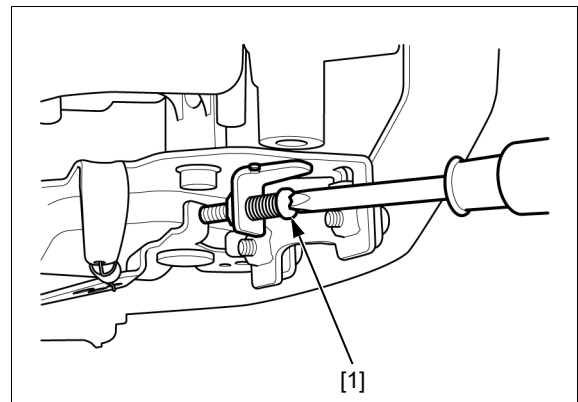
Install the spark plug cap securely.

## IDLE SPEED CHECK / ADJUSTMENT

Start the engine and allow it to warm up to normal operating temperature.

Turn the pan screw [1] of the control to obtain the specified idle speed.

**IDLE SPEED:** 1,400 ± 150 rpm

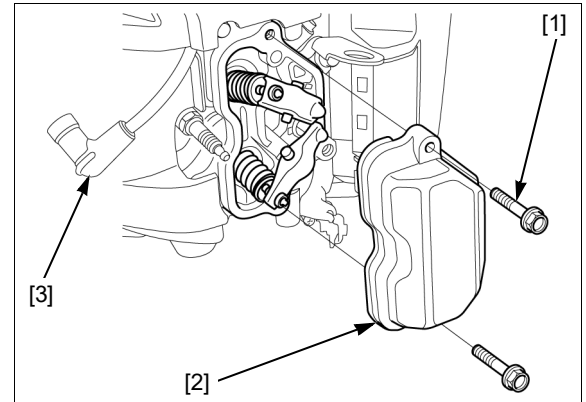


## VALVE CLEARANCE CHECK / ADJUSTMENT

Remove the four flange bolts [1] and each valve cover [2].

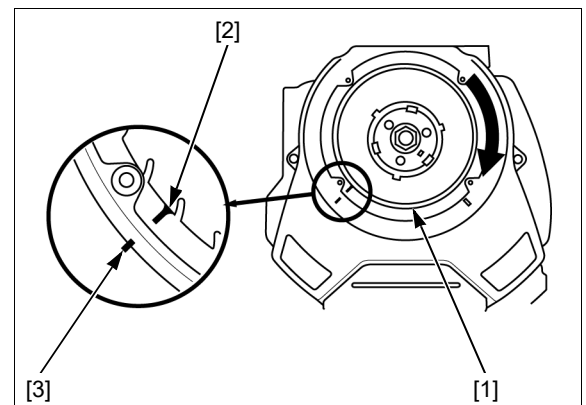
Remove the fan cover protector or screen grid (page 5-2).

Disconnect the spark plug caps [3] from the spark plugs.



Set the piston of the No.1 cylinder at the top dead center of the cylinder compression stroke (both valves fully closed) by rotating the flywheel [1] clockwise slowly. When the No.1 piston is at the top dead center of the compression stroke, the "T" mark [2] on the cooling fan will align with the right side alignment mark [3] on the fan cover.

If the exhaust valve is opened, rotate the flywheel and align the "T" mark on the cooling fan with the alignment mark on the fan cover again.

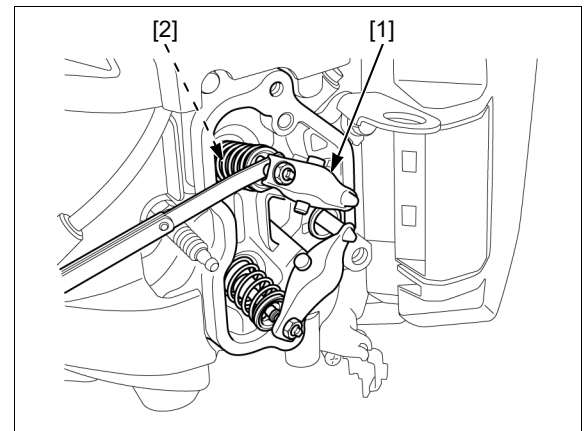


Insert a thickness gauge between the valve rocker arm [1] and valve stem [2] to measure the valve clearance.

**VALVE CLEARANCE:**

**IN:  $0.08 \pm 0.02$  mm**

**EX:  $0.10 \pm 0.02$  mm**



Set the piston of the No.2 cylinder at the top dead center of the cylinder compression stroke (both valves fully closed) by rotating the flywheel [1] 270 degrees clockwise slowly. When the No.2 piston is at the top dead center of the compression stroke, the "T" mark [2] on the cooling fan will align with the left side alignment mark [3] on the fan cover.

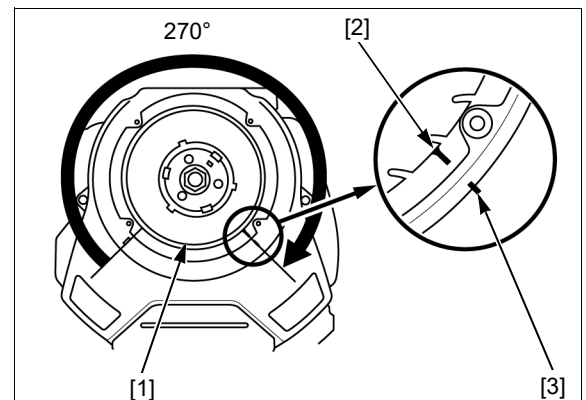
Insert a thickness gauge between the valve rocker arm and valve stem to measure the valve clearance.

**VALVE CLEARANCE:**

**IN:  $0.08 \pm 0.02$  mm**

**EX:  $0.10 \pm 0.02$  mm**

If adjustment is necessary, proceed as follows.



## MAINTENANCE

Hold the tappet adjusting screw [1] and loosen the tappet adjusting nut [2].

**TOOL:**

**Tappet adjusting wrench 3 mm [3] 07908-KE90200**

Turn the tappet adjusting screw to obtain the specified clearance.

**VALVE CLEARANCE:**

**IN:  $0.08 \pm 0.02$  mm**

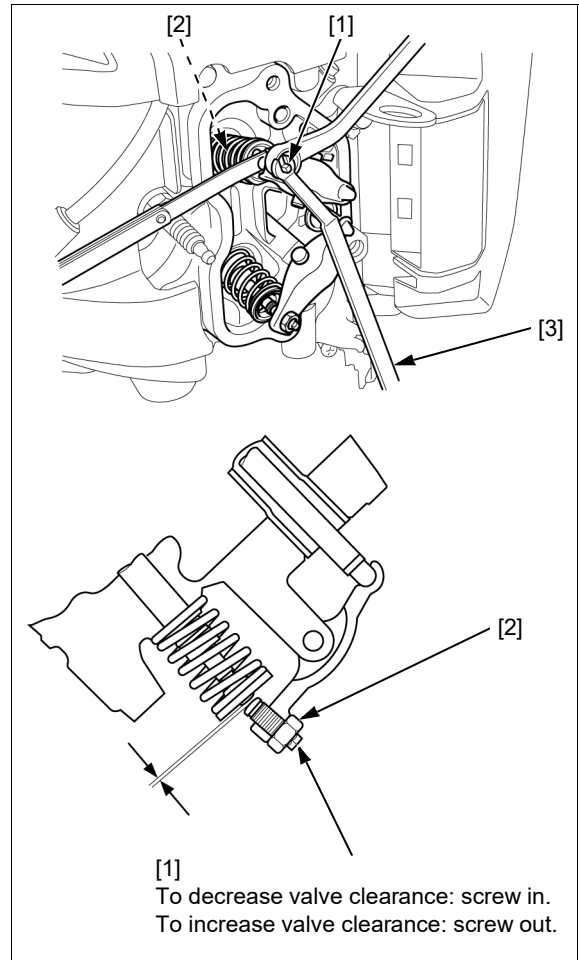
**EX:  $0.10 \pm 0.02$  mm**

Hold the tappet adjusting screw and retighten the tappet adjusting nut to the specified torque.

**TORQUE: 7.5 N·m (0.8 kg·m, 66 in·lb)**

Recheck the valve clearance, and if necessary, readjust the clearance.

Check the valve cover packing for damage or deterioration and install it on the valve cover. Attach the cylinder valve cover to the cylinder and tighten the flange bolts securely.



## COMBUSTION CHAMBER CLEANING

Remove the cylinder ([page 13-2](#)).

Place the cylinder hole protector [1] made from a 1-quart round plastic oil bottle into the cylinder.

**CYLINDER HOLE PROTECTOR:**

**Length: 124 mm (4.9 in)**

**Compression O.D.: 70 mm (3.0 in)**

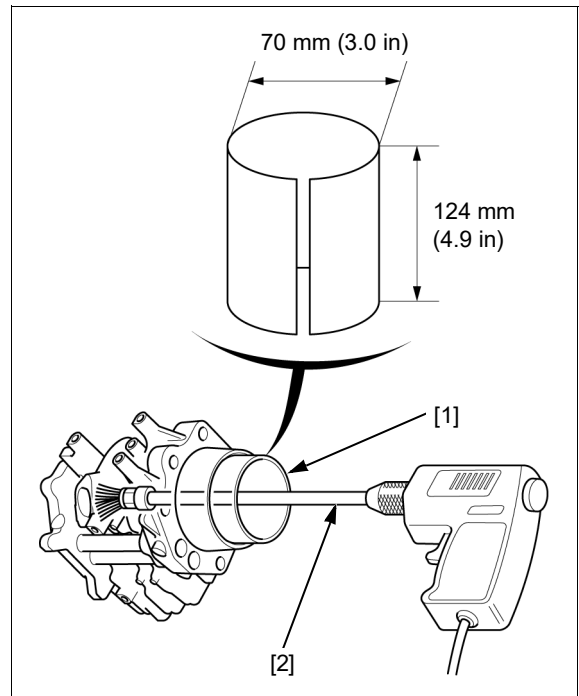
Attach the cleaning brush to an electric drill and clean any carbon deposits from the combustion chamber.

**TOOLS:**

**Cleaning brush (Commercially available)**

**NOTICE**

- Do not remove valves from the cylinder while cleaning the combustion chamber.
- Be sure to insert a cylinder hole protector into the cylinder to protect the inner wall of the cylinder during cleaning of the combustion chamber.
- Do not press the wire brush with force against the combustion chamber.



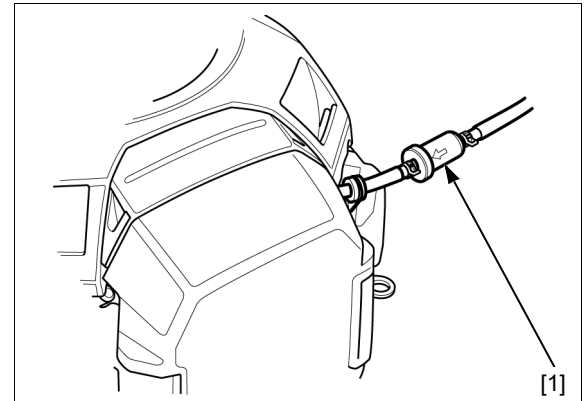
# FUEL FILTER REPLACEMENT

## ⚠ WARNING

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. You can be burned or seriously injured when handling fuel.

- Stop the engine and let it cool.
- Keep heat, sparks, and flame away.
- Handle fuel only outdoors.
- Wipe up spills immediately.

Check the fuel filter [1] for water accumulation or sediment. Replace it if necessary.

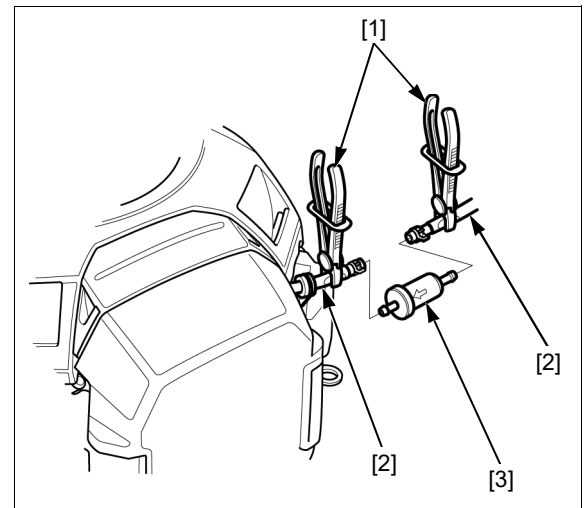


Install commercially available tube clamps (HCP6) [1] on the fuel tubes [2] on both sides of the fuel filter [3].

Disconnect the fuel tube from the fuel filter to remove the fuel filter.

Install a new fuel filter with the arrow mark toward the carburetor side.

Check the connecting parts for any sign of fuel leakage.



## FUEL TUBE CHECK

### **⚠ WARNING**

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. You can be burned or seriously injured when handling fuel.

- Stop the engine and let it cool.
- Keep heat, sparks and flame away.
- Handle fuel only outdoors.
- Wipe up spills immediately.

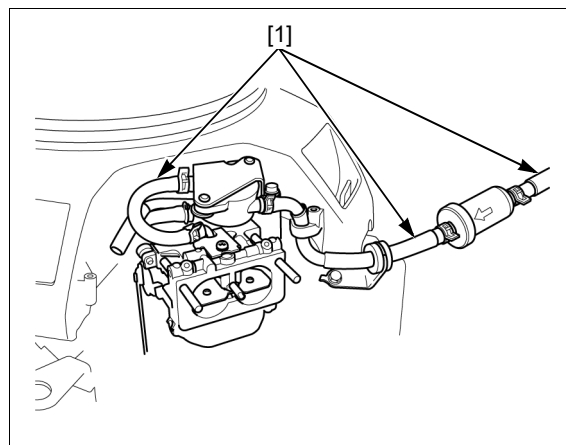
Remove the air cleaner case ([page 3-4](#)).

Remove the fuel pump cover ([page 5-2](#)).

Check the fuel tube [1] for deterioration, cracks or signs of leakage. If necessary, replace it.

Install the fuel pump cover ([page 5-2](#)).

Install the air cleaner case ([page 3-4](#)).



# 4. TROUBLESHOOTING

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BEFORE TROUBLESHOOTING ..... 4-2

ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING ..... 4-2

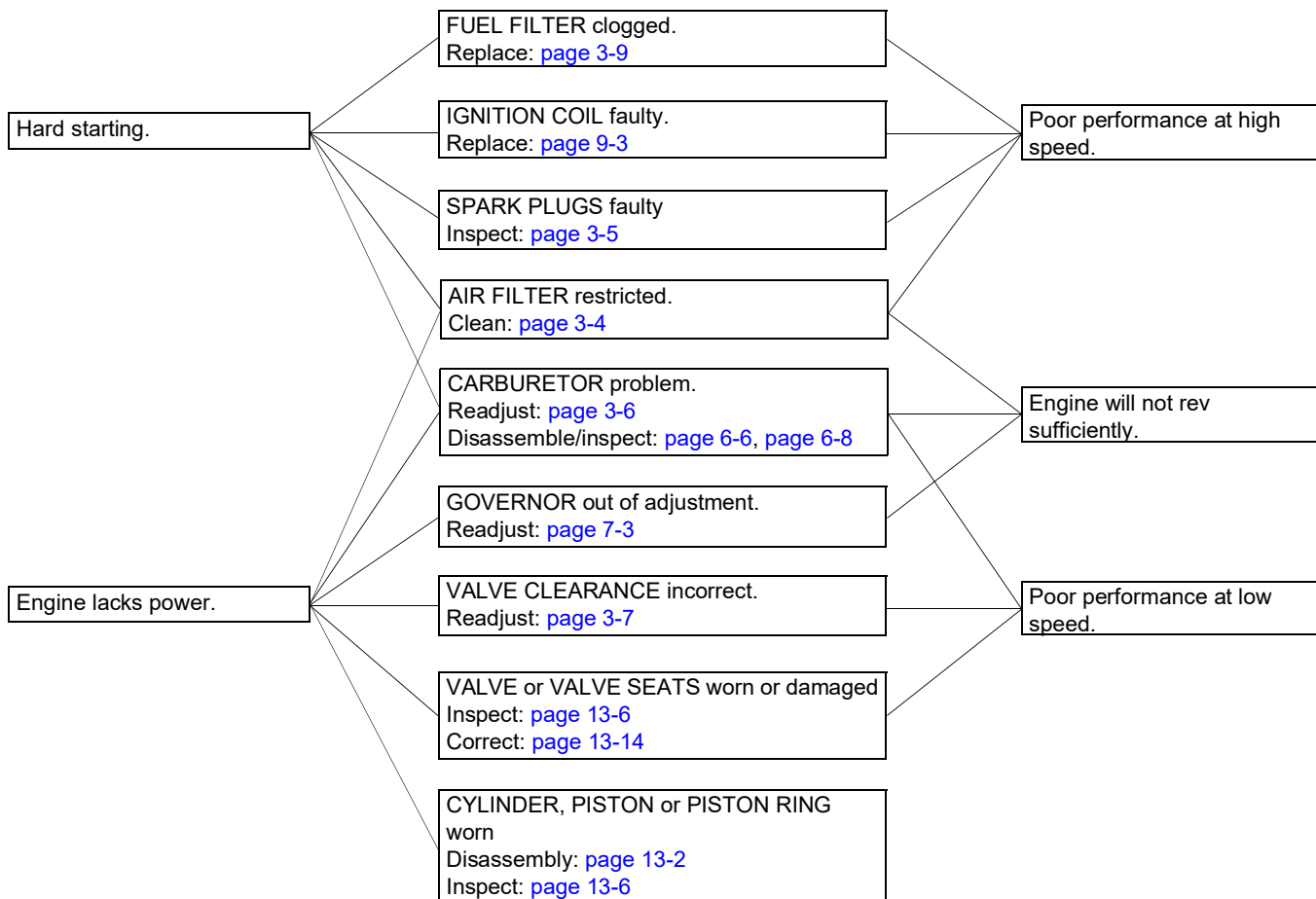
## TROUBLESHOOTING

### BEFORE TROUBLESHOOTING

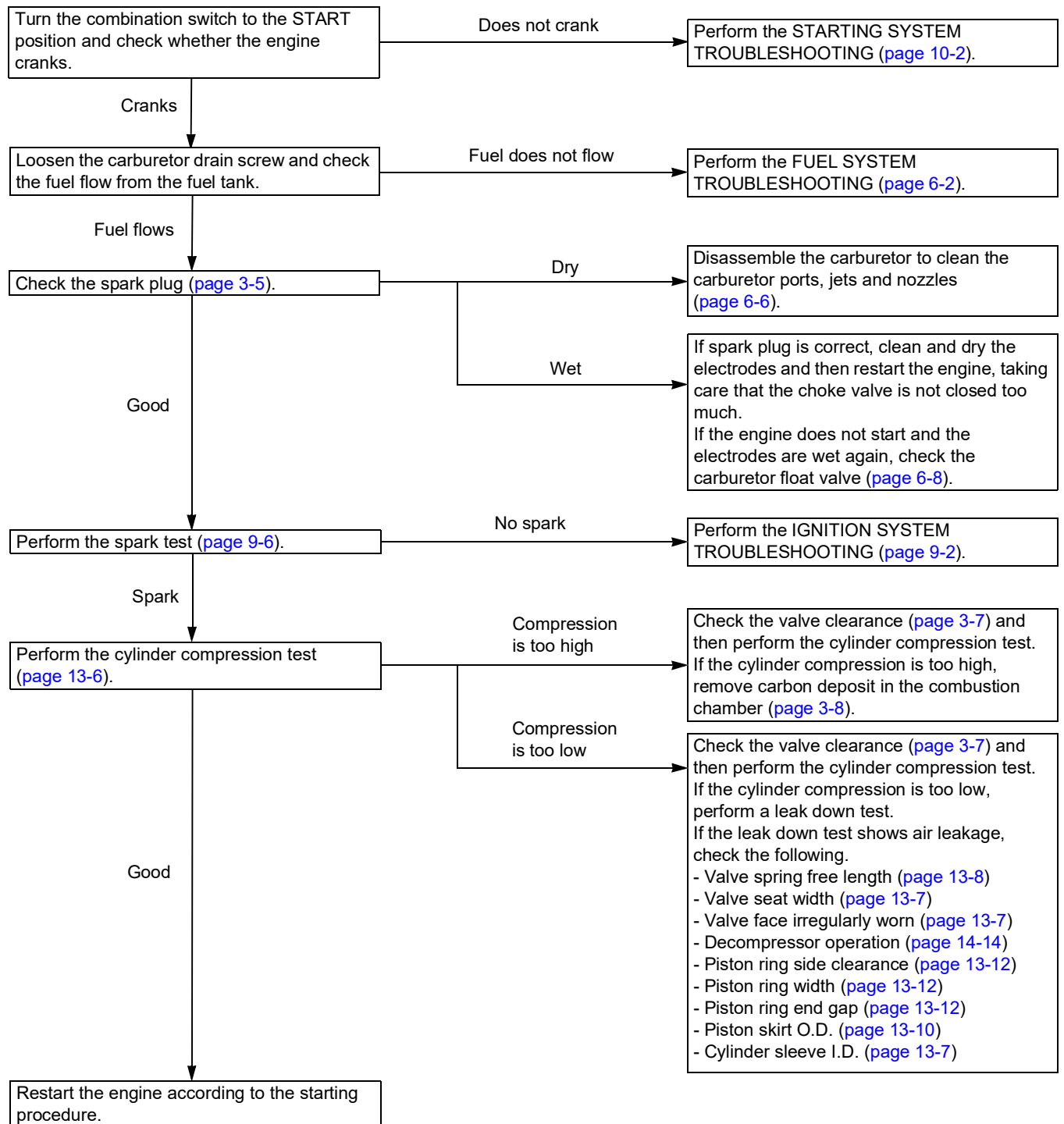
- Use a known-good battery for troubleshooting.
- Check that the connectors are connected securely.
- Check for sufficient fresh fuel in the fuel tank.
- Read the circuit tester's operation instructions carefully, and observe the instructions during inspection.
- Disconnect the battery cable before continuity inspection.

### ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING

#### GENERAL SYMPTOMS AND POSSIBLE CAUSES



## HARD STARTING

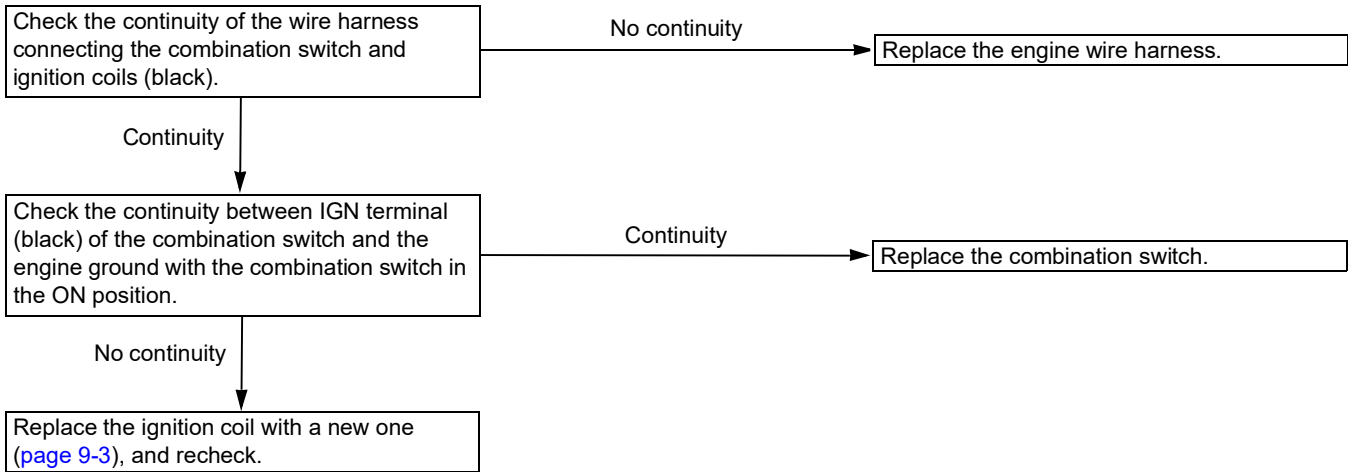




## TROUBLESHOOTING

---

### ENGINE DOES NOT STOP WHEN COMBINATION SWITCH IS TURNED OFF

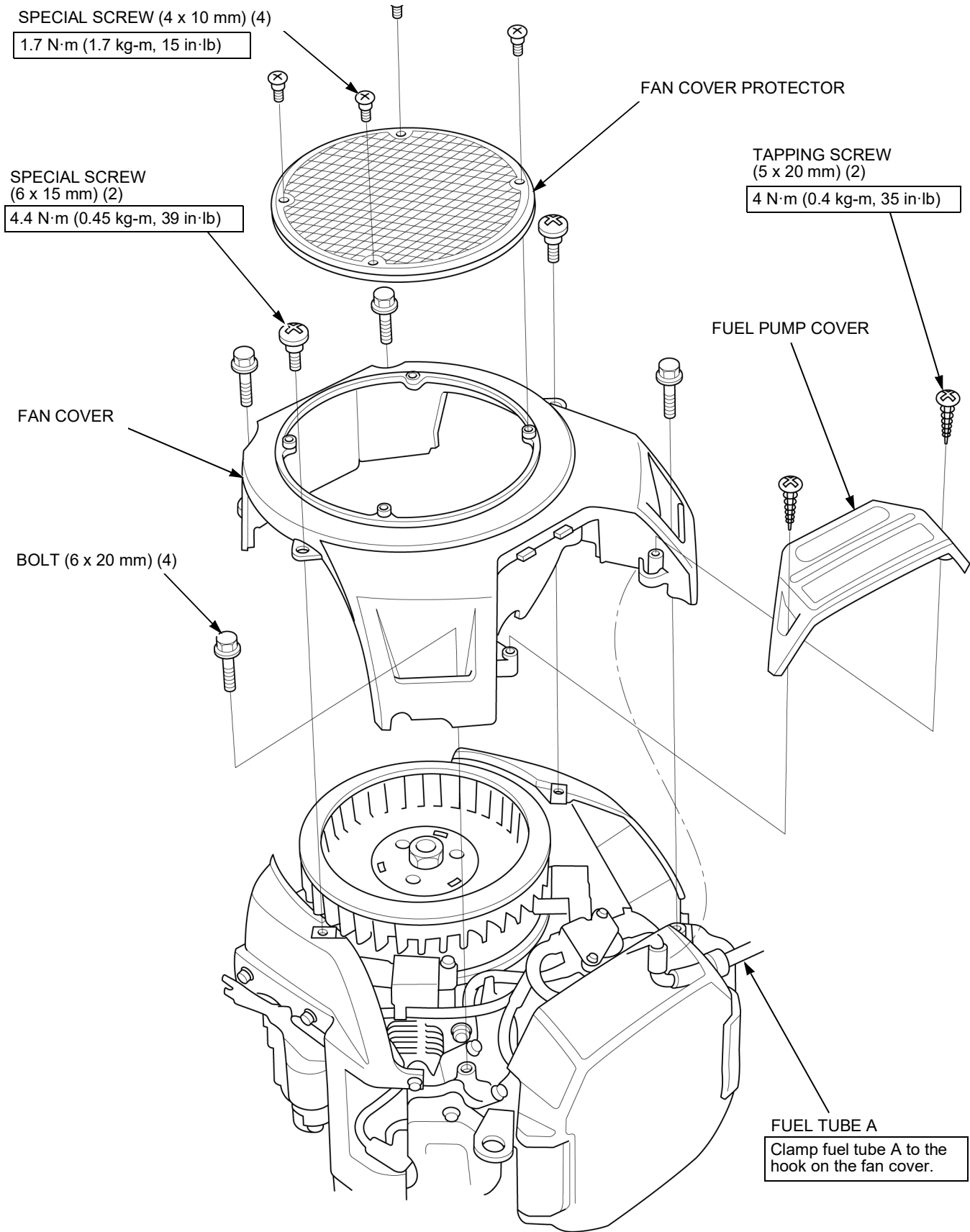


FAN COVER REMOVAL / INSTALLATION · 5-2

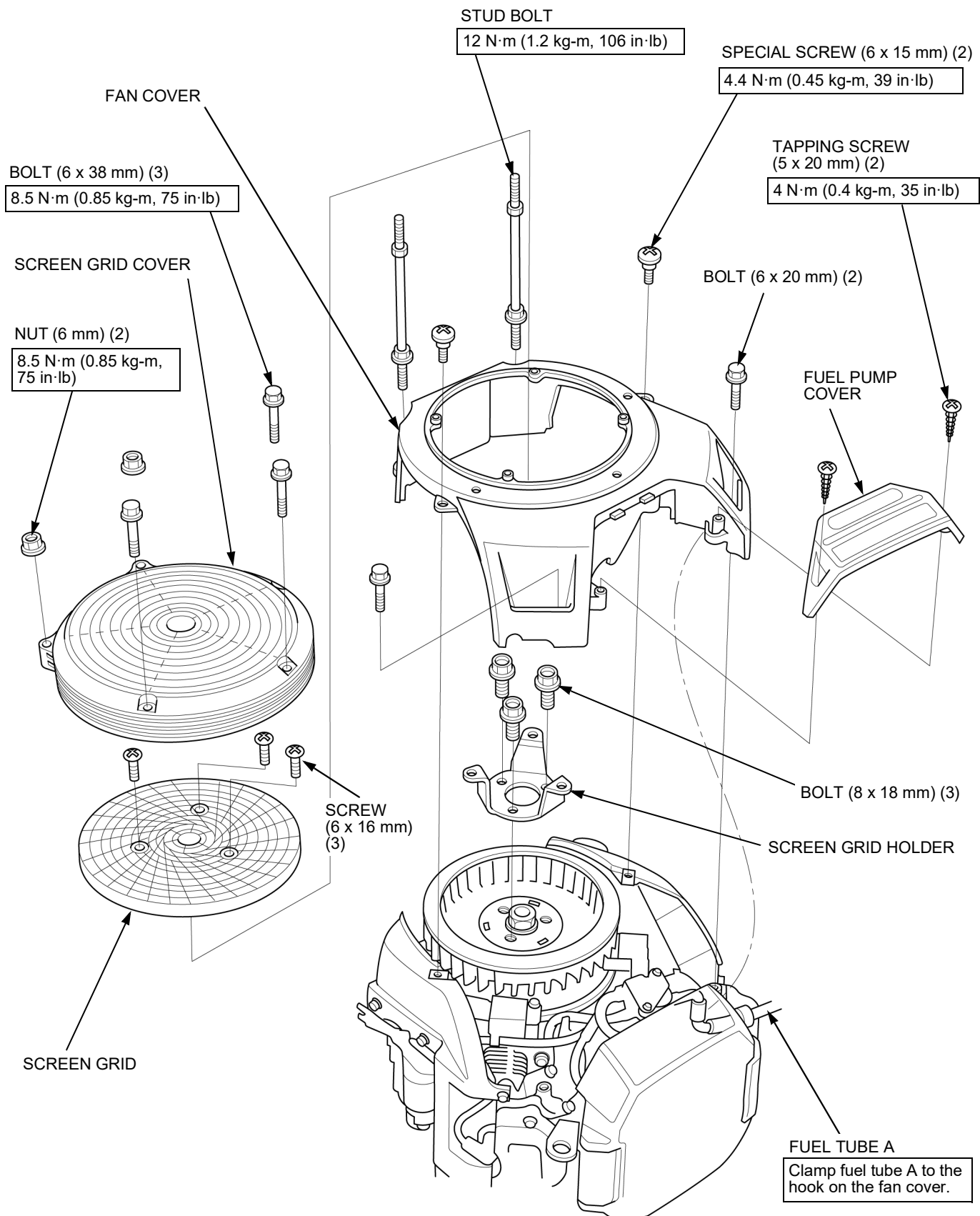
LOWER SHROUD REMOVAL /  
INSTALLATION ······ 5-4

# FAN COVER REMOVAL / INSTALLATION

## FAN COVER PROTECTOR TYPE



## SCREEN GRID / SCREEN GRID COVER TYPE



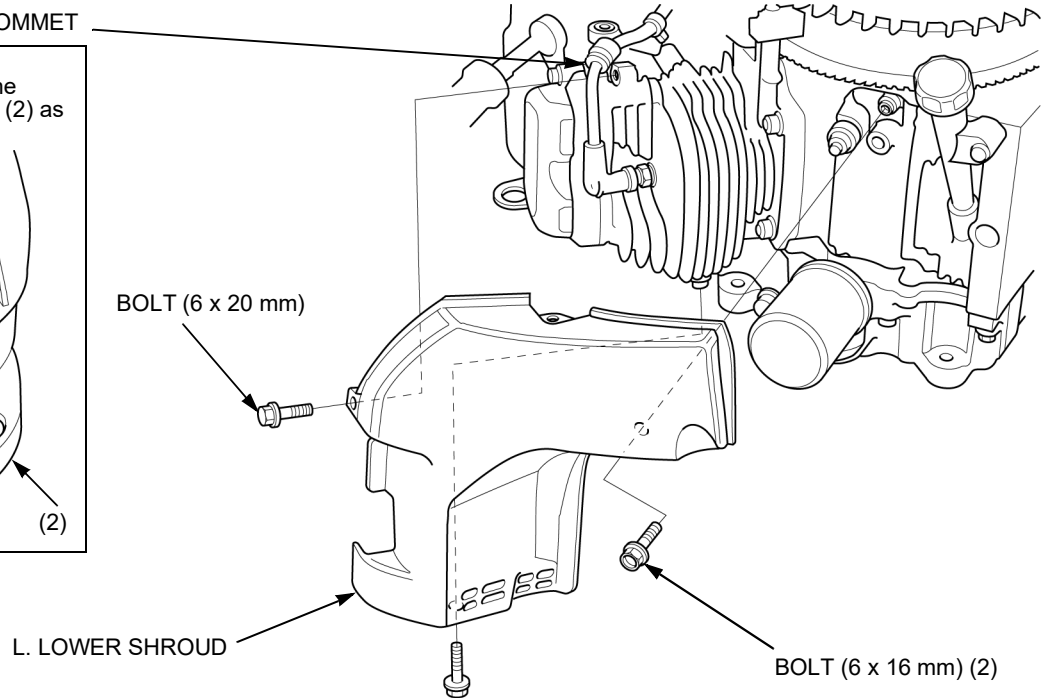
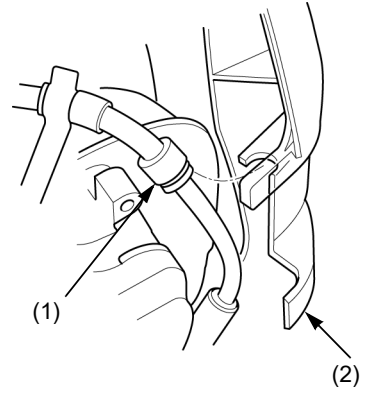
# LOWER SHROUD REMOVAL / INSTALLATION

Remove the fan cover (page 5-2).

## L. LOWER SHROUD

HIGH TENSION CORD GROMMET

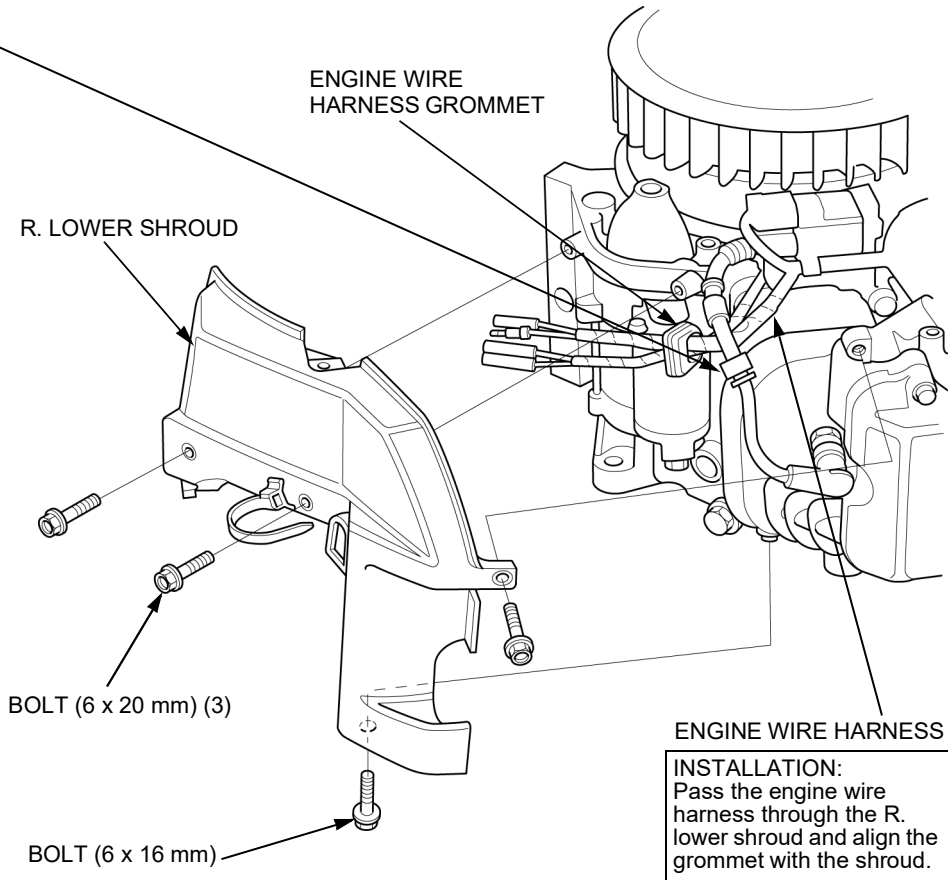
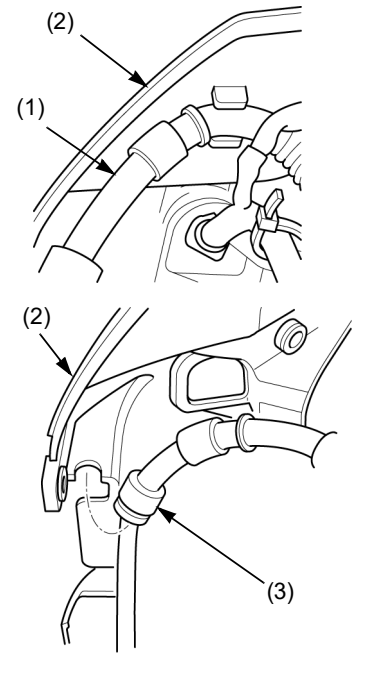
**INSTALLATION:**  
Align the grommet (1) with the cutout in the L. lower shroud (2) as shown.



## R. LOWER SHROUD

HIGH TENSION CORD GROMMET

**INSTALLATION:**  
Clamp the high-tension cord (1) to the inside of the R. lower shroud (2) and align the grommet (3) with the cutout in the shroud as shown.

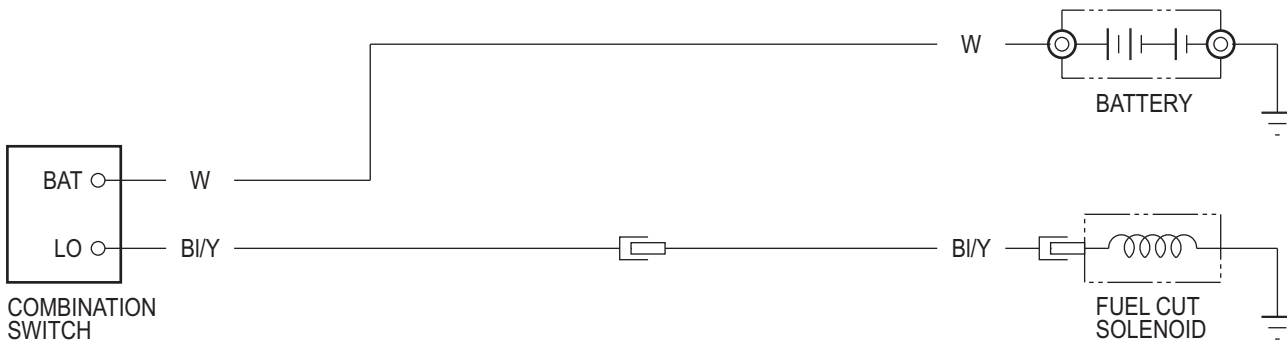


**ENGINE WIRE HARNESS**  
**INSTALLATION:**  
Pass the engine wire harness through the R. lower shroud and align the grommet with the shroud.

SYSTEM DIAGRAM .....	6-2	FUEL PUMP REMOVAL / INSTALLATION ·	6-4
FUEL SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING .....	6-2	CARBURETOR .....	6-5
AIR CLEANER REMOVAL / INSTALLATION .....	6-3	CARBURETOR STUD BOLT REPLACEMENT .....	6-9

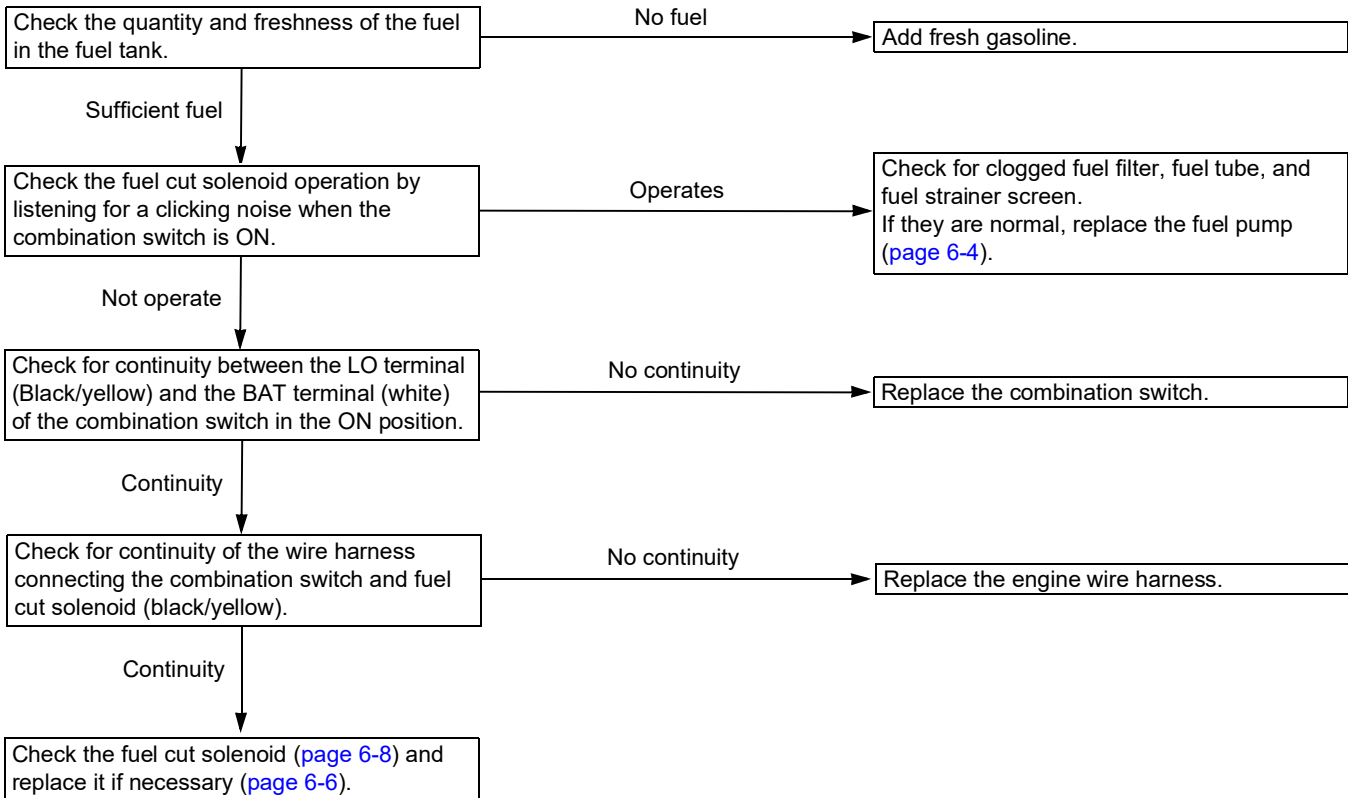
## FUEL SYSTEM

### SYSTEM DIAGRAM

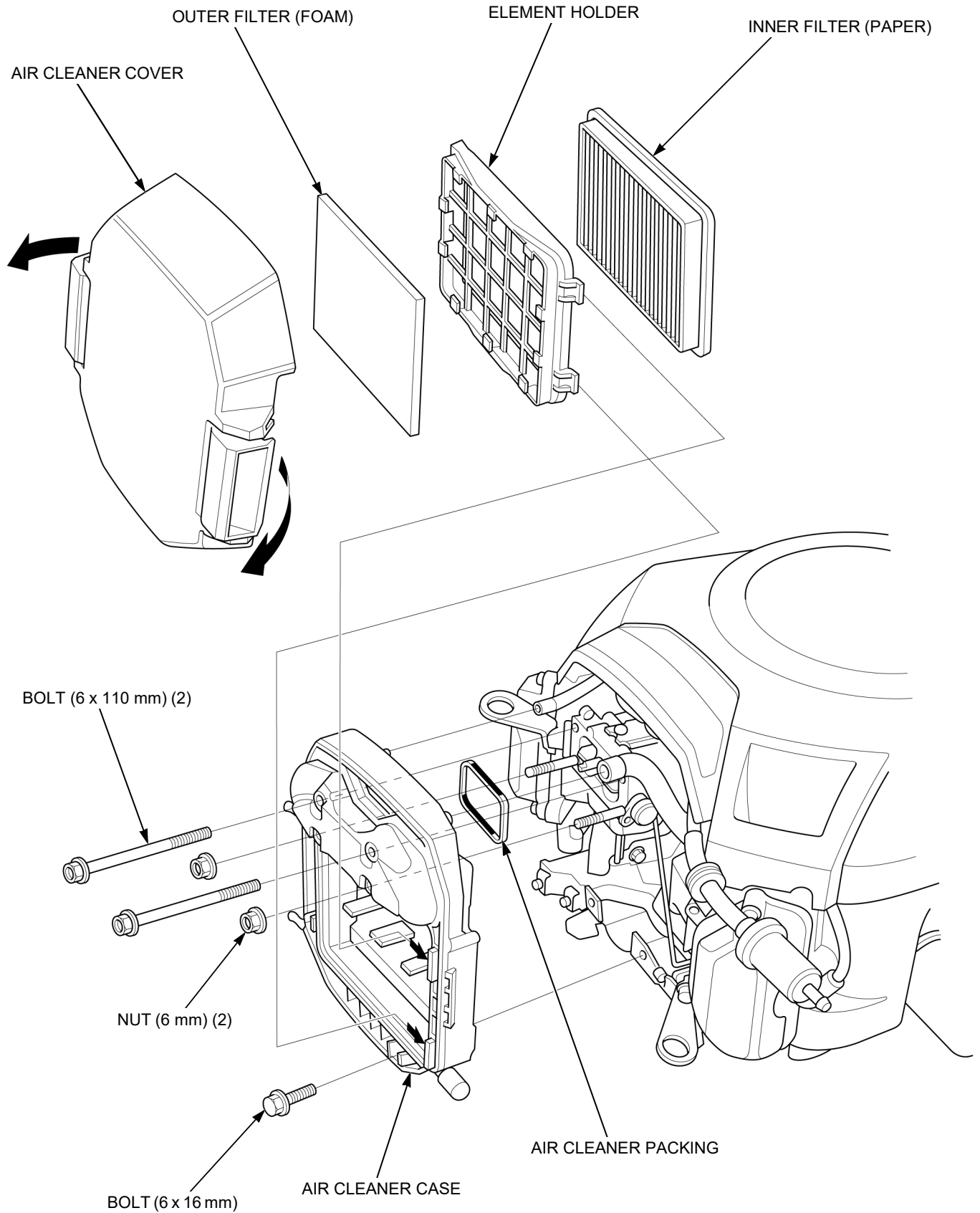


## FUEL SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

### FUEL DOES NOT REACH CARBURETOR



# AIR CLEANER REMOVAL / INSTALLATION





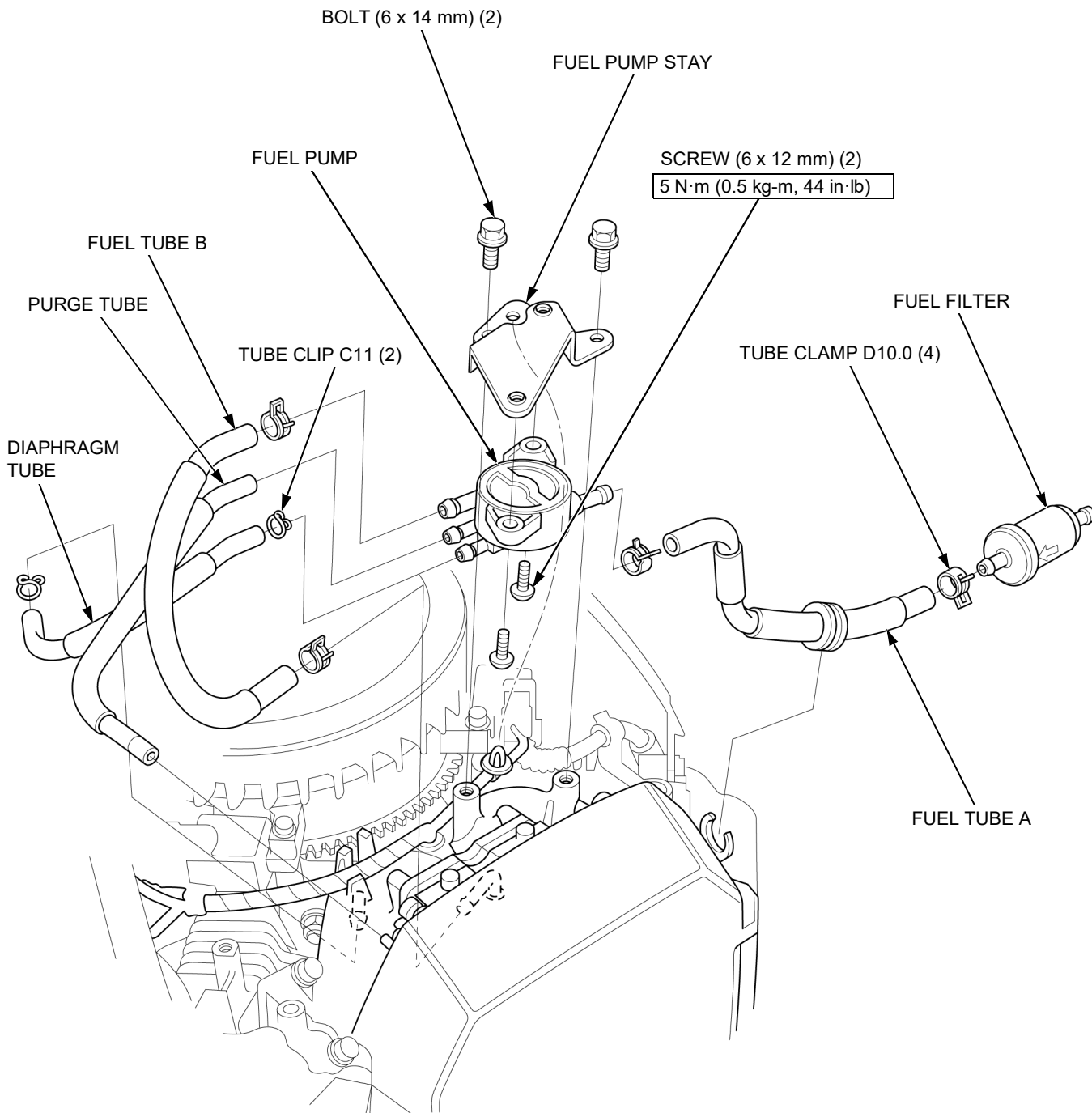
# FUEL PUMP REMOVAL / INSTALLATION

## ⚠ WARNING

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. You can be burned or seriously injured when handling fuel.

- Stop the engine and let it cool.
- Keep heat, sparks and flame away.
- Handle fuel only outdoors.
- Wipe up spills immediately.

Remove the fan cover ([page 5-2](#)).



# CARBURETOR

## REMOVAL / INSTALLATION

### ⚠ WARNING

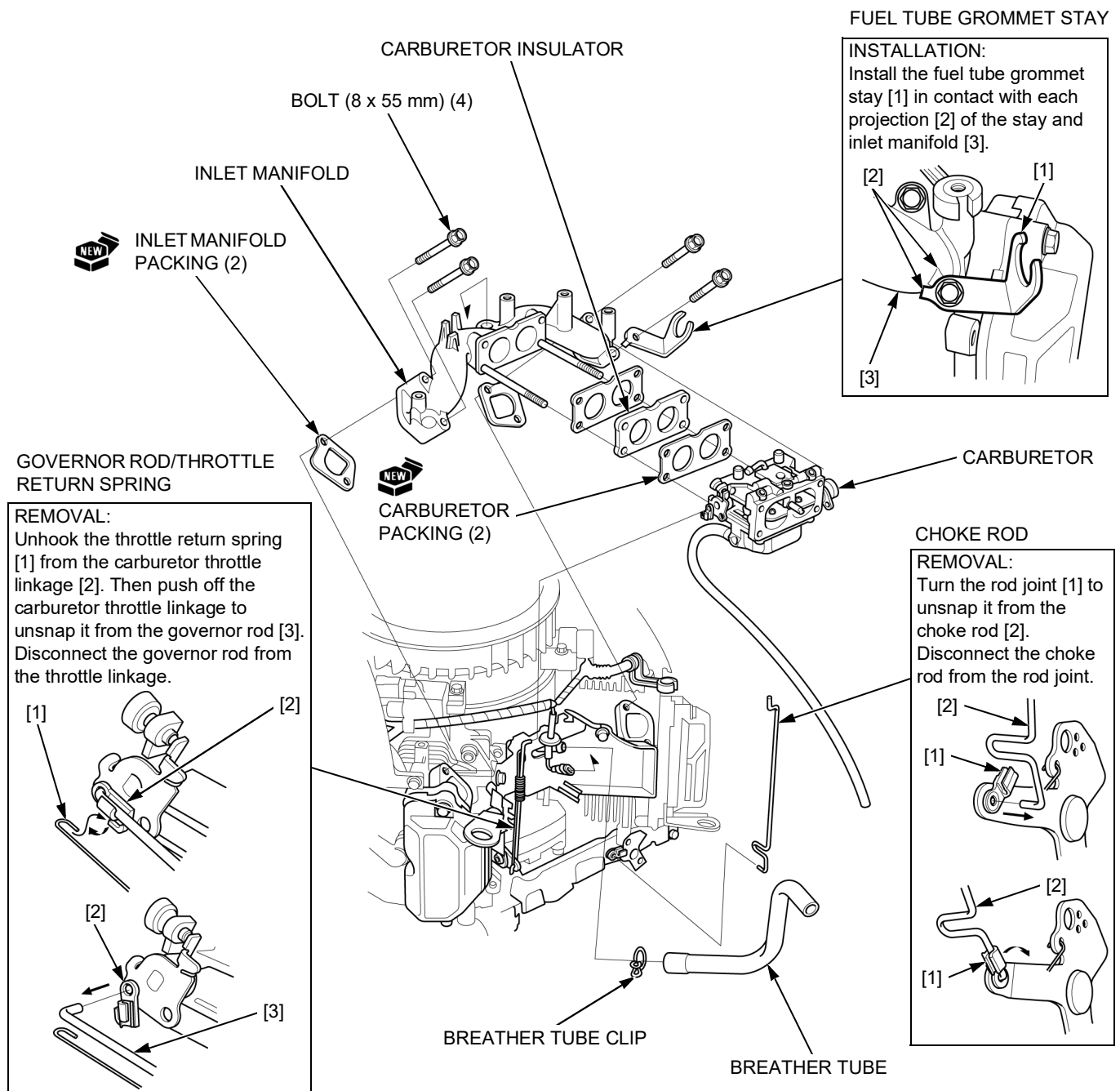
Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. You can be burned or seriously injured when handling fuel.

- Stop the engine and let it cool.
- Keep heat, sparks, and flame away.
- Handle fuel only outdoors.
- Wipe up spills immediately.

Remove the air cleaner (page 6-3) and the fan cover (page 5-2).

Attach a commercially available tube clamp to the fuel tube, then disconnect the fuel tube from the carburetor.

Loosen the carburetor drain screw and drain the float bowl completely



# FUEL SYSTEM

## DISASSEMBLY / ASSEMBLY

### ⚠ WARNING

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. You can be burned or seriously injured when handling fuel.

- Stop the engine and let it cool.
- Keep heat, sparks, and flame away.
- Handle fuel only outdoors.
- Wipe up spills immediately.

### ⚠ CAUTION

Using compressed air may cause serious eye injury. Always wear safety goggles or other eye protection when using compressed air.

### NOTICE

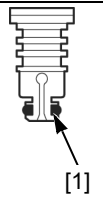
- *Tampering is a violation of federal and California law.*

Before disassembly, clean the outside of the carburetor.

#### PILOT JET

##### ASSEMBLY:

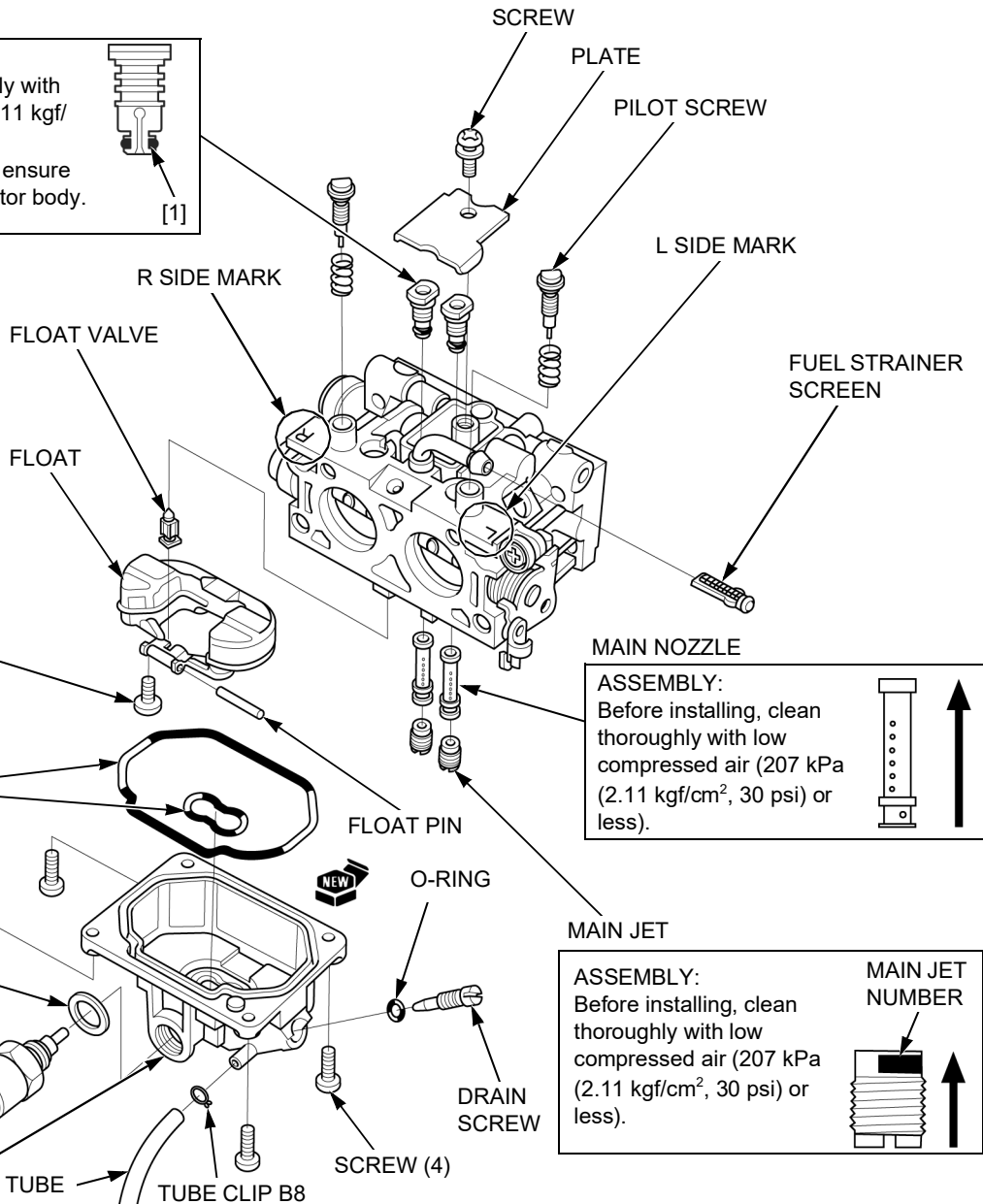
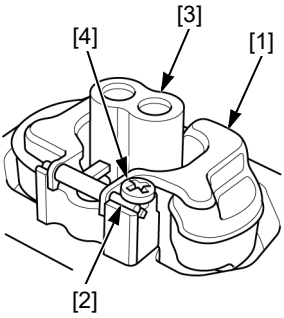
Before installing, clean thoroughly with low compressed air (207 kPa (2.11 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 30 psi) or less). Lightly lubricate the O-ring [1] to ensure easy installation into the carburetor body.



#### STOP SCREW

##### ASSEMBLY:

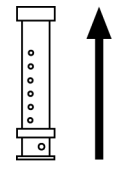
Set the float [1] and float pin [2] to the carburetor body [3]. Tighten the stop screw [4] to secure the float pin as shown.



#### MAIN NOZZLE

##### ASSEMBLY:

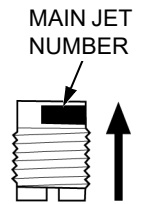
Before installing, clean thoroughly with low compressed air (207 kPa (2.11 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 30 psi) or less).



#### MAIN JET

##### ASSEMBLY:

Before installing, clean thoroughly with low compressed air (207 kPa (2.11 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 30 psi) or less).



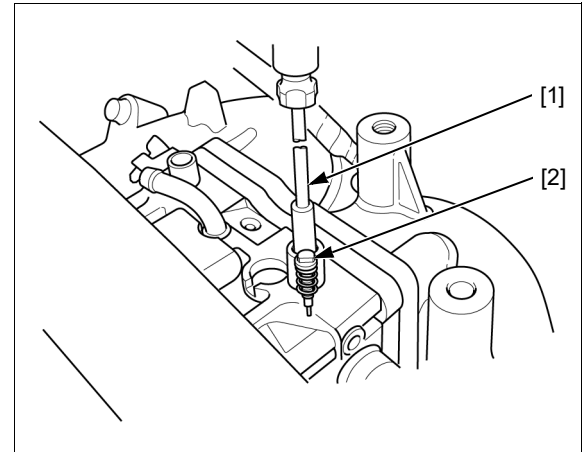
## PILOT SCREW REMOVAL / INSTALLATION

Remove the fuel pump (page 6-4).

Remove/install the pilot screw [1] using the special tool [2].

**TOOL:**  
**PILOT SCREW WRENCH (D) [2] 07MMA-MT3010B**

**PILOT SCREW OPENING:** See page 2-4



## CARBURETOR BODY CLEANING

### ⚠ CAUTION

Using compressed air may cause serious eye injury. Always wear safety goggles or other eye protection when using compressed air.

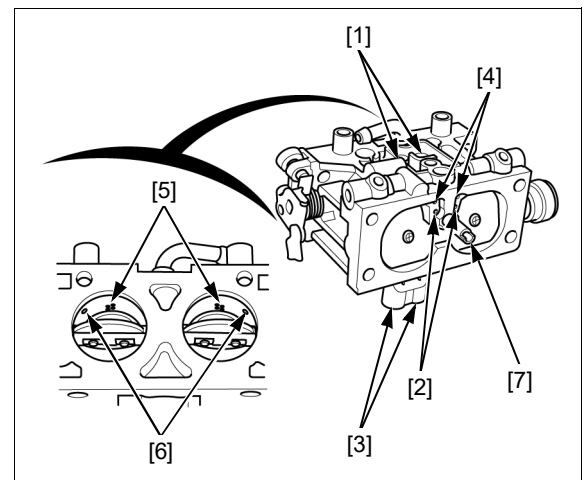
### NOTICE

- Some commercially available chemical cleaners are very caustic. These cleaners may damage plastic or parts such as the O-ring, the float and the float seat of the carburetor. Check the container for instructions. If you are in doubt, do not use these products to clean a Honda carburetor.
- High air pressure may damage the carburetor body. Use low air pressure (207 kPa (30 psi) or less) when cleaning passages and ports.

Clean the carburetor body with non-flammable solvent.

Clean thoroughly the following passages and ports with low-pressure compressed air.

- Pilot jet hole [1]
- Main air jet [2]
- Main nozzle holder [3]
- Pilot air jet [4]
- Bypass ports [5]
- Pilot outlet ports [6]
- Internal vent port [7]



## CARBURETOR INSPECTION

### FLOAT LEVEL HEIGHT

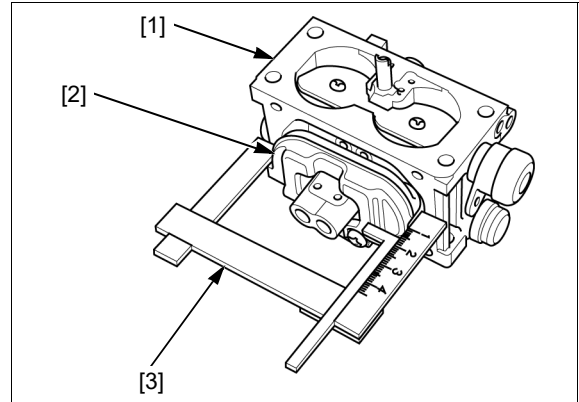
Place the carburetor [1] in the position as shown and measure the distance between the float [2] top and carburetor body when the float just contacts the seat without compressing the valve spring.

#### TOOL:

Float level gauge [3] 07401-0010001

**FLOAT HEIGHT:** 15.5 mm (0.61 in)

If the measured float height is out of specification, check the float valve and the float valve spring (see below). If the float valve and the float valve spring are normal, replace the float.



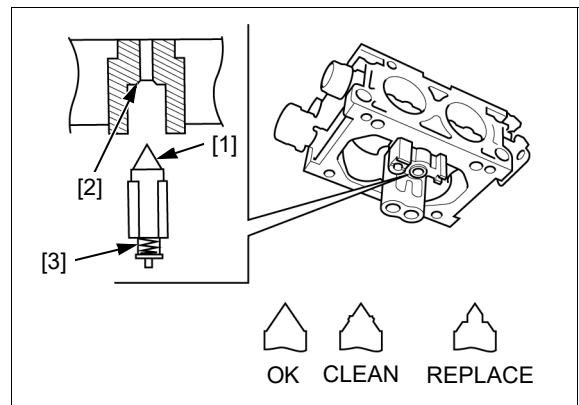
### FLOAT VALVE

Check for a worn float valve [1].

Check the float valve and valve seat [2] for contamination.

Check for a worn or a weak spring [3].

After installation, check the operation of the float valve.



### FUEL CUT SOLENOID

Remove the air cleaner ([page 6-3](#)).

Disconnect the wire harness [1] from the fuel cut solenoid [2].

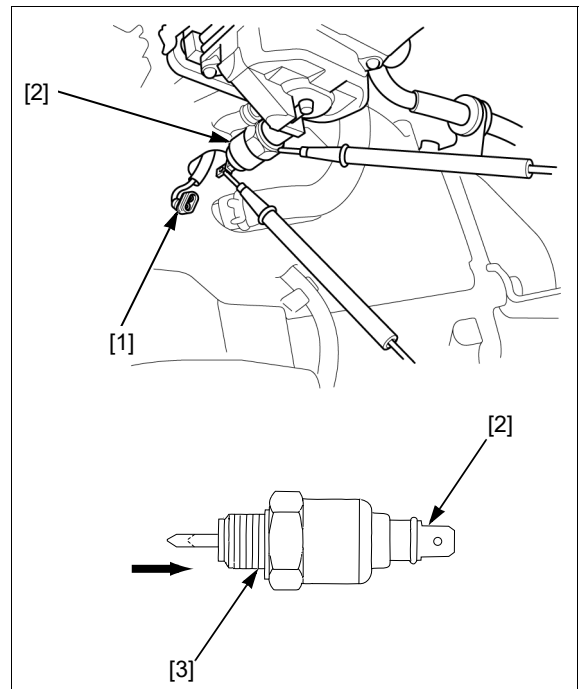
Measure the resistance between the terminal of the fuel cut solenoid and carburetor body.

**Resistance:** 35 ~ 41  $\Omega$

If the measurement resistance is not within the range specification, replace the fuel cut solenoid ([page 6-6](#)).

If the solenoid is removed, apply 12V battery voltage to the terminal and valve body [3]. The plunger should retract.

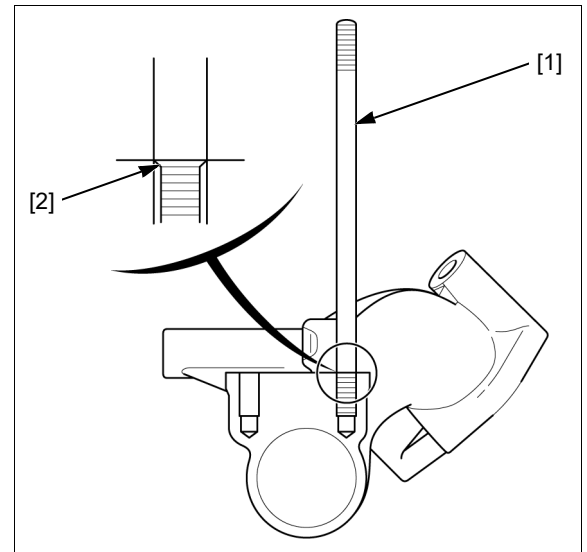
If the fuel cut solenoid does not operate, replace the fuel cut solenoid ([page 6-6](#)).



## CARBURETOR STUD BOLT REPLACEMENT

Thread two nuts onto the stud bolt [1] and tighten them together, and then use a wrench to turn the stud bolt out.

Screw the stud bolt until it seats in the manifold [2].



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## NOTES

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# 7. GOVERNOR SYSTEM

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GOVERNOR ARM / CONTROL ..... 7-2

MAXIMUM SPEED ADJUSTMENT..... 7-4



# GOVERNOR SYSTEM

## GOVERNOR ARM / CONTROL

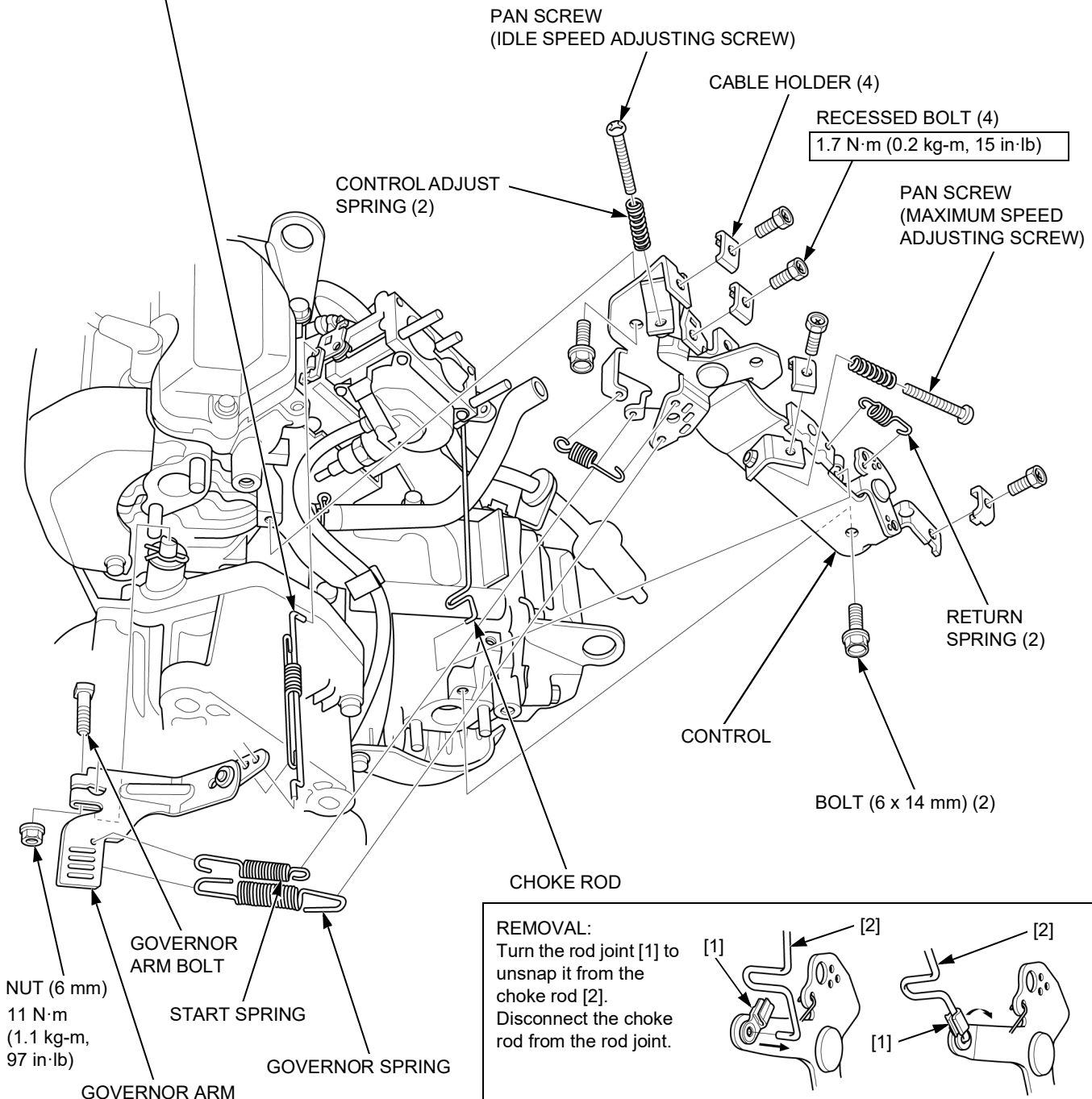
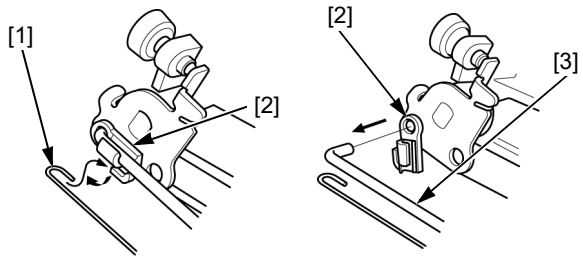
### REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the air cleaner (page 6-3).

#### GOVERNOR ROD/THROTTLE RETURN SPRING

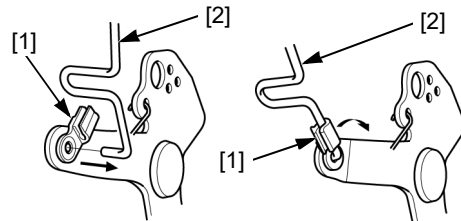
##### REMOVAL:

Unhook the throttle return spring [1] from the carburetor throttle linkage [2]. Then push off the carburetor throttle linkage to unsnap it from the governor rod [3]. Disconnect the governor rod from the throttle linkage.



##### REMOVAL:

Turn the rod joint [1] to unsnap it from the choke rod [2]. Disconnect the choke rod from the rod joint.



**GOVERNOR ARM INSTALLATION**

Install the governor arm [1] on the governor arm shaft [2] by aligning the cutout.

Tighten the governor arm nut [3].

**TORQUE: 11 N·m (1.1 kg·m, 97 in·lb)**

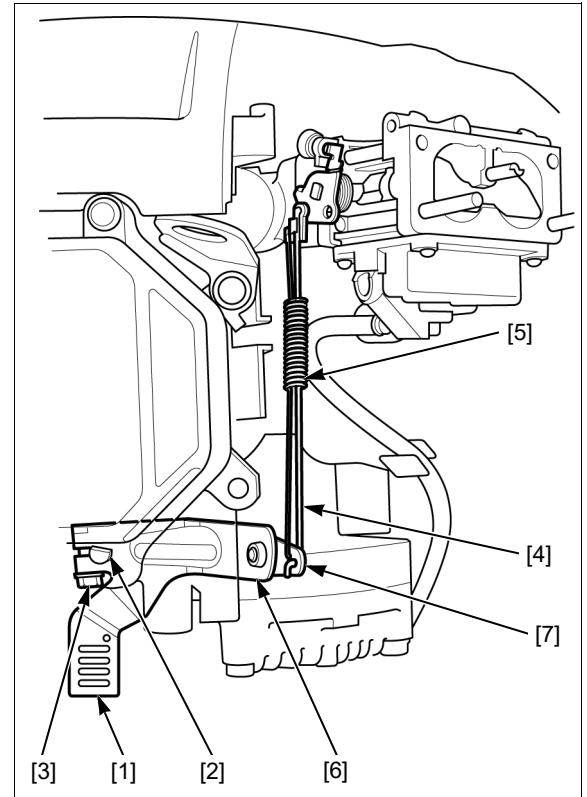
Connect the governor rod [4] and throttle return spring [5] to the governor arm and carburetor.

Loosen the governor sub arm nut [6].

Rotate the governor arm counterclockwise to fully open the carburetor throttle valve.

Rotate the governor sub arm [7] counterclockwise as far as it will go.

Hold the governor arm and governor sub arm, and then tighten the governor sub arm nut securely.



**GOVERNOR SPRING INSTALLATION**

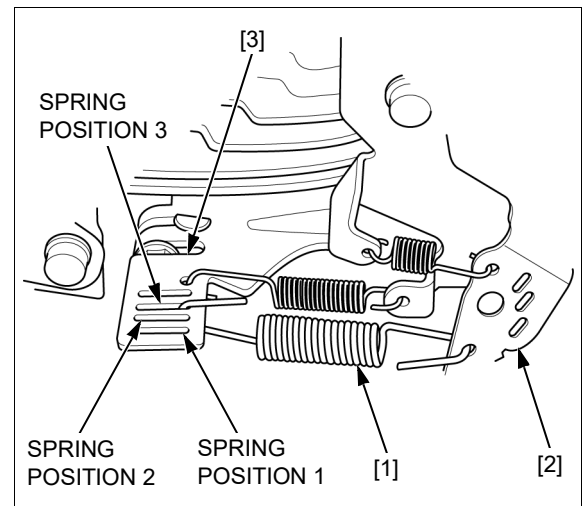
Hook the governor spring [1] to the throttle lever [2] of the control.

Refer to the table below to confirm the governor spring position on the governor arm [3].

NOTE:

- The engine type is stamped on the crankcase near the engine serial number (page 1-2).

Model	Type	Spring position
GX630RH	TAF, QAF, QYF, TAF2	2
	QYS1, QYST, QAMT	3
GX690RH	TAF, TAF2, TAF3	2
	QYS1	3



## GOVERNOR SYSTEM

### MAXIMUM SPEED ADJUSTMENT

Start the engine and allow it to warm up to normal operating temperature.

Turn the pan screw [1] of the control to obtain the specified maximum speed.

**TYPES:**

**GX630RH**

**QYS1**

**QYST**

**QAMT**

**TAF, QAF, QYF, TAF2**

**GX690RH**

**QYS1**

**TAF, TAF2, TAF3**

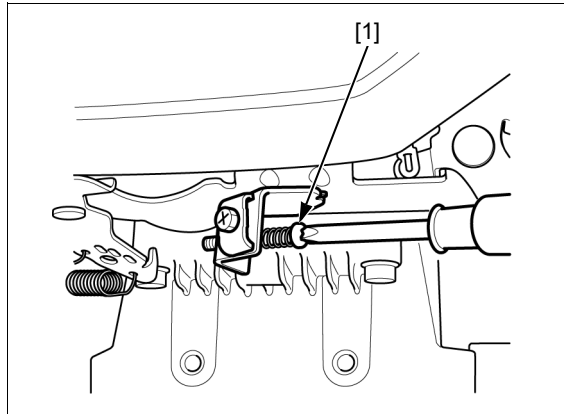
**MAXIMUM SPEED:**

**2,900 +0/-200 rpm**

**3,200 ± 100 rpm**

**3,400 +0/-100 rpm**

**3,600 ± 150 rpm**



# 8. CHARGING SYSTEM

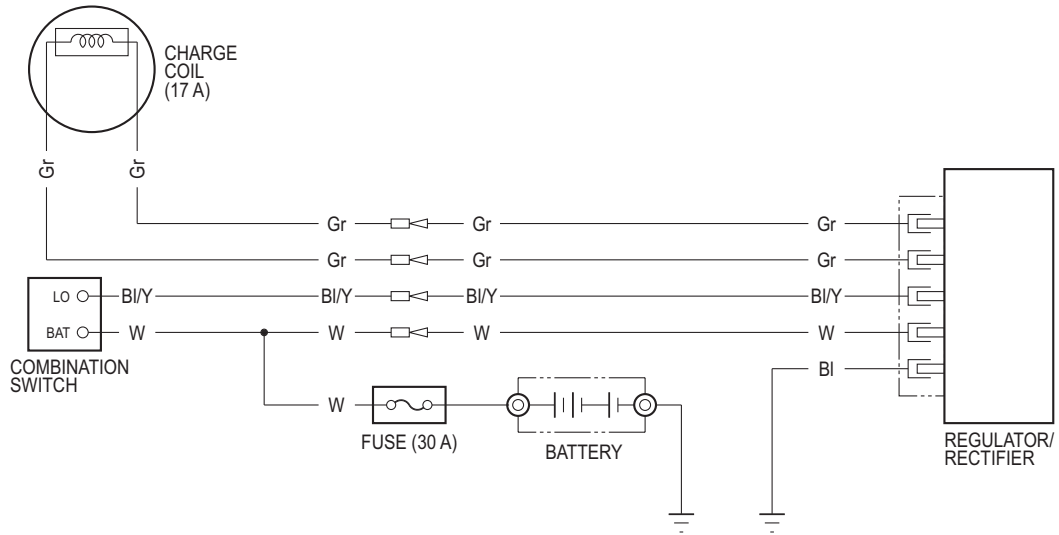
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SYSTEM DIAGRAM .....	8-2	COOLING FAN/FLYWHEEL .....	8-4
CHARGING SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING .....	8-3	CHARGE COIL .....	8-8
		REGULATOR/RECTIFIER .....	8-9

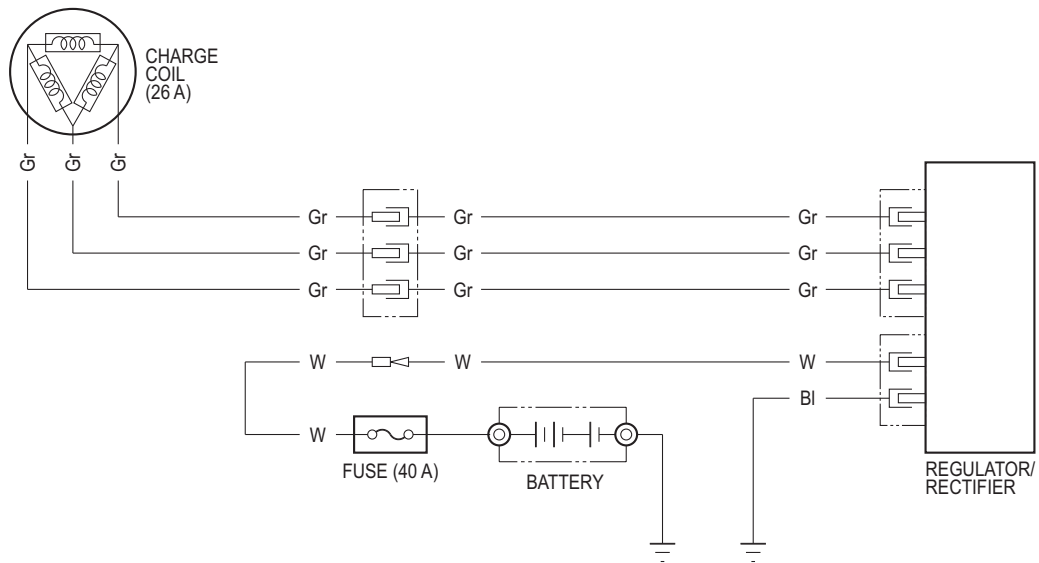
## CHARGING SYSTEM

### SYSTEM DIAGRAM

#### 17 A CHARGE COIL TYPE

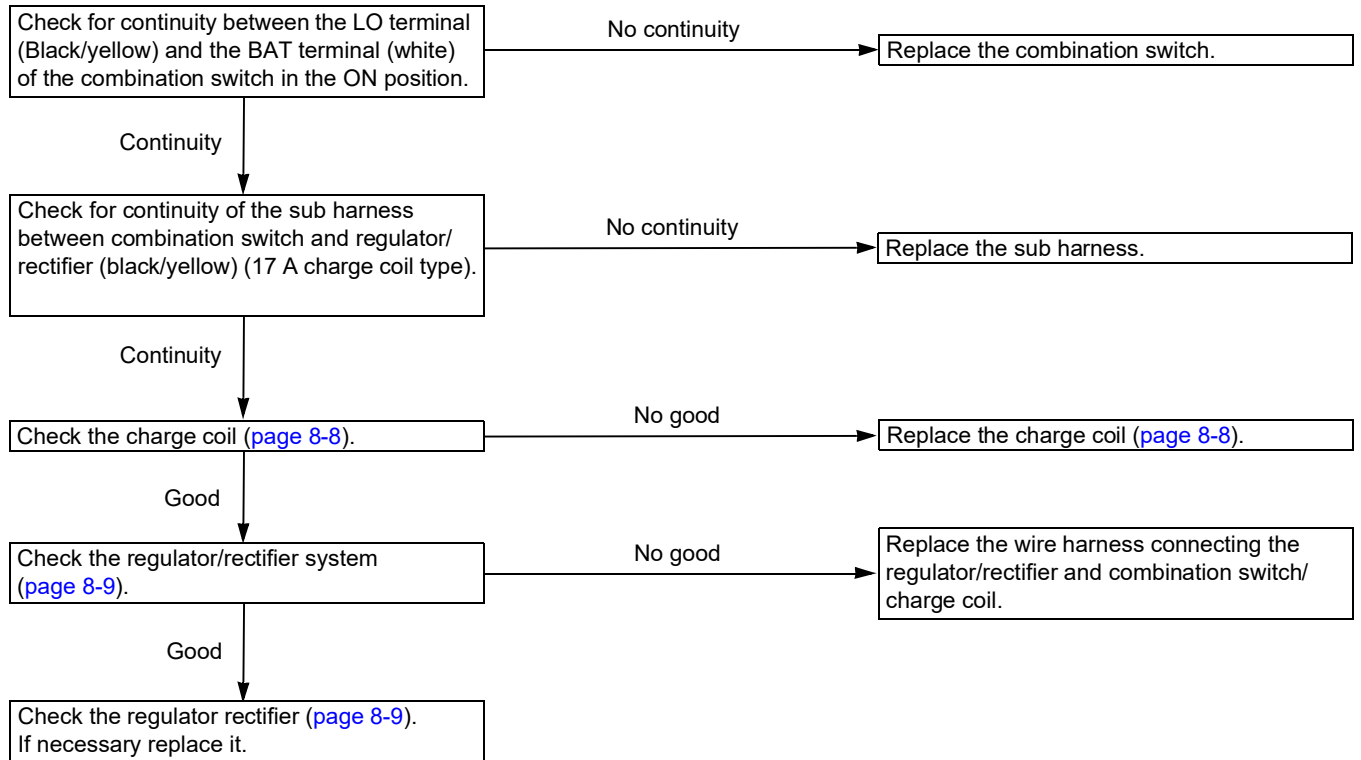


#### 26 A CHARGE COIL TYPE



# CHARGING SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

## BATTERY DAMAGED OR WEAK



## COOLING FAN/FLYWHEEL

### REMOVAL

Remove the ignition coil ([page 9-3](#)).

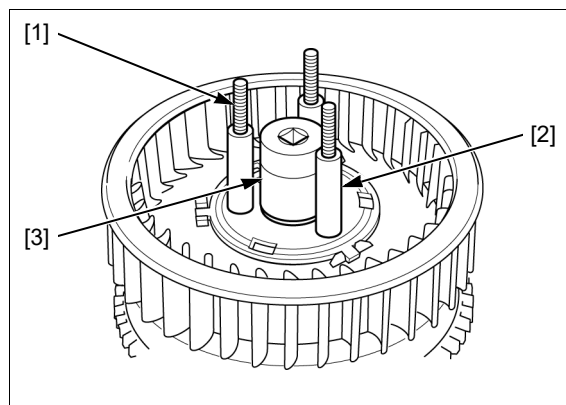
Attach the special tools to the flywheel.

**TOOL:**

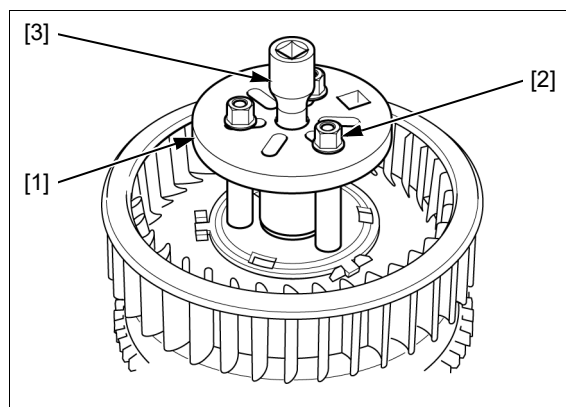
**Flywheel puller**

**070PC-ZDW0100**

Install the stud bolts [1], collars [2], and socket [3].



Install the holder plate [1], nuts [2], and extension bar [3].

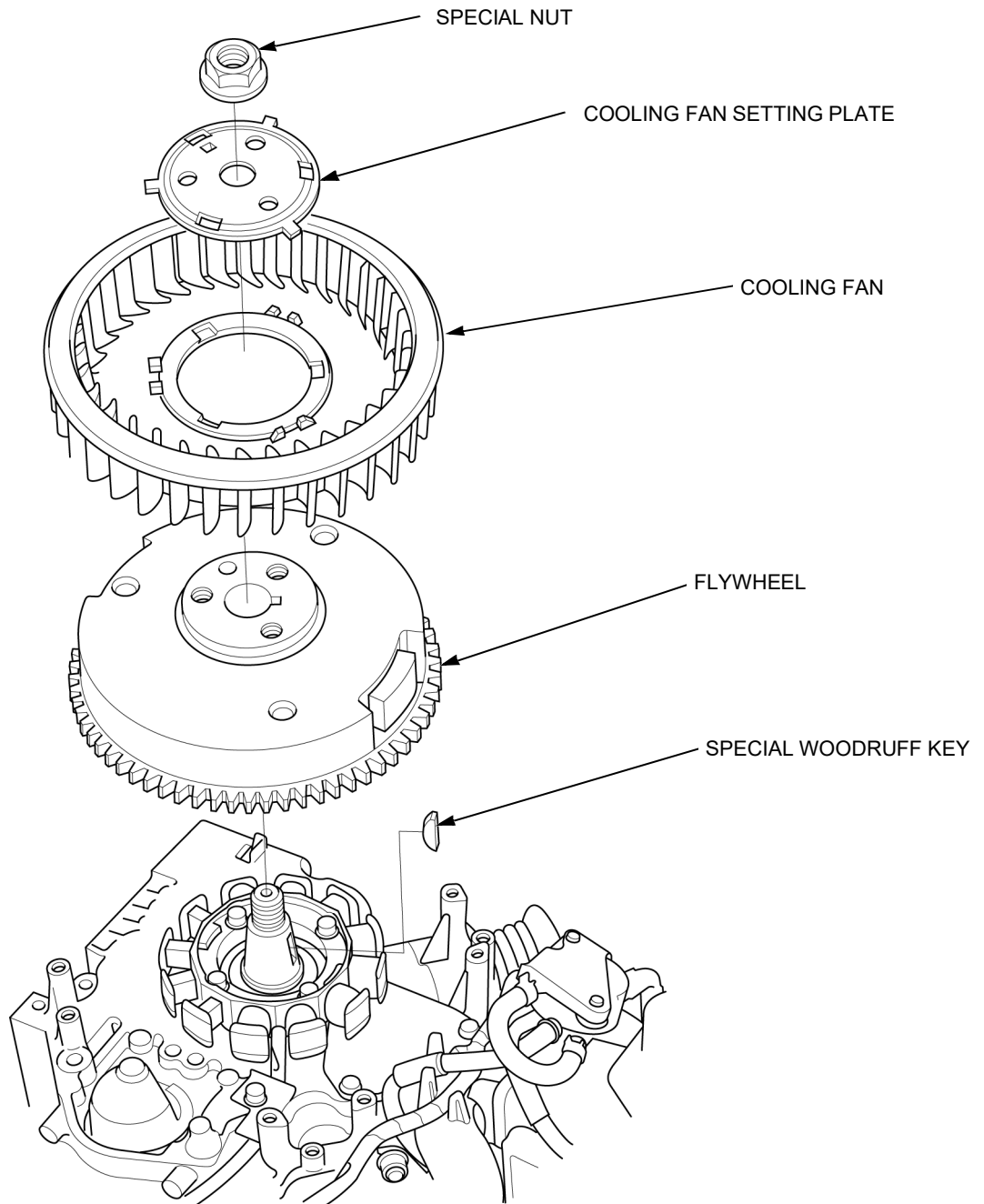
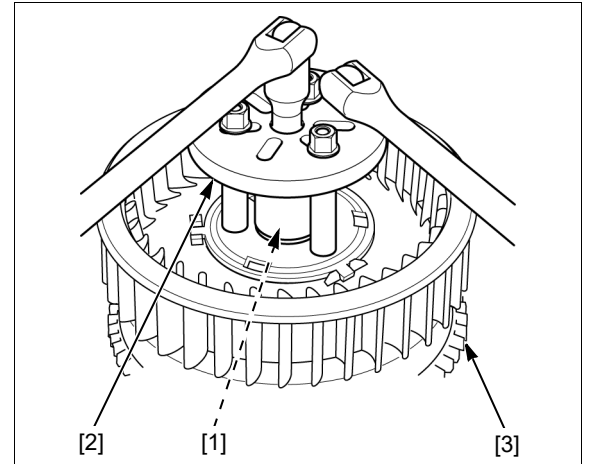


Hold the flywheel with the special tool and loosen the special nut [1].

NOTE:

- Loosen the special nut until the nut touches the plate [2].

Turn special nut counterclockwise again to remove the flywheel [3].





## INSTALLATION

Clean the tapered part of the crankshaft [1] and flywheel [2] of dirt, oil, grease and other foreign material before installation. Be sure there are no metal parts or other foreign material on the magnet part of the flywheel.

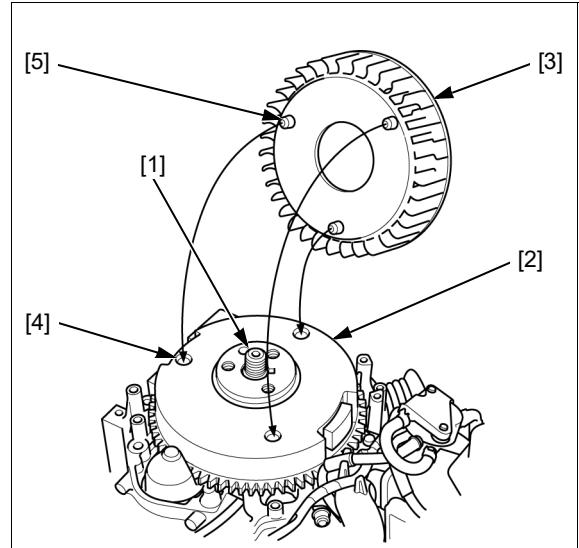
Set the special woodruff key in the key groove of the crankshaft securely.

Install the flywheel on the crankshaft.

### NOTICE

*The flywheel may push the key out of its slot; check after installation.*

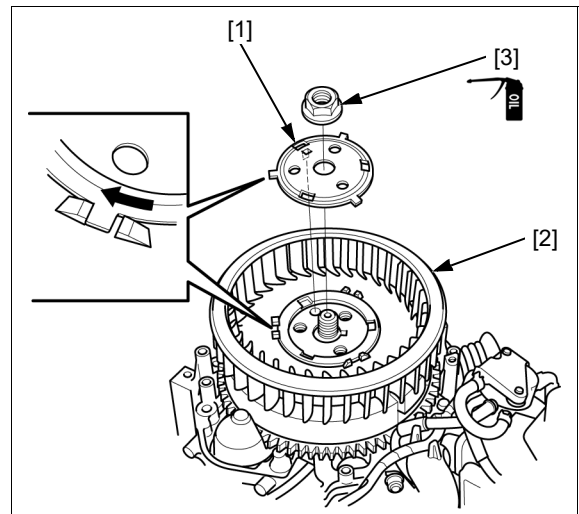
Attach the cooling fan [3] by aligning the holes [4] with projections [5] as shown.



Attach the cooling fan setting plate [1] to the cooling fan [2] by aligning the tabs of the cooling fan setting plate with the projections of the cooling fan.

Rotate the cooling fan setting plate clockwise to touch the claw of the cooling fan setting plate with projections of the cooling fan.

Apply engine oil to the threads and seating surface of the special nut [3] and install it.



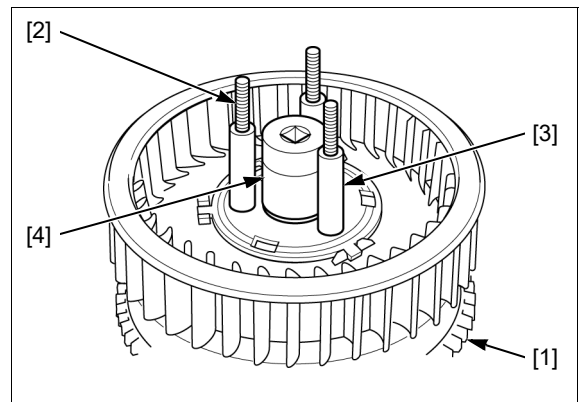
Attach the special tools to the flywheel [1].

### TOOL:

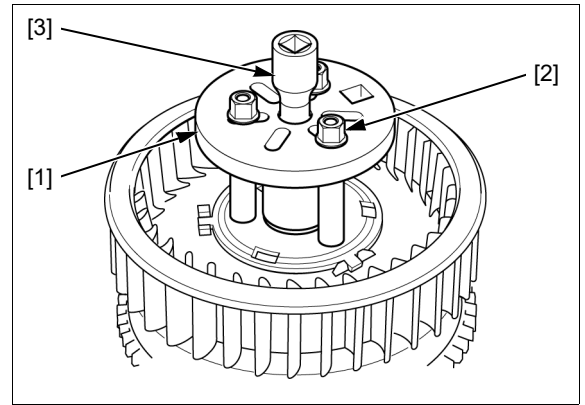
**Flywheel puller**

**070PC-ZDW0100**

Install the stud bolts [2], collars [3], and socket [4].

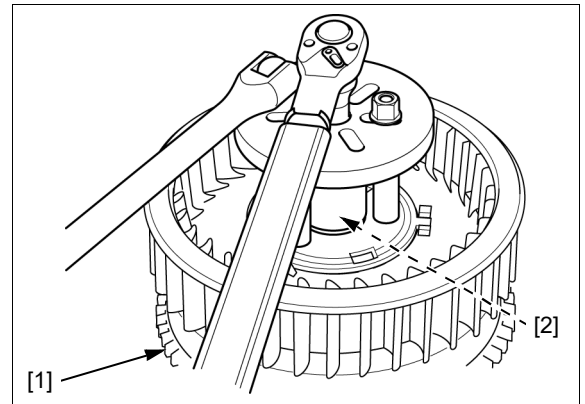


Install the holder plate [1], nuts [2], and extension bar [3].



Hold the flywheel [1] with special tools, and tighten the special nut [2] to the specified torque.

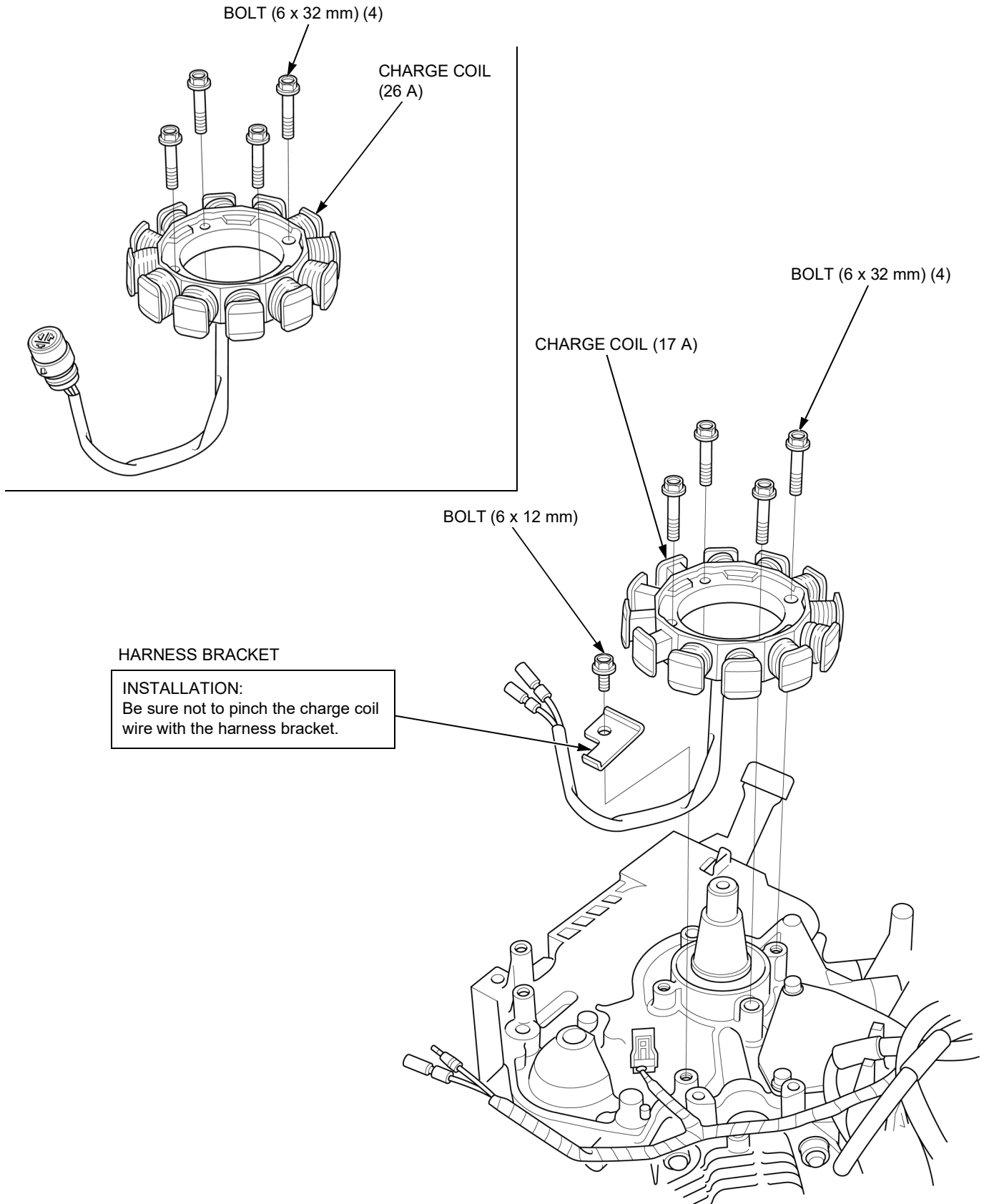
**TORQUE: 245 N·m (25 kg-m, 181 ft-lb)**



**CHARGE COIL**

**REMOVAL/INSTALLATION**

Remove the flywheel ([page 8-4](#)).



**INSPECTION**

Disconnect the charge coil connector/s.

Measure the resistance between the terminals of the charge coil.

**Resistance:**

**17 A: 0.18 ~ 0.28 Ω**

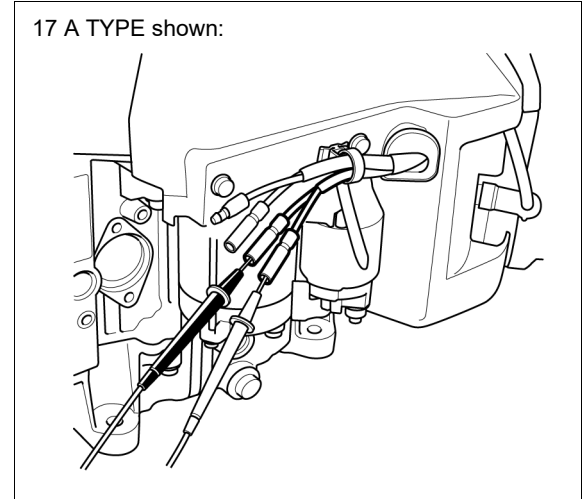
**26 A: 0.17 ~ 0.25 Ω**

Check for continuity between each terminal and engine ground.

There should be no continuity.

If the measured resistance is not within the range specification or if any wire has continuity to engine ground, replace the charge coil ([page 8-8](#)).

17 A TYPE shown:



**REGULATOR/RECTIFIER**

**SYSTEM INSPECTION**

Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connector [1] and check the regulator/rectifier connector terminals (wire harness side) as follows:

Item	Terminal	Specification
Battery charging line	White (+) and ground	Battery voltage should register
Charge coil line	Gray and ground	17 A: 0.18 ~ 0.28 Ω
		26 A: 0.17 ~ 0.25 Ω
Ground line	Black and ground	Continuity should exist

# CHARGING SYSTEM

## INSPECTION

Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connector(s).

Measure the resistance between the terminals and be sure that the measurements are within the specifications in the table below.

Use a commercially available multimeter (FLU88) to perform the following tests in the table below. Select a range that is equal to or higher than the range specified in the table.

17 A: Unit:  $\Omega$

		(+ ) probe		
		ACG1	ACG2	BAT
(-) probe	ACG1	—	$\infty$	290 ~ 22k
	ACG2	$\infty$	—	290 ~ 22k
	BAT	$\infty$	$\infty$	—
	SENSE	80k ~ $\infty$	80k ~ $\infty$	120k ~ $\infty$
	CHG.M	150k ~ $\infty$	150k ~ $\infty$	300k ~ $\infty$
	GND	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$

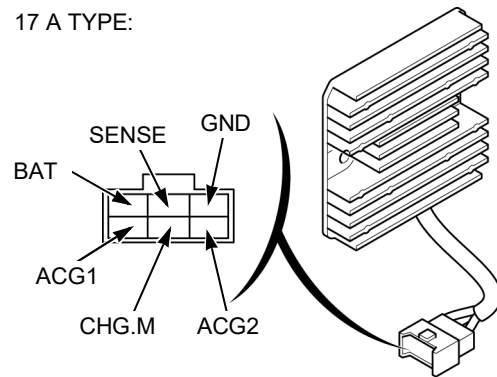
		(+ ) probe		
		SENSE	CHG.M	GND
(-) probe	ACG1	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
	ACG2	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
	BAT	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
	SENSE	—	2k ~ 150k	8k ~ 150k
	CHG.M	300 ~ 30k	—	20k ~ 300k
	GND	$\infty$	$\infty$	—

26 A: Unit:  $\Omega$

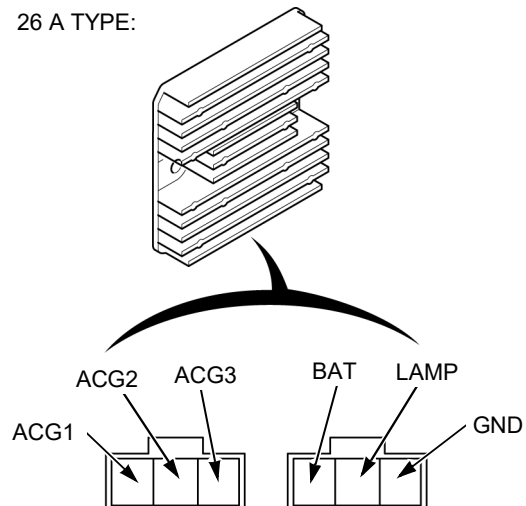
		(+ ) probe		
		ACG1	ACG2	ACG3
(-) probe	ACG1	—	30k ~ 420k	30k ~ 420k
	ACG2	30k ~ 420k	—	30k ~ 420k
	ACG3	30k ~ 420k	30k ~ 420k	—
	BAT	30k ~ 420k	30k ~ 420k	30k ~ 420k
	LAMP	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
	GND	30k ~ 950k	30k ~ 950k	30k ~ 950k

		(+ ) probe		
		BAT	LAMP	GND
(-) probe	ACG1	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
	ACG2	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
	ACG3	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
	BAT	—	30k ~ 340k	15k ~ 190k
	LAMP	$\infty$	—	$\infty$
	GND	400 ~ 25k	30k ~ 420k	—

17 A TYPE:



26 A TYPE:



# 9. IGNITION SYSTEM

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SYSTEM DIAGRAM ..... 9-2

IGNITION SYSTEM  
TROUBLESHOOTING ..... 9-2

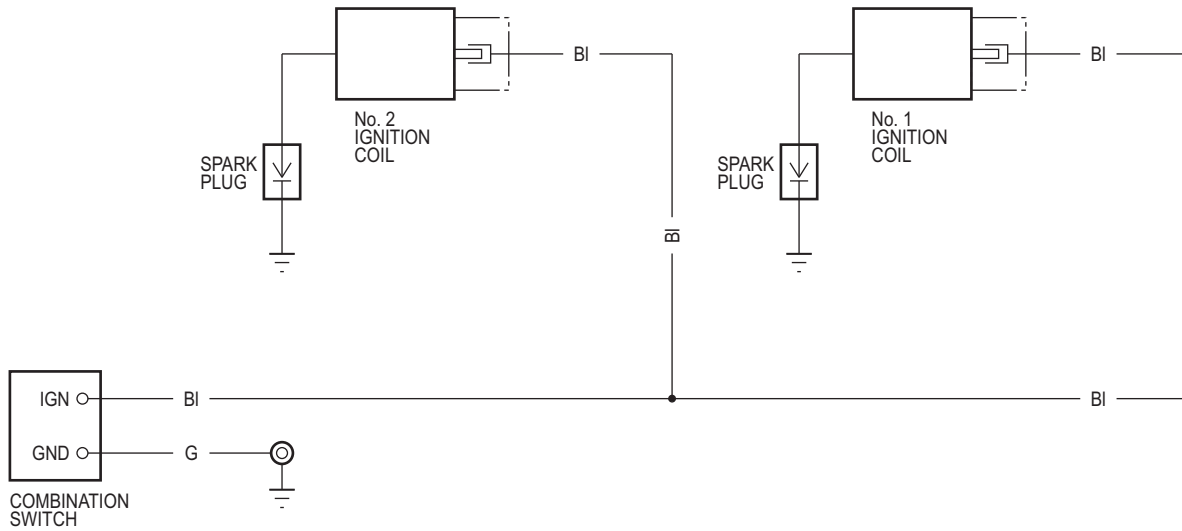
IGNITION COIL ..... 9-3

IGNITION COIL INSPECTION ..... 9-5

SPARK PLUG CAP INSPECTION ..... 9-5

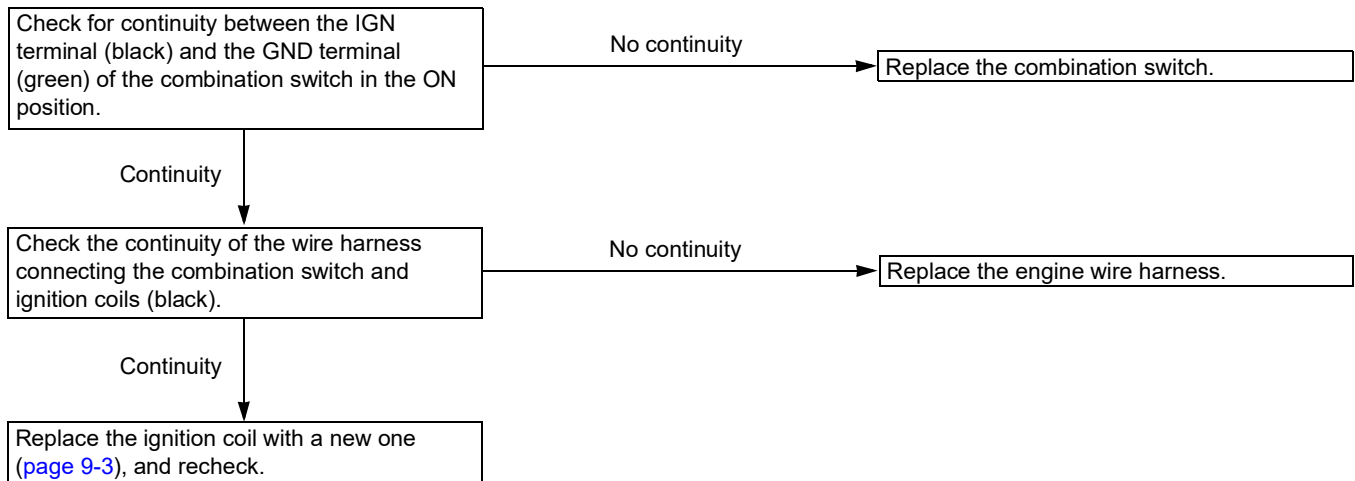
## IGNITION SYSTEM

### SYSTEM DIAGRAM



## IGNITION SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

### NO SPARK AT SPARK PLUG

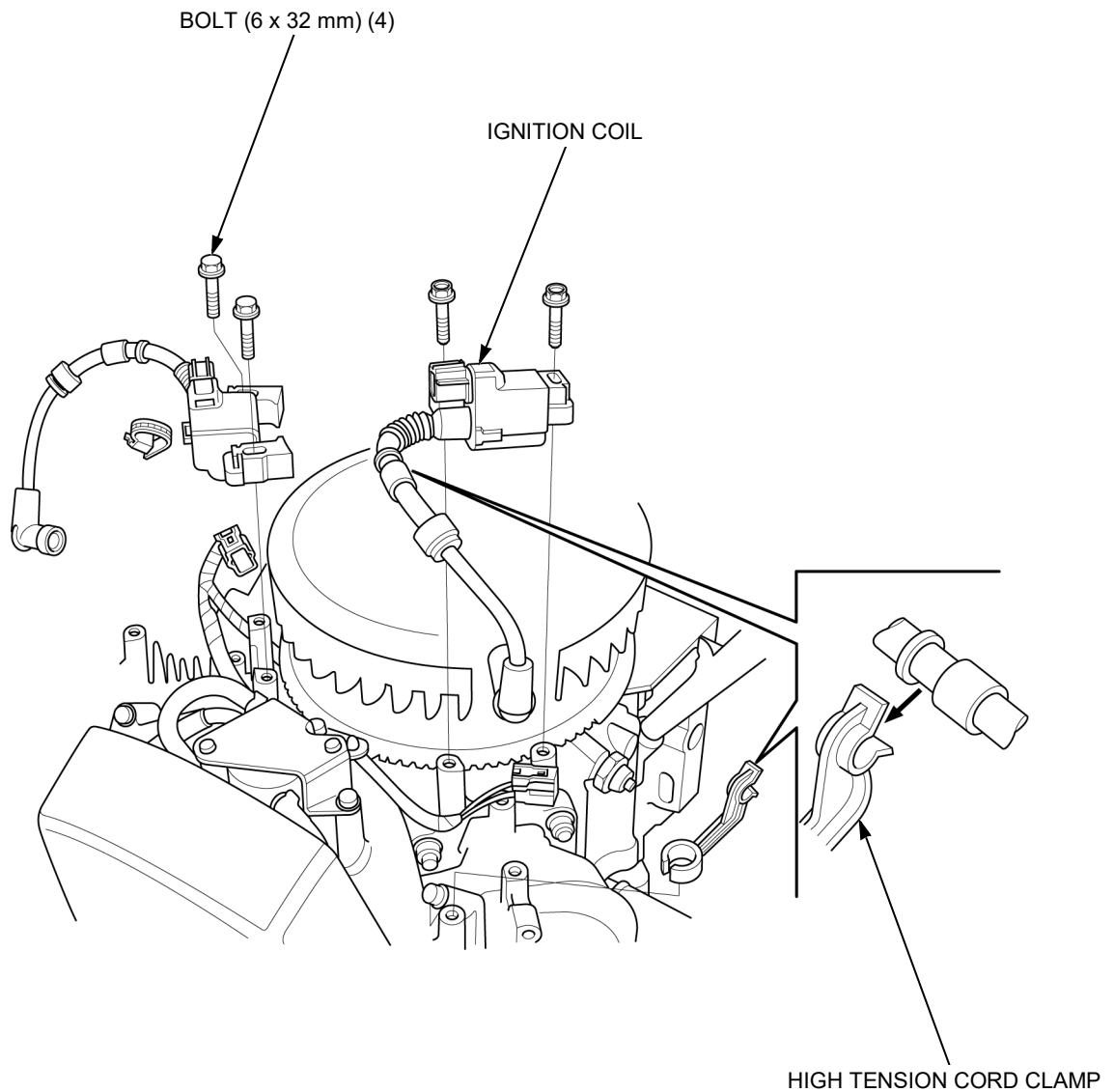


## IGNITION COIL

### REMOVAL

Remove the following parts:

- Fan cover ([page 5-2](#)).
- L./R. lower shrouds ([page 5-4](#)).





## IGNITION SYSTEM

### INSTALLATION

Install the ignition coil [1] and loosely tighten the two flange bolts [2].

Insert the thickness gauge [3] of proper thickness between the ignition coil and the flywheel [4].

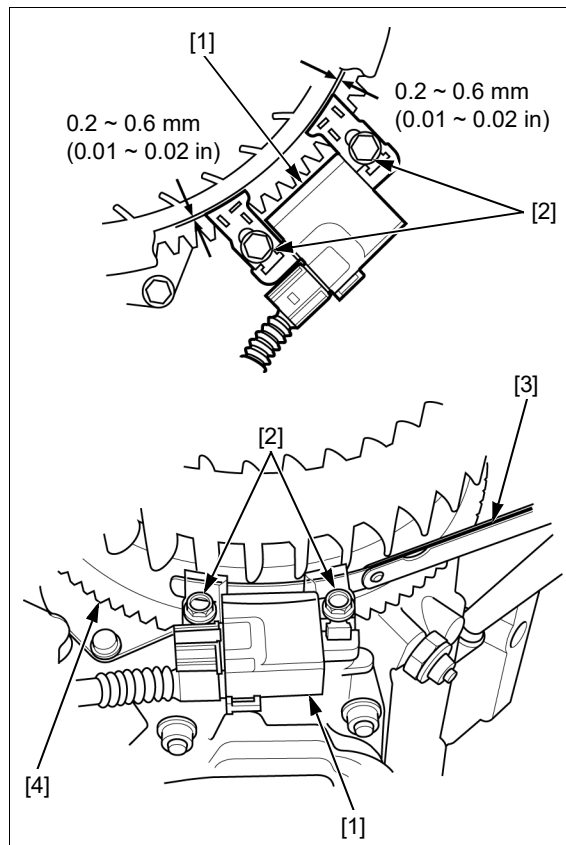
**IGNITION COIL AIR GAP:**  
**0.2 ~ 0.6 mm (0.01 ~ 0.02 in)**

#### NOTICE

*Adjust the ignition coil air gap equally on both side.*

Push the ignition coil firmly against the flywheel and tighten the flange bolts.

Remove the thickness gauge.



# IGNITION COIL INSPECTION

Remove the following:

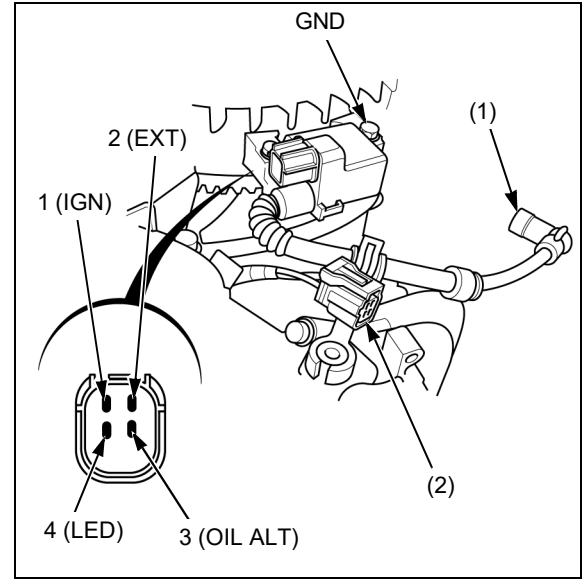
- Fan cover (page 5-2)
- L./R. lower shroud (page 5-4)

Remove the spark plug cap (1).

Disconnect the ignition coil 4P connector (2).

Measure the resistance between the terminals, and be sure that the measurements are within the specifications in the table below.

Use a commercially available multimeter (FLU88) to perform the following tests in the table below. Select a range that is equal to or higher than the range specified in the table.



Unit: kΩ

		(+ ) Probe					
		GND	SPARK P L U G CAP	Terminal number			
				2 EXT	1 IGN	4 LED	3 OIL ALT
(-) Probe	GND	-	9.3 ~ 21.7	7.1 ~ 16.7	6.3 ~ 14.7	11.4 ~ 26.6	7.2 ~ 16.8
	SPARK P L U G CAP	9.3 ~ 21.7	-	∞	∞	∞	∞
	2 EXT	∞	∞	-	∞	∞	∞
	1 IGN	∞	∞	∞	-	∞	∞
	4 LED	∞	∞	∞	∞	-	∞
3 OIL ALT	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	-	

## IGNITION SYSTEM

### SPARK TEST

Inspect the following before performing the spark test.

- Faulty spark plug
- Loose spark plug cap
- Water in the spark plug cap (Leaking ignition coil secondary voltage)
- Check the ignition coil connection

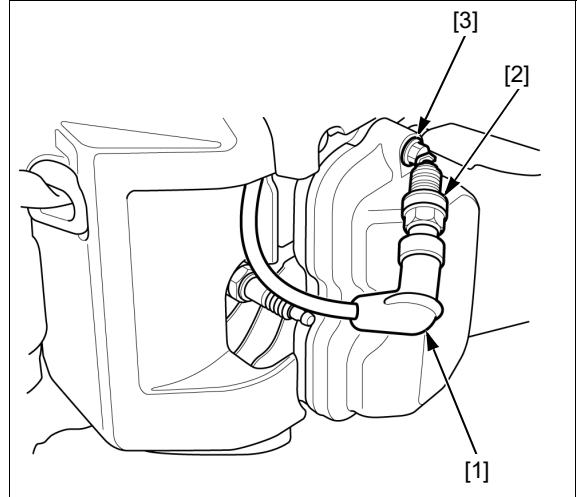
Disconnect the spark plug cap [1] from the spark plug.

Connect a known-good spark plug [2] to the spark plug cap and ground the spark plug to the head cover bolt [3].

Crank the engine by operating the starter motor several seconds and check whether sparks jump across the electrode.

#### NOTICE

*Do not operate the starter motor for more than 5 seconds at a time. When operating the starter motor several times in a row, wait 10 ~ 20 seconds between operation to recover the battery voltage and to allow the starter motor to cool.*



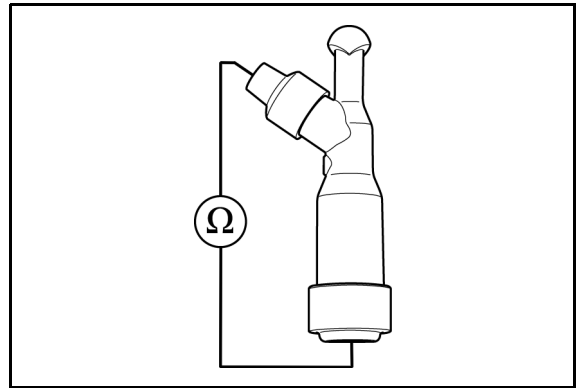
### SPARK PLUG CAP INSPECTION

Remove the spark plug cap from the high-tension cord.

Attach the tester probes to the spark plug cap as shown and measure the resistance.

**Resistance:**  
**7.5 ~ 12.5 k $\Omega$**

Replace the spark plug cap if the resistance is out of specification.



# 10. STARTING SYSTEM

---

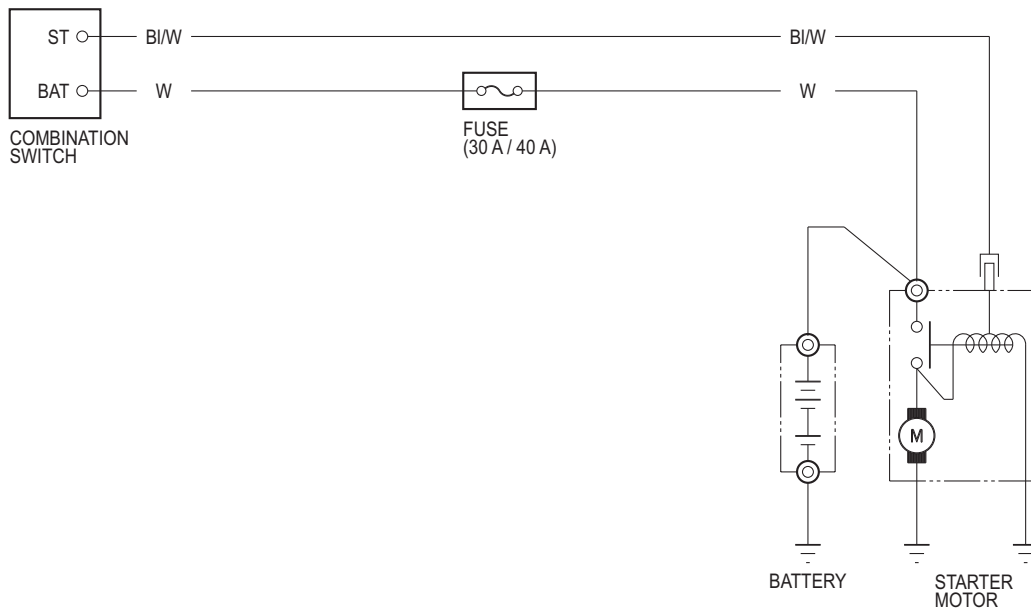
SYSTEM DIAGRAM ..... 10-2

STARTER MOTOR..... 10-3

STARTING SYSTEM  
TROUBLESHOOTING ..... 10-2

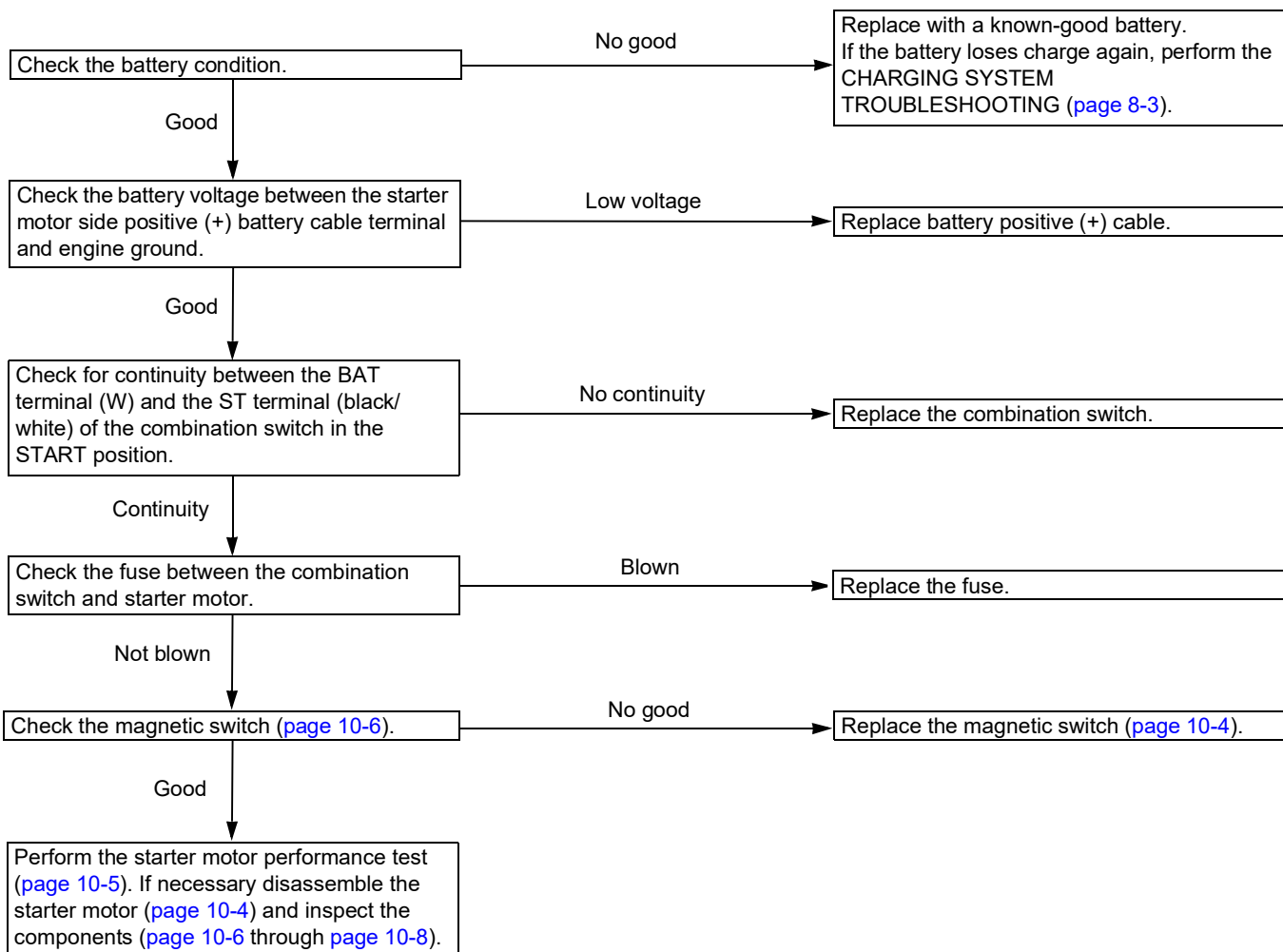
## STARTING SYSTEM

### SYSTEM DIAGRAM



## STARTING SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

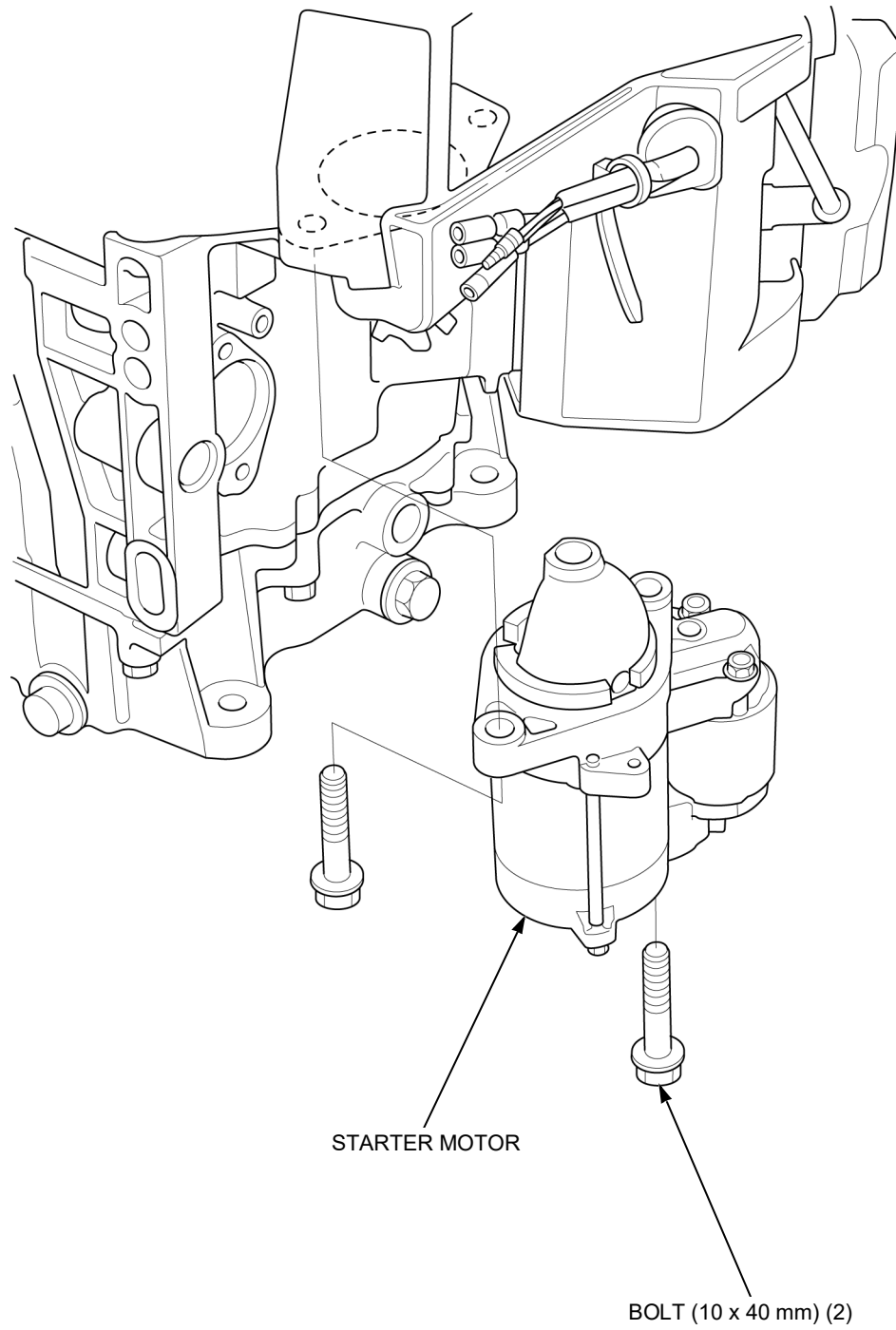
### STARTER MOTOR DOES NOT OPERATE



# STARTER MOTOR

## REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Disconnect the starter motor wires from the starter motor.



# STARTING SYSTEM

## DISASSEMBLY

### ARMATURE

**ASSEMBLY:**  
Visually inspect the commutator surface for dust or other damage. If necessary, wipe it with a clean lint-free cloth. If rusted or damaged, dress with a fine emery paper.

### TERMINAL COVER

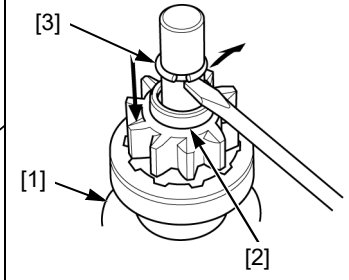
### MAGNETIC SWITCH

### PINION DRIVE LEVER

### SNAP RING



**DISASSEMBLY:**  
Hold the armature [1] upright and drive the clutch stop collar A [2] down as shown. Remove the snap ring [3].



### OVERRUNNING CLUTCH

### CLUTCH STOP COLLAR A

### THROUGH BOLT (2)

### CLUTCH STOP COLLAR B

### NUT (2)

### DRIVE HOUSING

### COMMUTATOR END FRAME

### NEEDLE BEARING

### BRUSH HOLDER INSULATOR

### BRUSH SPRING (4)

### BRUSH (4)

### BRUSH HOLDER

### YOKE

**ASSEMBLY:**  
Make sure that there is no obstruction on the magnets.

**ASSEMBLY**

Attach the pinion drive lever [1] to the magnetic switch [2]. Set the pinion drive lever to the overrunning clutch [3] of the armature.

Install the magnetic switch and armature to the drive housing [4] and tighten the flange nuts to secure the magnetic switch.

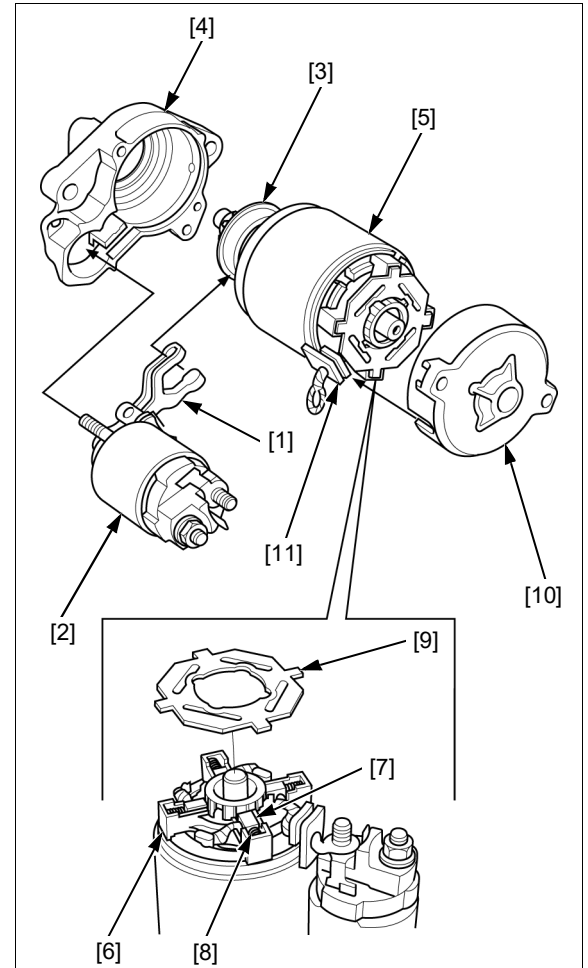
Install the yoke [5] to the drive housing.

Install the brush holder [6] to the yoke, and set the brushes [7] and brush springs [8] to the brush holder.

Install the brush holder insulator [9].

Install the commutator end frame [10] by aligning the brush terminal grommet [11] with the cutout of the commutator end frame.

Tighten the through bolts to secure the drive housing and commutator end frame.



**INSPECTION**

**PERFORMANCE TEST**

Measure starter performance while cranking the engine.

**STARTER MOTOR PERFORMANCE:**

**UNDER LOAD:**

- CRANKING VOLTAGE: 9 V**
- CRANKING CURRENT: 150 A**
- ENGINE CRANKING SPEED: 195 rpm**

**NO LOAD:**

- CRANKING VOLTAGE: 11.5 V**
- CRANKING CURRENT: 50 A maximum**

- To get accurate results, the test must be performed in the normal ambient temperature.
- Battery: 55B24 (12 V 36 AH/5 HR)
- Battery cable: 15 sq x 1.5 m (4.9 ft) each for battery positive cable and battery negative cable.

If the measurement is out of specification, disassemble and inspect the starter motor.



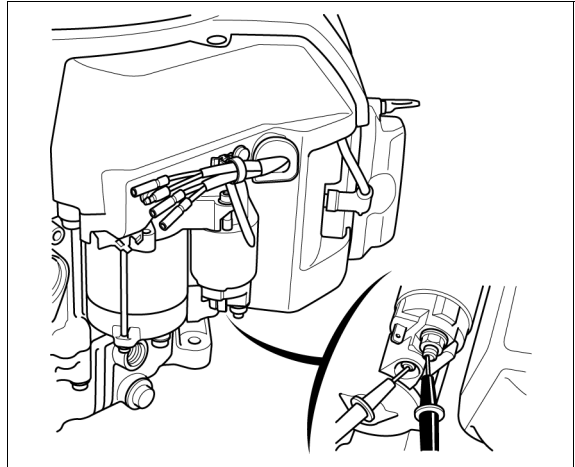
## STARTING SYSTEM

### MAGNETIC SWITCH

Check the continuity between the terminals of the magnetic switch.

There should be no continuity between the terminals.

If there is continuity, replace the magnetic switch ([page 10-4](#)).



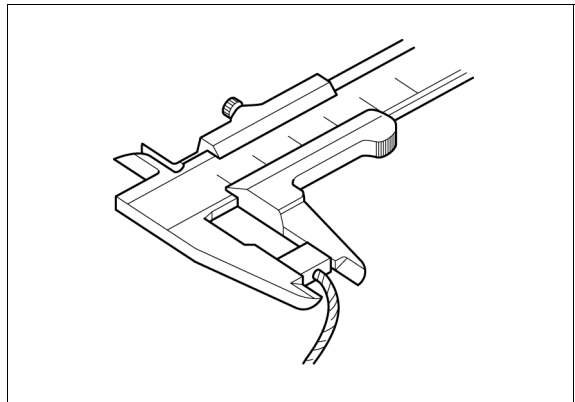
### BRUSH LENGTH

Measure the brush length.

**STANDARD:** 10 mm (0.4 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 6 mm (0.2 in)

If the brush length is less than the service limit, replace the brush ([page 10-4](#)).



### BRUSH CONTINUITY CHECK

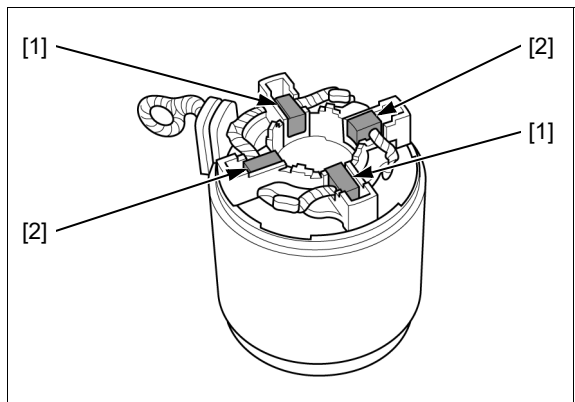
Check for continuity between the positive (+) brushes [1] and negative (-) brushes [2].

There should be continuity between the two positive brushes.

There should be continuity between the two negative brushes.

There should be no continuity between the positive and negative brushes.

If the correct continuity is not obtained, replace the yoke ([page 10-4](#)).

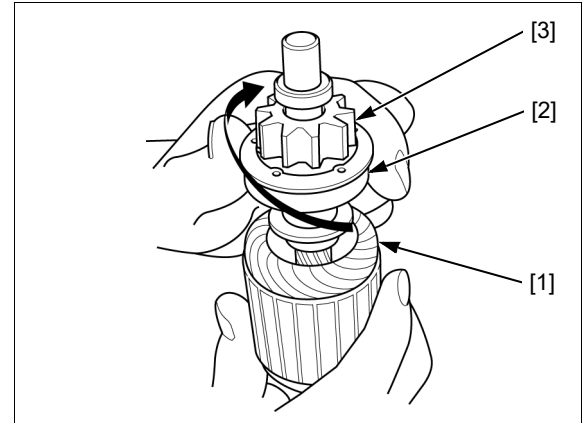


## OVERRUNNING CLUTCH

Hold the armature [1] as shown and check that the overrunning clutch [2] turns clockwise and slides smoothly. If necessary, apply oil or replace the overrunning clutch ([page 10-4](#)).

Check the pinion gear [3] for wear or damage and replace the overrunning clutch if necessary ([page 10-4](#)).

If the pinion gear is worn or damaged, the flywheel ring gear must be inspected.

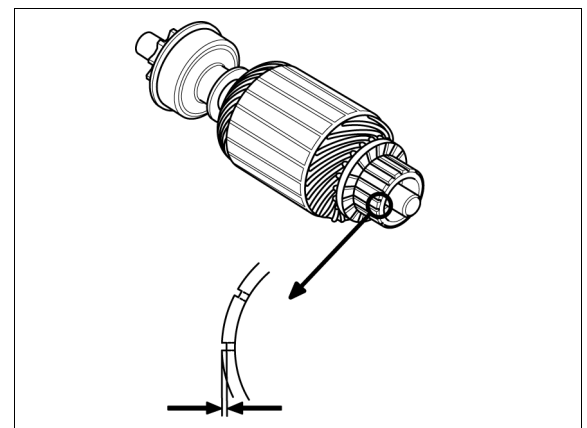


## MICA DEPTH

Clean the commutator, and then measure the mica depth.

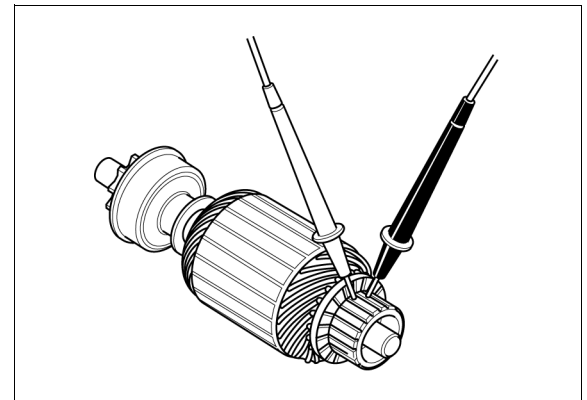
**SERVICE LIMIT: 0.2 mm (0.01 in)**

If the measurement is less than the service limit, replace the armature ([page 10-4](#)).



## ARMATURE CONTINUITY CHECK - COMMUTATOR SEGMENTS

Check for continuity between the segments. If an open circuit (no continuity) exists between any two segments, replace the armature ([page 10-4](#)).

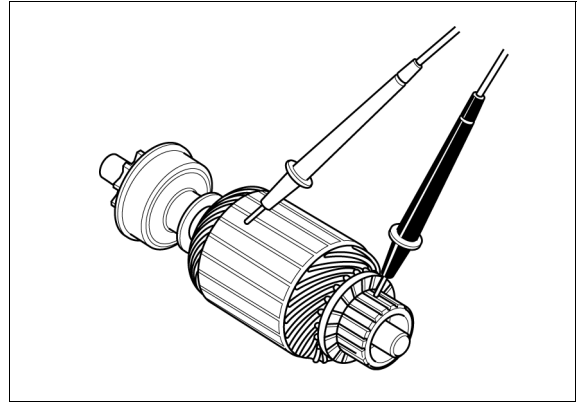


## STARTING SYSTEM

### ARMATURE CONTINUITY CHECK - COMMUTATOR TO CORE

Check for continuity between the commutator segments and the armature coil core.

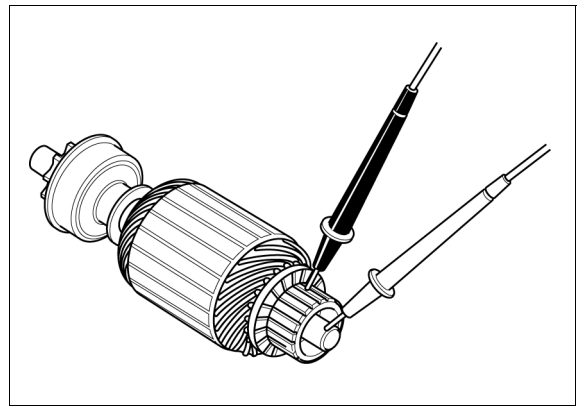
Replace the armature if continuity exists between any of the commutator segments and the armature coil core (page 10-4).



### ARMATURE CONTINUITY CHECK - COMMUTATOR TO SHAFT

Check for continuity between the commutator and the armature shaft.

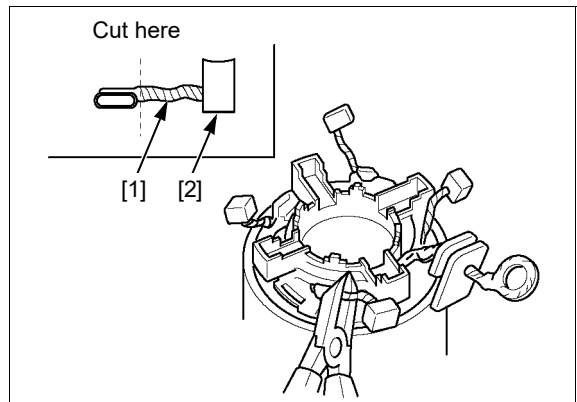
Replace the armature if continuity exists between any of the commutator segments and the armature shaft (page 10-4).



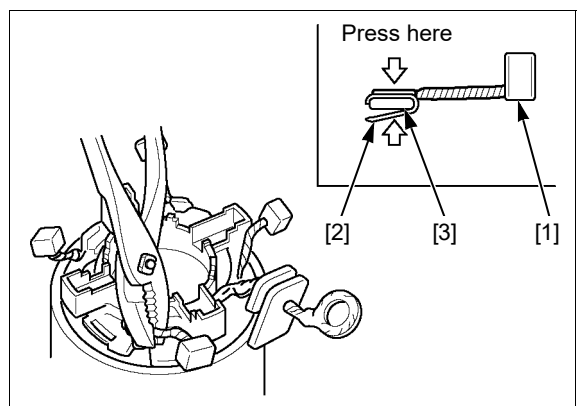
### BRUSH REPLACEMENT

Cut off the brush lead [1] at the point shown and remove the brush [2].

Remove the remaining brush lead and deposited solder from the terminal.

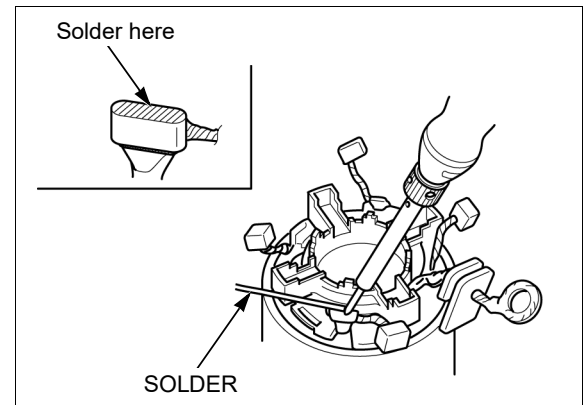


Hold a new brush [1] in the same direction of the removed brush and put a new plate [2] over the new brush and terminal [3] and press it using a pair of pliers as shown.



Solder the plate on the terminal.

- Before soldering, heat the pressed part of the plate well to make sure solder reaches the end of the pressed part.
- Prevent solder from flowing down the brush lead.
- Do not allow solder to run down onto the field winding of the yoke.
- File the brush so that the brush and commutator can fit using an emery paper #500 or #600.



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## NOTES

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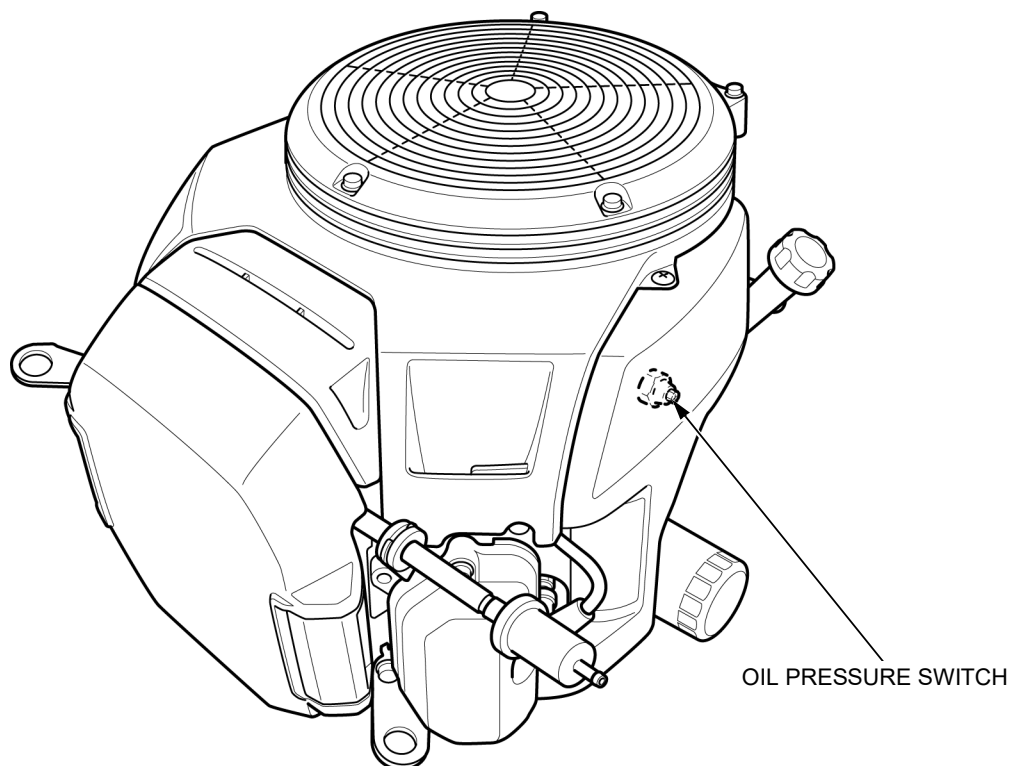
# 11. OTHER ELECTRICAL

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COMPONENT LOCATION ..... 11-2

OIL PRESSURE SWITCH INSPECTION... 11-2

## COMPONENT LOCATION



## OIL PRESSURE SWITCH INSPECTION

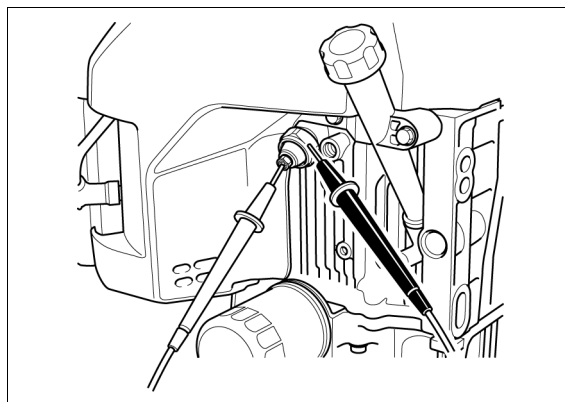
With the combination switch OFF, check continuity between the switch terminal and switch body.

There should be continuity.

Start the engine, and then check continuity between the switch terminal and switch body.

There should be no continuity.

If the correct continuity is not obtained, replace the oil pressure switch ([page 12-3](#)).



# 12. LUBRICATION SYSTEM

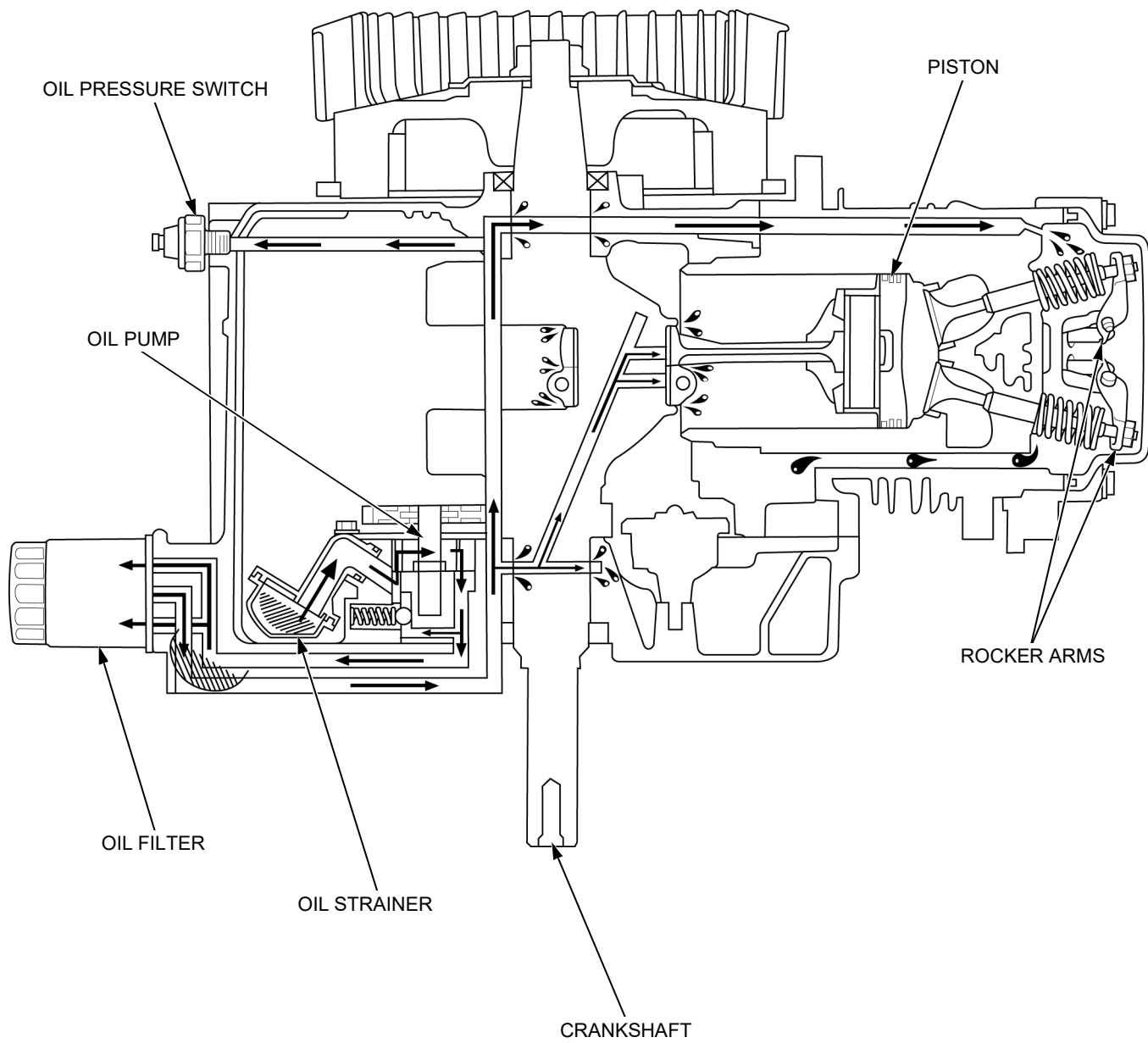
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LUBRICATION SYSTEM DIAGRAM .....	12-2	OIL PUMP INSPECTION .....	12-4
OIL PRESSURE TEST .....	12-3		



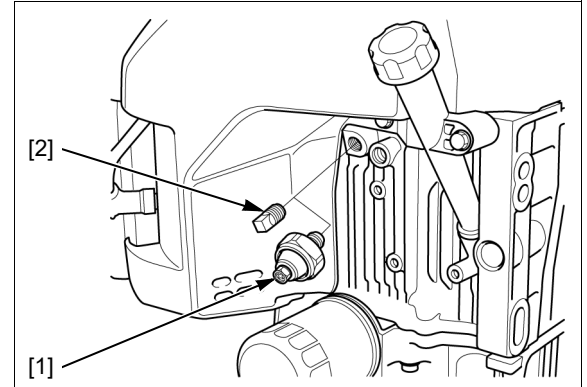
# LUBRICATION SYSTEM

## LUBRICATION SYSTEM DIAGRAM



# OIL PRESSURE TEST

Check the engine oil level ([page 3-3](#)).  
 Remove the oil pressure switch [1] or sealing plug [2].



Install the tools.

**TOOLS (Commercially available):**  
**Engine oil pressure gauge kit [1]**      **EEPV303A**  
**Adapter - 1/8 x 28 BSPT [2]**              **AT77AH**

**TORQUE: 9 N·m (0.9 kg·m, 80 in·lb)**

**NOTICE**

*Tighten the oil pressure gauge attachment to the specified torque. Do not overtighten the attachment to avoid damaging the crankcase threads.*

Start the engine and allow it to warm up for 10 minutes.

While the engine is at idle, measure the oil pressure.

**OIL PRESSURE:**  
**39.8 psi (2.8 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>) @ 2,000 rpm**

If the oil pressure is less than the specification, inspect the oil pump ([page 12-4](#)).

Remove the tools.

Clean the oil pressure switch or sealing bolt threads, and apply liquid sealant (ThreeBond® 1207B, 1141G, 1215, Hondabond HT, Hondabond 4 or equivalent) to the threads as shown.

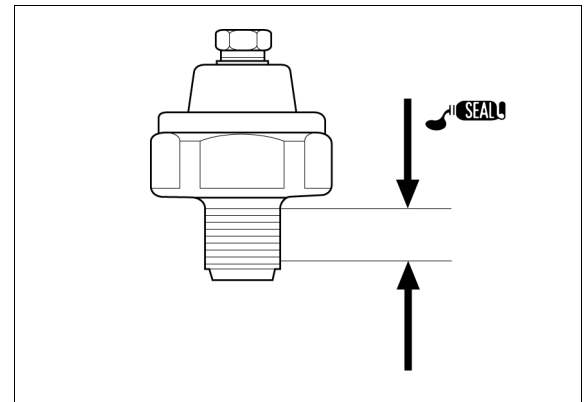
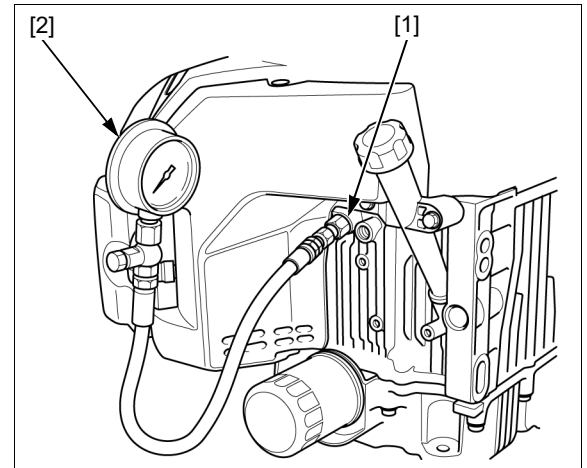
Tighten the oil pressure switch or sealing bolt to the specified torque.

**TORQUE: 9 N·m (0.9 kg·m, 80 in·lb)**

**NOTICE**

*Do not apply liquid sealant to the tip of the threads.*

*Tighten the oil pressure switch or sealing bolt to the specified torque. Do not overtighten the attachment to avoid damaging the crankcase threads.*



# OIL PUMP INSPECTION

### OIL PUMP TIP CLEARANCE

Remove the oil pan ([page 14-2](#)).

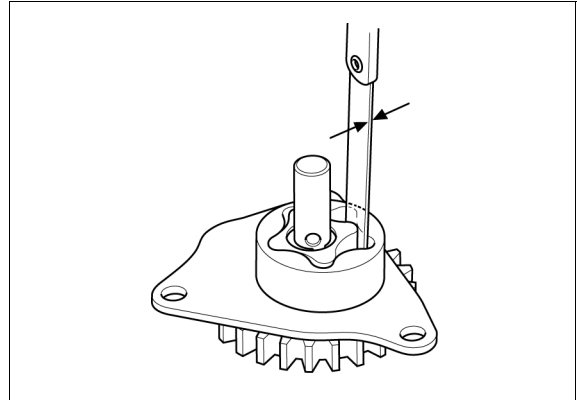
Remove the oil pump cover ([page 14-8](#)).

Measure the oil pump rotor tip clearance.

**STANDARD:** 0.15 mm (0.006 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 0.30 mm (0.012 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the inner rotor and outer rotor ([page 14-8](#)).



### OUTER ROTOR-TO-HOUSING CLEARANCE

Remove the oil pan ([page 14-2](#)).

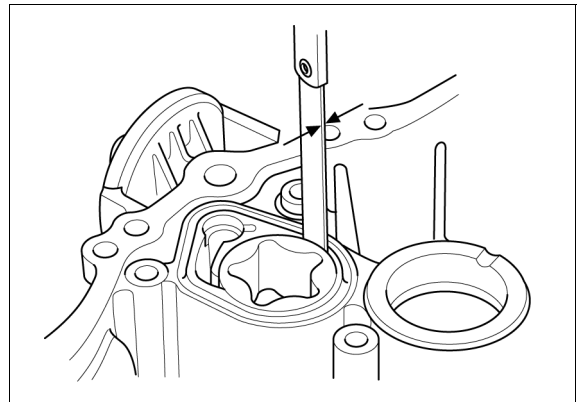
Remove the oil pump cover ([page 14-8](#)).

Measure the oil pump outer rotor-to-housing clearance.

**STANDARD:** 0.150 ~ 0.210 mm  
(0.0059 ~ 0.0083 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 0.30 mm (0.012 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the outer rotor ([page 14-8](#)).



### OUTER ROTOR-TO-PUMP COVER CLEARANCE

Remove the oil pan ([page 14-2](#)).

Remove the oil pump cover ([page 14-8](#)).

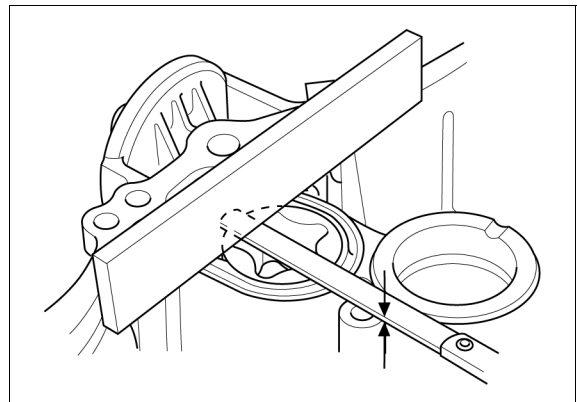
Remove the oil pump O-ring ([page 14-8](#)).

Measure the oil pump outer rotor-to-pump cover clearance.

**STANDARD:** 0.04 ~ 0.09 mm (0.002 ~ 0.004 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 0.11 mm (0.004 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the outer rotor ([page 14-8](#)).



**CYLINDER/PISTON ..... 13-2**  
**VALVE SEAT RECONDITIONING ..... 13-14**

**CYLINDER STUD BOLT  
REPLACEMENT ..... 13-15**

## CYLINDER

# CYLINDER/PISTON

### REMOVAL

Set the piston at the top dead center of the cylinder compression stroke (page 3-7).

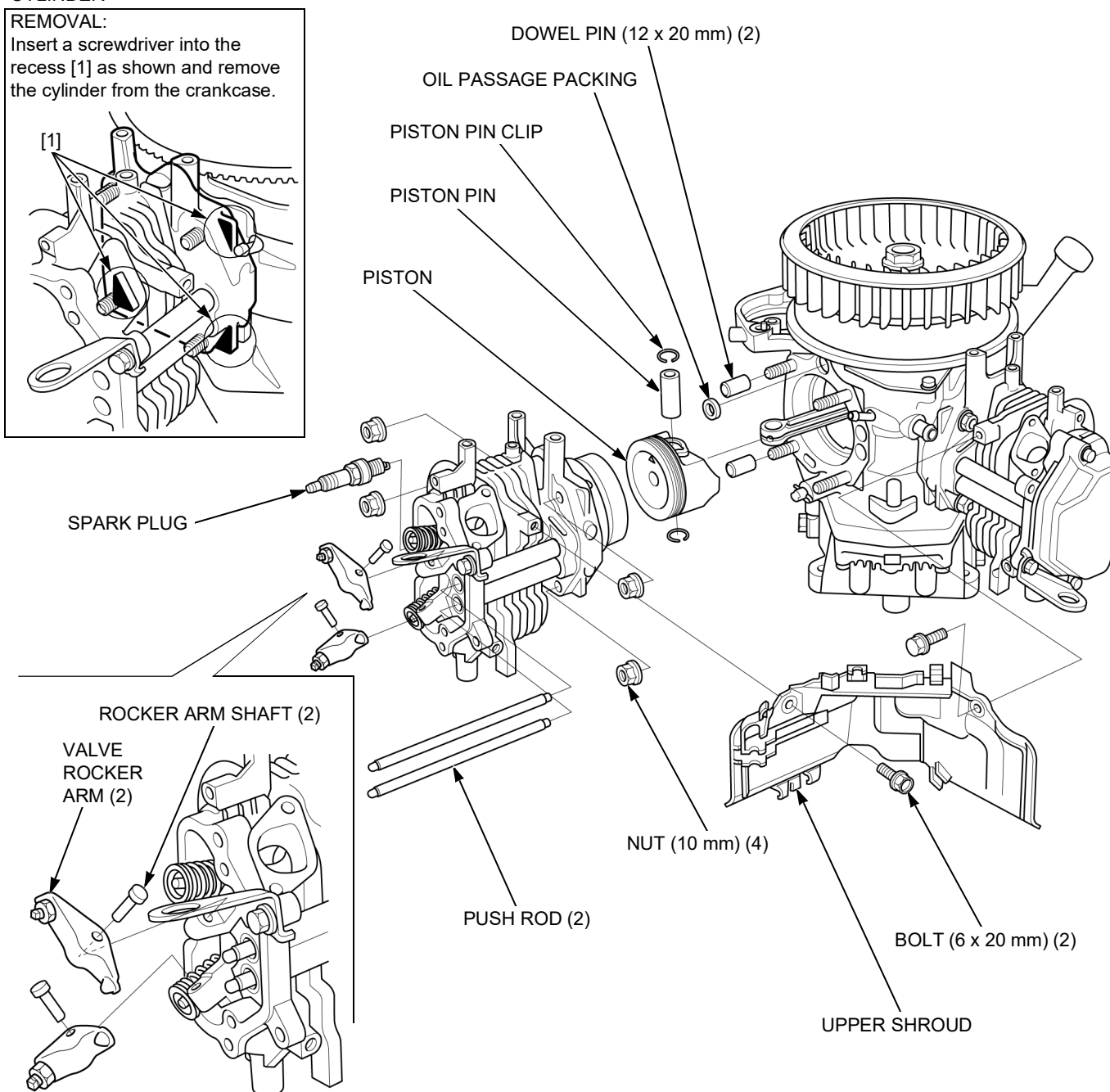
Remove the following parts:

- Air cleaner (page 6-3)
- Carburetor (page 6-5)
- Intake manifold (page 6-5)
- Control and governor arm (page 7-2)
- Fan cover (page 5-2)
- L./R. lower shrouds (page 5-4)
- Ignition coils (page 9-3)
- Starter motor (page 10-3)
- Valve covers (page 3-7)

### CYLINDER

#### REMOVAL:

Insert a screwdriver into the recess [1] as shown and remove the cylinder from the crankcase.



### PISTON INSTALLATION

Position the connecting rod of the cylinder near top dead center by rotating the crankshaft slowly.

Install the piston [1] on the connecting rod [2] with triangle mark [3] on the piston pointing toward the flywheel side as shown.

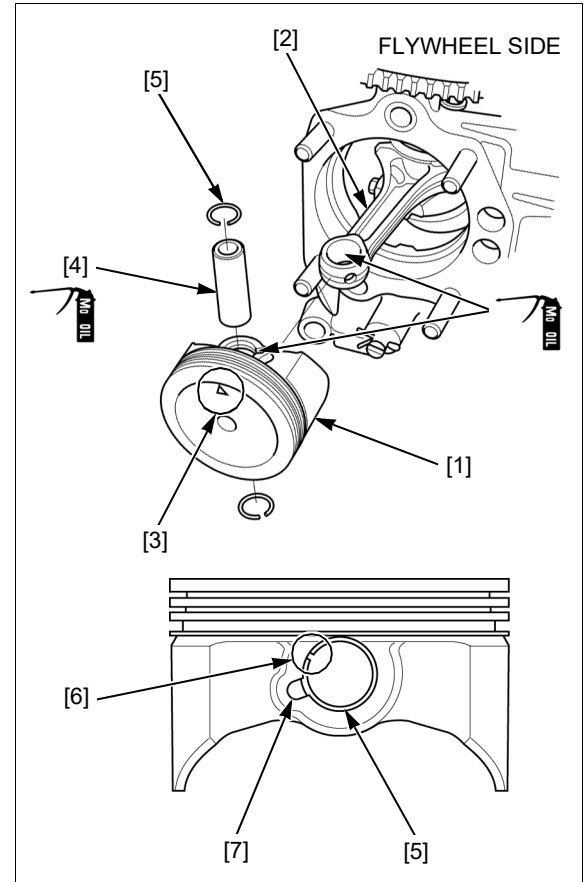
Apply oil to the piston pin [4] outer surface, connecting rod small end and piston pin bore.

Install the piston pin through the piston and connecting rod.

Install new piston pin clips [5] into the grooves in the piston pin hole.

**NOTE:**

- Make sure the piston pin clips are seated securely.
- Do not align the piston pin clip end gap [6] with the piston cutout [7].



### CYLINDER INSTALLATION

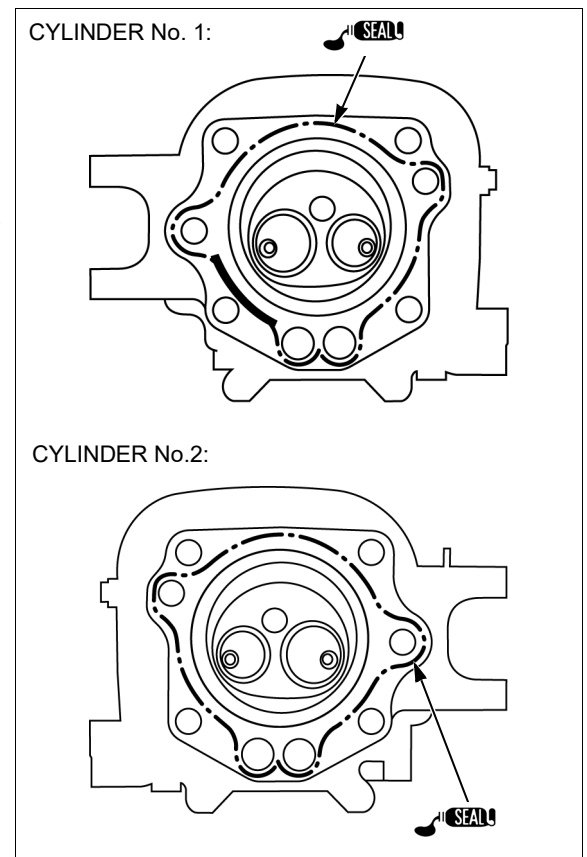
Clean the mating surfaces of the cylinder and crankcase of old liquid gasket, oil and other foreign material.

Loosely install the fan cover and set the piston near top dead center by rotating the crankshaft slowly ([page 3-7](#)).

Apply 1.0 ~ 1.5 mm (0.04 ~ 0.06 in) diameter of liquid gasket (ThreeBond® TB1207B) to the mating surface of the cylinder as shown.

**NOTE:**

- Spread enough sealant especially on the bold line area to secure the seal.



## CYLINDER

Apply grease to the oil passage packing [1].

Install the dowel pins [2] and oil passage packing on the crankcase.

Apply oil to the cylinder inner surface, piston outer surface, and piston rings.

Install the cylinder [3] over the piston [4] while compressing the piston rings with your fingers.

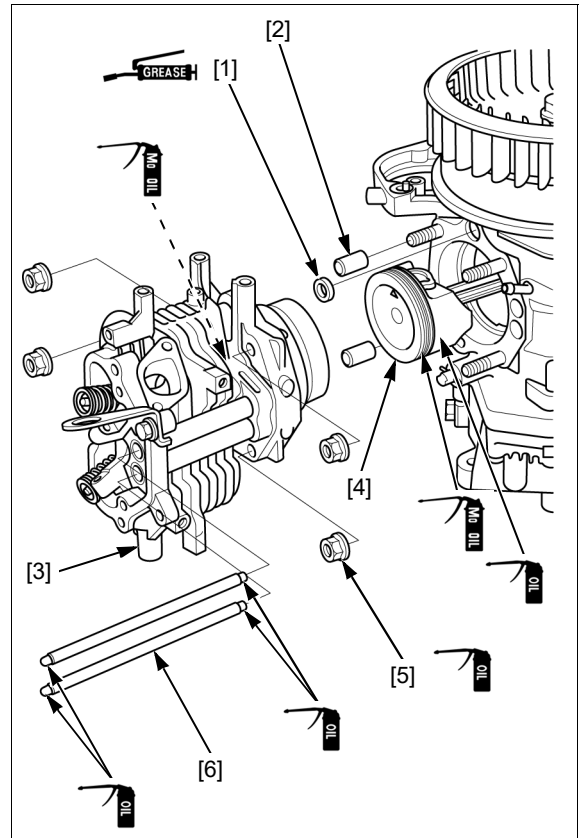
Apply a light coat of oil to the threads and the seating surface of the four flange nuts [5] and tighten them to the specified torque.

**TORQUE: 37 N·m (3.8 kg-m, 27 ft-lb)**

### NOTE:

- Assemble the cylinder within 3 minutes after applying liquid gasket.
- Wait for 30 minutes after assembly before filling with oil and starting the engine.

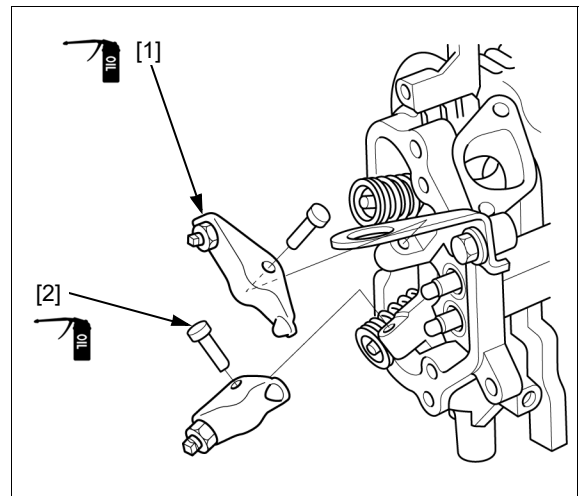
Apply oil to both ends of the two push rods [6] and insert them into the cylinder.



Apply oil to the bearing and slipper of the rocker arms [1] and install them to the cylinder.

Apply oil to the rocker arm shafts [2] and insert them into the cylinder in the direction as shown.

Install the head cover ([page 3-7](#)).



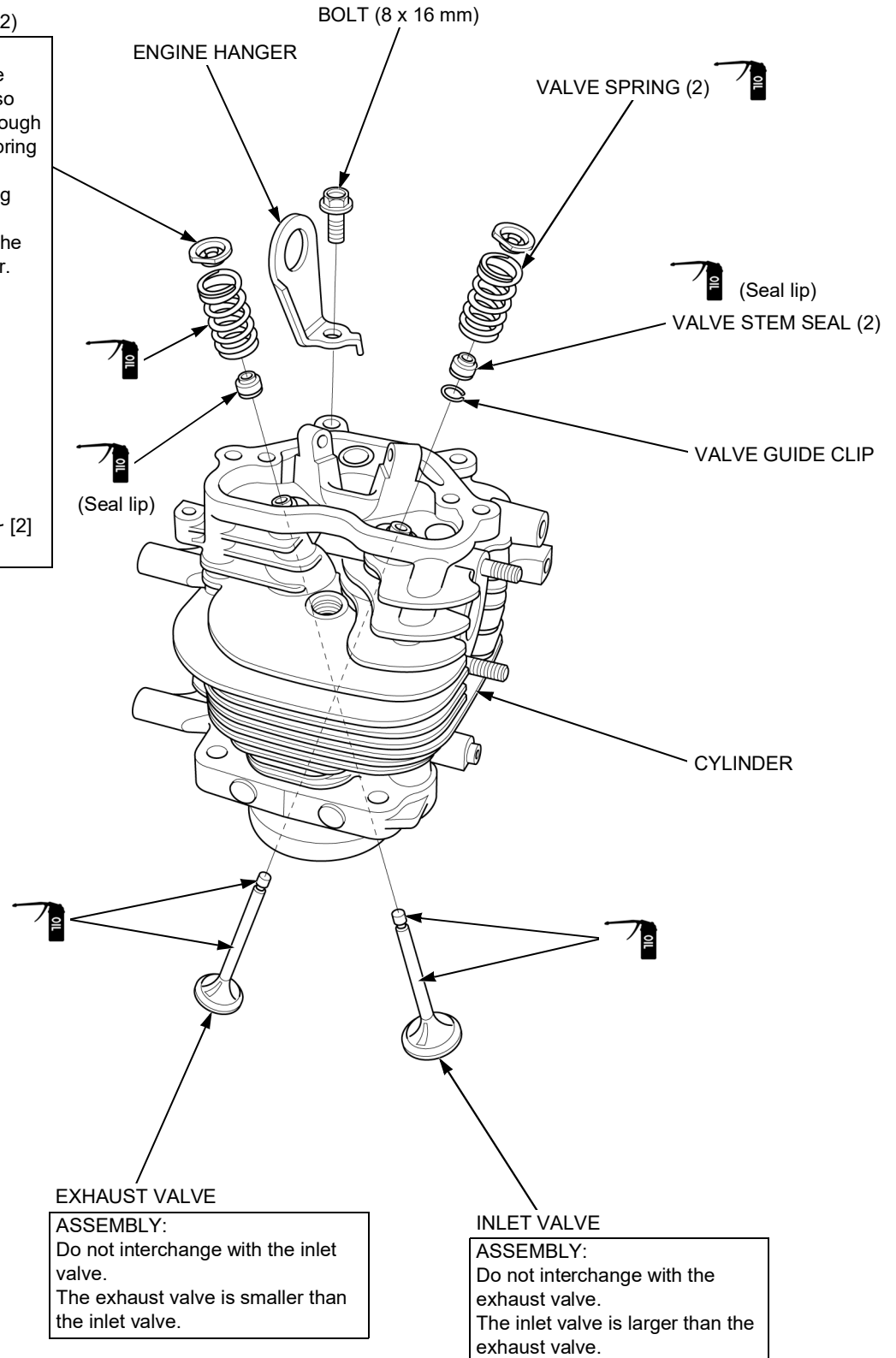
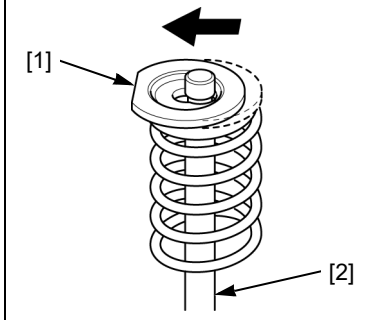
**CYLINDER DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY**

Remove the cylinder (page 13-2).

**VALVE SPRING RETAINER (2)**

**DISASSEMBLY:**  
Push down and slide the valve spring retainer [1] to the side so that the valve stem [2] slips through the hole at side of the valve spring retainer.

Do not remove the valve spring retainer while the cylinder is installed to the crankcase, or the valve will drop into the cylinder.



**EXHAUST VALVE**  
**ASSEMBLY:**  
Do not interchange with the inlet valve.  
The exhaust valve is smaller than the inlet valve.

**INLET VALVE**  
**ASSEMBLY:**  
Do not interchange with the exhaust valve.  
The inlet valve is larger than the exhaust valve.



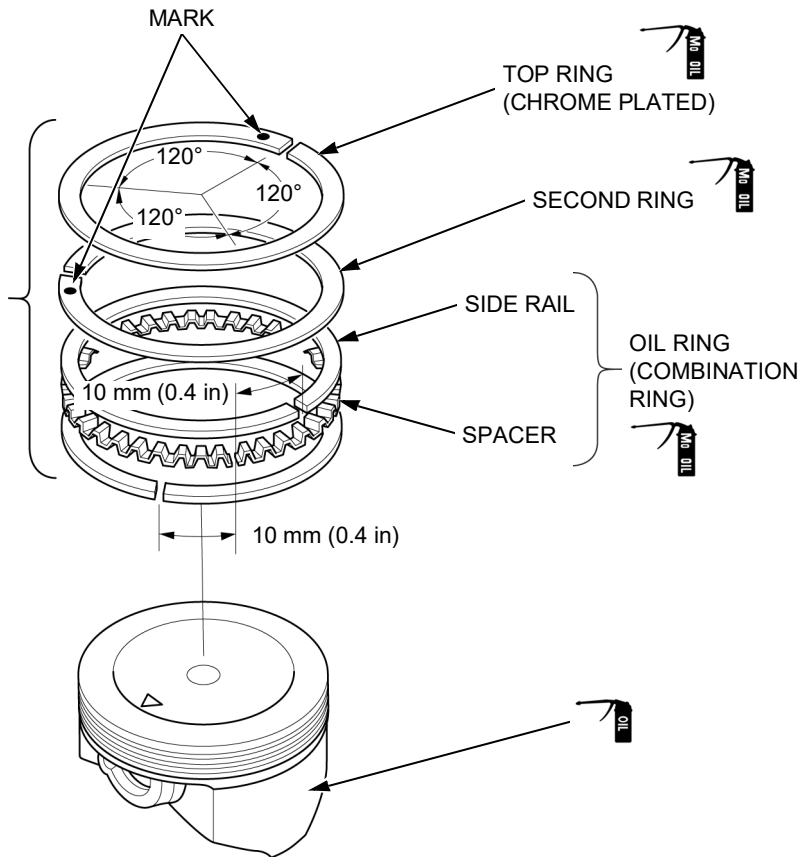
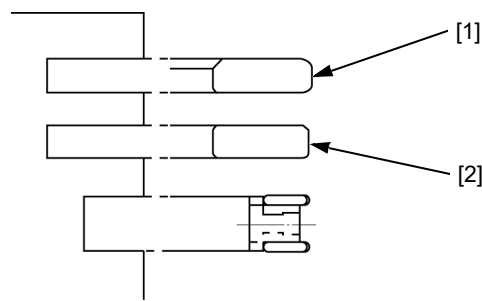
**PISTON DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY**

Remove the piston (page 13-2).

**PISTON RING SET**

**ASSEMBLY:**

The top ring [1] and second ring [2] are not interchangeable. Install the top ring and second ring on the piston with the mark side facing up. Check that the piston rings rotate smoothly after installing them. Space the piston ring end gaps 120 degrees apart, and do not align the ring end gaps with the piston pin bore.



**INSPECTION**

**CYLINDER COMPRESSION CHECK**

Start the engine and warm up to normal operating temperature.

Remove the spark plug (page 3-6).

Operate the starter motor to expel unburned gas.

Attach a compression gauge [1] to the spark plug hole.

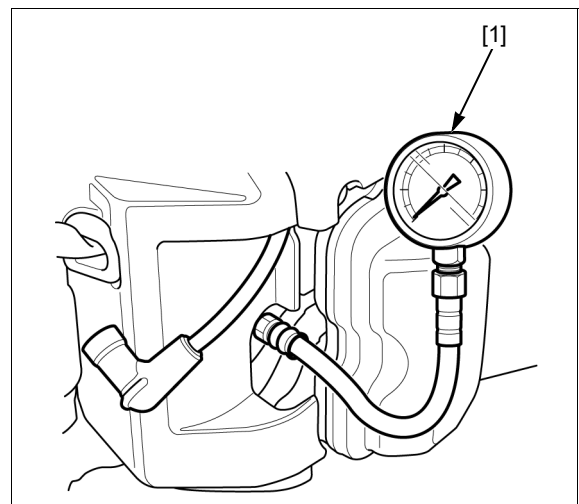
**TOOLS (Commercially available):**

**Compression gauge [1]      SUNEPPV303A**

Operate the starter motor until the reading stabilizes, but no more than seconds.

**NOTICE**

*Do not operate the starter motor for more than 5 seconds at a time. When operating the starter motor several times in a row, wait 10 ~ 20 seconds between operation to recover the battery voltage and to allow the starter motor to cool.*



**CYLINDER COMPRESSION:**

**0.5 ~ 0.7 MPa (73 ~ 102 psi)/500 rpm**

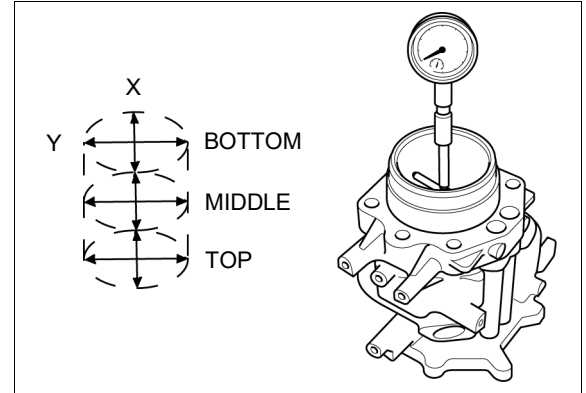
**CYLINDER SLEEVE I.D.**

Measure and record the cylinder I.D. at three levels in both the "X" axis (perpendicular to crankshaft) and the "Y" axis (parallel to crankshaft). Take the maximum reading to determine cylinder wear and taper.

**STANDARD:** 78.000 ~ 78.015 mm  
(3.0709 ~ 3.0715 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 78.150 mm (3.0768 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the cylinder (page 13-5).



**VALVE SEAT WIDTH**

Remove the carbon deposits from the combustion chamber (page 3-8).

Inspect each valve face for irregularities.

If necessary, replace the valve (page 13-5).

Apply a light coat of Prussian Blue or erasable felt-tipped marker ink to each valve seat.

Using a valve lapper, insert the valve, and snap it closed against its seat several times. Be sure the valve does not rotate on the seat. The transferred marking compound will show any area of the valve face that is not concentric.

**TOOL (Commercially available):**

**Valve lapper [1] LIL21100**

Measure the valve seat width of the cylinder.

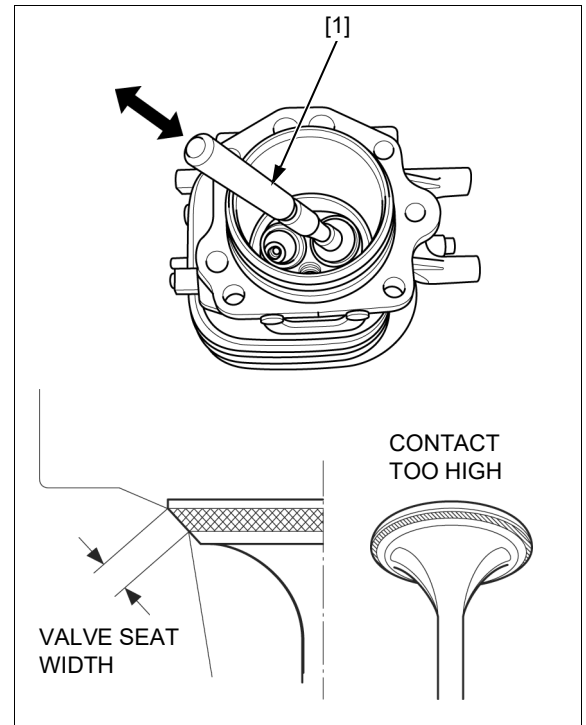
**STANDARD:** 1.0 ~ 1.2 mm (0.04 ~ 0.05 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 2.1 mm (0.08 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, recondition the valve seat (page 13-14).

Check whether the valve seat contact area of the valve is too high.

If the valve seat is too high, recondition the valve seat (page 13-14).



**VALVE GUIDE I.D.**

Ream the valve guide [1] to remove any carbon deposits before measuring.

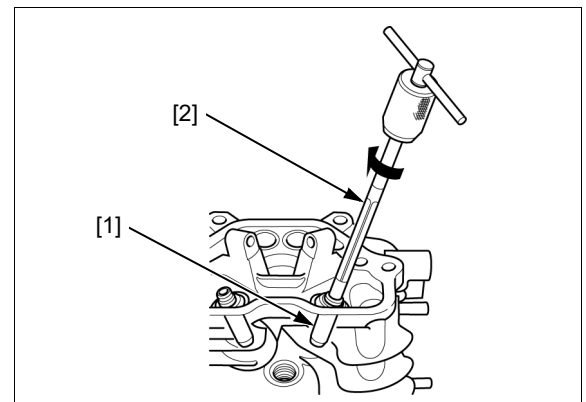
**TOOL:**

**Valve guide reamer 5.5 mm [2] 07984-20000D**

**NOTICE**

Turn the special tool (valve guide reamer) clockwise, never counterclockwise.

Continue to rotate the special tool while removing it from the valve guide.

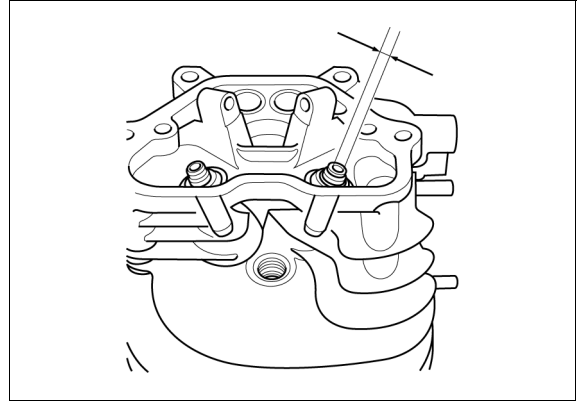


## CYLINDER

Measure and record each valve guide I.D.

**STANDARD:** 5.500 ~ 5.512 mm  
(0.2165 ~ 0.2170 in)  
**SERVICE LIMIT:** 5.560 mm (0.2189 in)

If the measured valve guide I.D. is more than the service limit, replace the cylinder ([page 13-5](#)).



### VALVE STEM O.D.

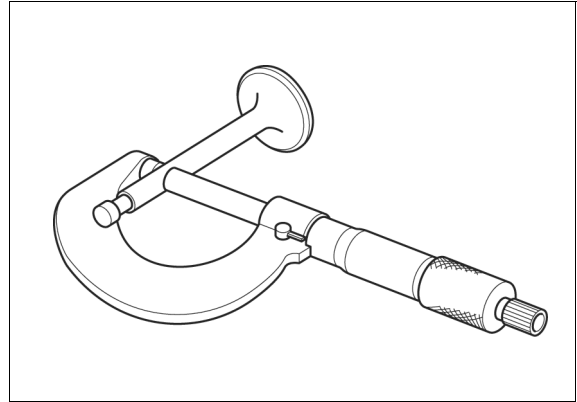
Inspect each valve for bending or abnormal stem wear.

If necessary, replace the valve ([page 13-5](#)).

Measure and record each valve stem O.D.

**STANDARD:**  
**IN:** 5.475 ~ 5.490 mm (0.2156 ~ 0.2161 in)  
**EX:** 5.435 ~ 5.450 mm (0.2140 ~ 0.2146 in)  
**SERVICE LIMIT:**  
**IN:** 5.400 mm (0.2126 in)  
**EX:** 5.300 mm (0.2087 in)

If the measurement is less than the service limit, replace the valve ([page 13-5](#)).



### GUIDE-TO-STEM CLEARANCE

Subtract each valve stem O.D. from the corresponding valve guide I.D. to obtain the stem-to-guide clearance.

**STANDARD:**  
**IN:** 0.010 ~ 0.037 mm (0.0004 ~ 0.0015 in)  
**EX:** 0.050 ~ 0.077 mm (0.0020 ~ 0.0030 in)  
**SERVICE LIMIT:**  
**IN:** 0.110 mm (0.0043 in)  
**EX:** 0.130 mm (0.0051 in)

If the calculated clearance is more than the service limit, replace the following:

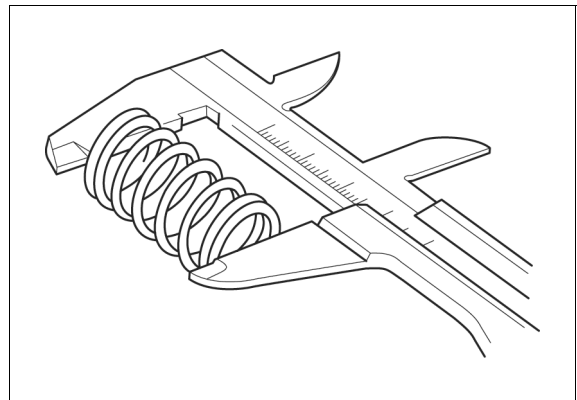
- Valve ([page 13-5](#))
- Cylinder ([page 13-5](#))

### VALVE SPRING FREE LENGTH

Measure the valve spring free length.

**STANDARD:** 38.3 mm (1.51 in)  
**SERVICE LIMIT:** 36.8 mm (1.45 in)

If the measured length is less than the service limit, replace the valve spring ([page 13-5](#)).

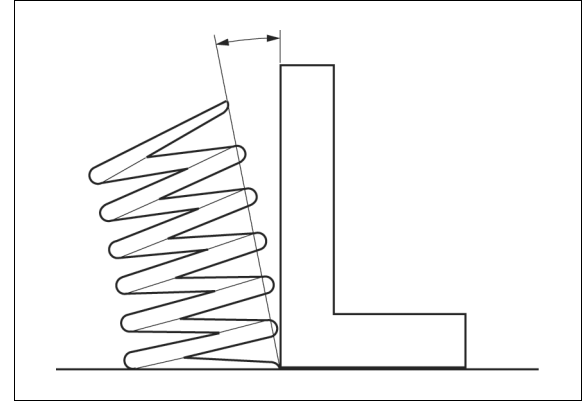


**VALVE SPRING PERPENDICULARITY**

Measure the valve spring perpendicularity.

**STANDARD:** 2° max.

If the measured perpendicularity is more than the specification, replace the valve spring ([page 13-5](#)).

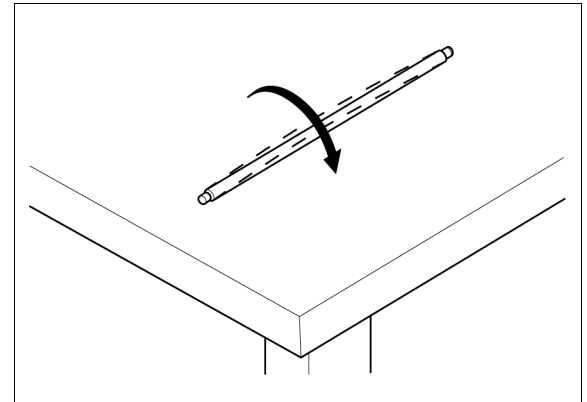


**PUSH ROD RUNOUT**

Check both ends of the push rod for wear.

Check the push rod for straightness.

If necessary, replace the push rod ([page 13-2](#)).



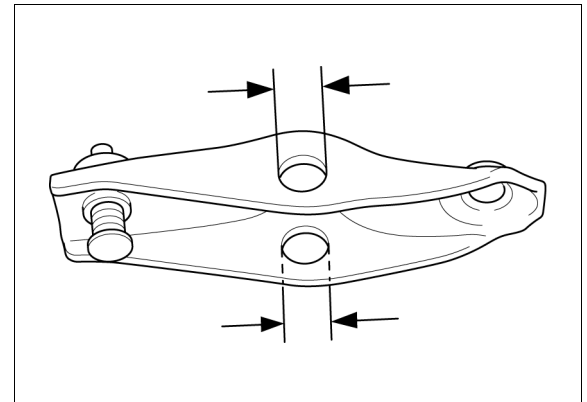
**ROCKER ARM I.D.**

Measure the rocker arm I.D.

**STANDARD:** 6.000 ~ 6.018 mm  
(0.050 ~ 0.077 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 6.043 mm (0.2379 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the rocker arm ([page 13-2](#)).



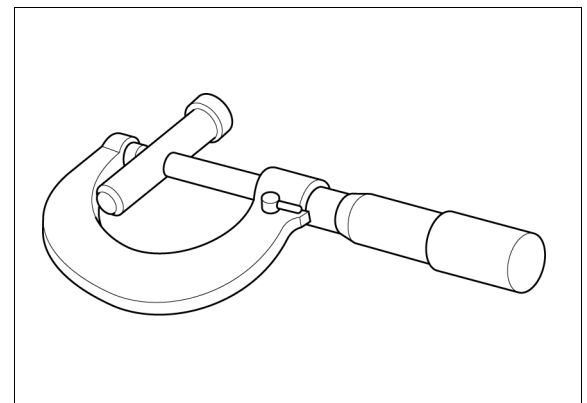
**ROCKER ARM SHAFT O.D.**

Measure the rocker arm shaft O.D.

**STANDARD:** 5.960 ~ 5.990 mm  
(0.2346 ~ 0.2358 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 5.953 mm (0.2344 in)

If the measurement is less than the service limit, replace the rocker arm shaft ([page 13-2](#)).



## CYLINDER

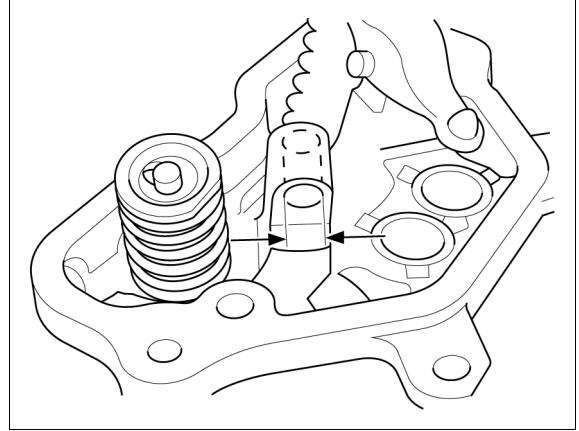
### ROCKER ARM SHAFT BEARING I.D.

Measure the rocker arm shaft bearing I.D.

**STANDARD:** 6.000 ~ 6.018 mm  
(0.050 ~ 0.077 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 6.043 mm (0.2379 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the cylinder ([page 13-5](#)).



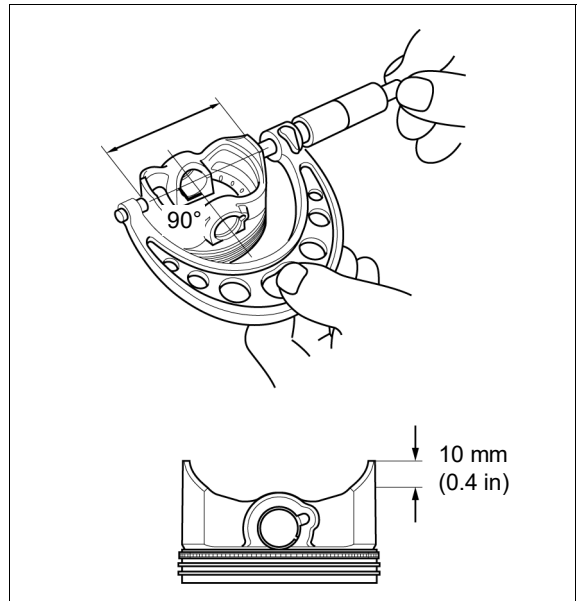
### PISTON SKIRT O.D.

Measure and record the piston O.D. at a point 10 mm (0.4 in) from the bottom of the skirt and 90 degrees to the piston pin bore.

**STANDARD:** 77.975 ~ 77.985 mm  
(3.0699 ~ 3.0703 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 77.875 mm (3.0660 in)

If the measurement is less than the service limit, replace the piston ([page 13-6](#)).



### PISTON-TO-CYLINDER CLEARANCE

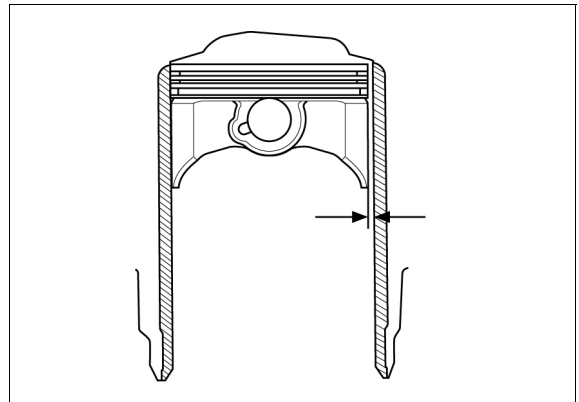
Subtract the piston skirt O.D. from the cylinder sleeve I.D. to obtain the piston-to-cylinder clearance.

**STANDARD:** 0.015 ~ 0.040 mm  
(0.0006 ~ 0.0016 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 0.12 mm (0.005 in)

If the calculated clearance is more than the service limit, replace the piston ([page 13-6](#)) and recheck the clearance.

If the clearance is still more than the service limit with the new piston, replace the cylinder ([page 13-5](#)).



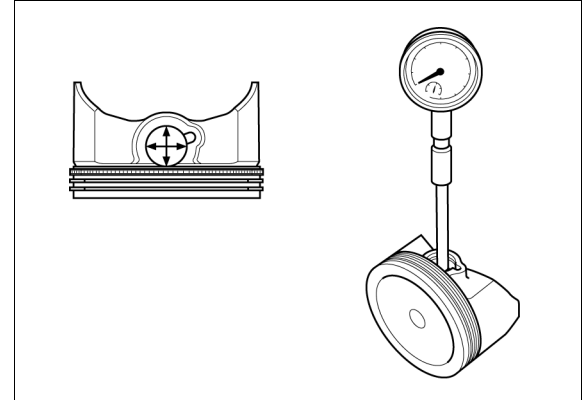
**PISTON PIN BORE I.D.**

Measure and record the piston pin bore I.D. of the piston.

**STANDARD:** 18.002 ~ 18.008 mm  
(0.7087 ~ 0.7090 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 18.042 mm (0.7103 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the piston ([page 13-6](#)).



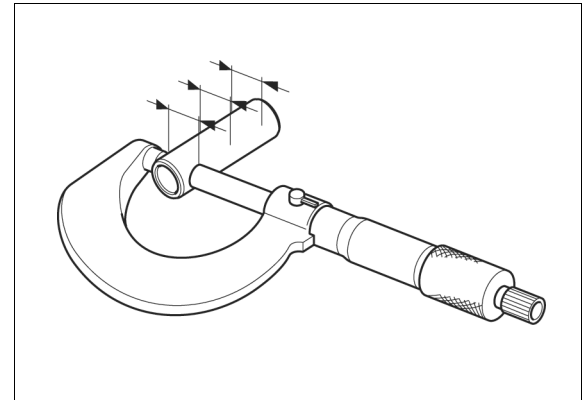
**PISTON PIN O.D.**

Measure and record the piston pin O.D. at three points (both ends and middle). Take the minimum reading to determine piston pin O.D.

**STANDARD:** 17.994 ~ 18.000 mm  
(0.7084 ~ 0.7087 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 17.95 mm (0.707 in)

If the measurement is less than the service limit, replace the piston pin ([page 13-2](#)).



**PISTON PIN-TO-PISTON PIN BORE CLEARANCE**

Subtract the piston pin O.D. from the piston pin bore I.D. to obtain the piston pin-to-piston pin bore clearance.

**STANDARD:** 0.002 ~ 0.014 mm  
(0.0001 ~ 0.0006 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 0.08 mm (0.003 in)

If the calculated clearance is more than the service limit, replace the piston pin ([page 13-2](#)) and recheck the clearance.

If the clearance is still more than the service limit with the new piston pin, replace the piston ([page 13-6](#)).

## PISTON RING SIDE CLEARANCE

Measure the clearance between each piston ring and ring groove of the piston using feeler gauge.

### STANDARD:

**Top: 0.050 ~ 0.080 mm (0.0020 ~ 0.0031 in)**

**Second: 0.050 ~ 0.080 mm (0.0020 ~ 0.0031 in)**

### SERVICE LIMIT:

**Top: 0.15 mm (0.06 in)**

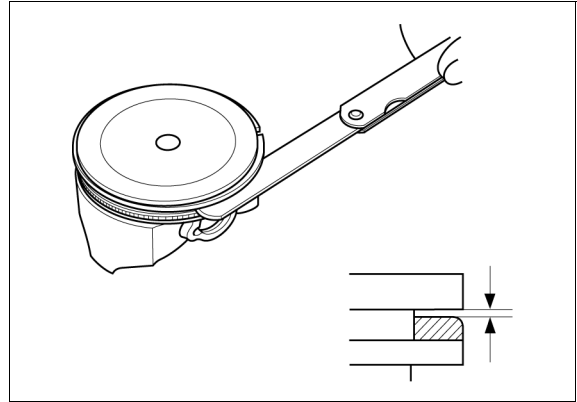
**Second: 0.15 mm (0.06 in)**

If any of the measurements is more than the service limit, inspect the piston ring width. If necessary, replace the piston rings (top, second, oil) as a set (page 13-6) and reinspect the clearance.

If any of the measurements is still more than the service limit with the new piston rings, replace the piston (page 13-6).

If the piston ring width is normal, replace the piston (page 13-6) and reinspect the clearance.

If necessary, replace the piston rings (top, second, oil) as a set (page 13-6) and reinspect the clearance.



## PISTON RING WIDTH

Measure each piston ring width.

### STANDARD:

**Top: 1.140 ~ 1.155 mm (0.0449 ~ 0.0455 in)**

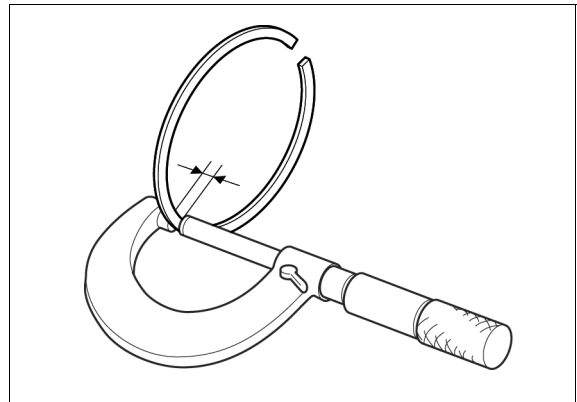
**Second: 1.140 ~ 1.155 mm (0.0449 ~ 0.0455 in)**

### SERVICE LIMIT:

**Top: 1.120 mm (0.0441 in)**

**Second: 1.120 mm (0.0441 in)**

If any of the measurements is less than the service limit, replace the piston rings (top, second, oil) as a set (page 13-6).



## PISTON RING END GAP

Before inspection, check whether the cylinder sleeve I.D. is within the specification.

Set the piston ring into the cylinder sleeve using the piston head.

Measure each piston ring end gap using a feeler gauge.

### STANDARD:

**Top: 0.200 ~ 0.350 mm (0.0079 ~ 0.0138 in)**

**Second: 0.350 ~ 0.500 mm (0.0138 ~ 0.0197 in)**

**Oil (side rail): 0.20 ~ 0.70 mm (0.008 ~ 0.028 in)**

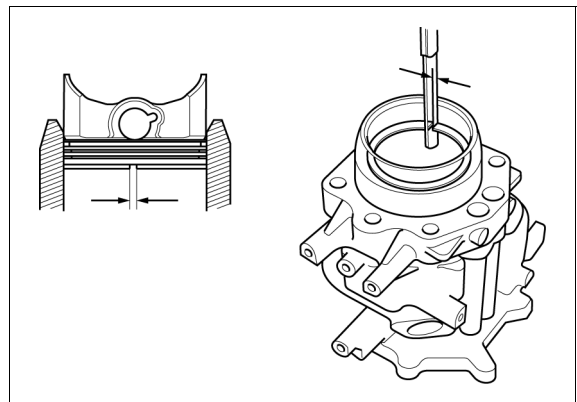
### SERVICE LIMIT:

**Top: 0.450 mm (0.0177 in)**

**Second: 0.600 mm (0.0236 in)**

**Oil (side rail): 0.90 mm (0.035 in)**

If any of the measurements is more than the service limit, replace the piston rings (top, second, oil) as a set (page 13-6).



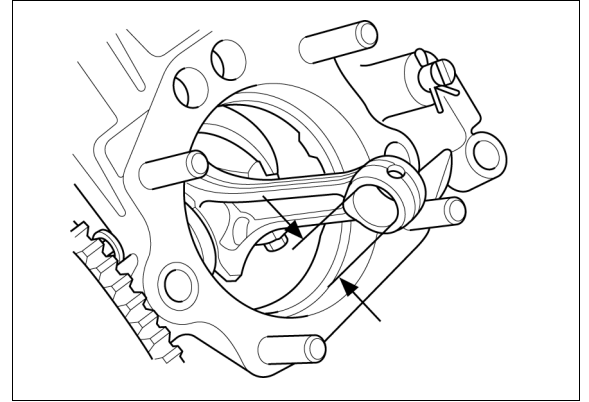
**CONNECTING ROD SMALL END I.D.**

Measure the connecting rod small end I.D.

**STANDARD:** 18.006 ~ 18.018 mm  
(0.7089 ~ 0.7094 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 18.07 mm (0.711 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the connecting rod ([page 14-4](#)).





# VALVE SEAT RECONDITIONING

Valve seat cutters/grinders or equivalent valve seat refacing equipment are recommended to correct worn valve seats.

Place the cylinder hole protector made from a 1-quart round plastic oil bottle into the cylinder (page 3-7).

Using a 45° cutter, remove enough material to produce a smooth and concentric seat.

- TOOLS (commercially available):**  
**Intake: Cutter, 30x45 degree 128 (1)** NWYCU128  
**Exhaust: Cutter, 45 degree 122 (1)** NWYCU122  
**Solid pilot 5.5 mm (2)** NWY100-5.5MM  
**T-handle (3)** NWYTW505  
**Adapter (3)** NWYTW501  
**Extension, 6" (3)** NWYTW5036H

Turn the cutter clockwise, never counterclockwise. Continue to turn the cutter as you lift it from the valve seat.

Use the 31° and 60° cutters to adjust the valve seat so that it contacts the middle of the valve face.

The 31° cutter removes material from the top edge.

- TOOLS (commercially available):**  
**Intake: Cutter, 30x45 degree 128 (1)** NWYCU128  
**Exhaust: Cutter, 31 degree 115 (1)** NWYCU115  
**Solid pilot 5.5 mm (2)** NWY100-5.5MM  
**T-handle (3)** NWYTW505  
**Adapter (3)** NWYTW501  
**Extension, 6" (3)** NWYTW5036H

The 60° cutter removes material from the bottom edge.

- TOOLS (commercially available):**  
**Cutter, 60 degree 111 (1)** NWYCU111  
**Solid pilot 5.5 mm (2)** NWY100-5.5MM  
**T-handle (3)** NWYTW505  
**Adapter (3)** NWYTW501  
**Extension, 6" (3)** NWYTW5036H

Be sure that the width of the finished valve seat is within specification.

Make a light pass with 45° cutter to remove any possible burrs at the edge of the seat.

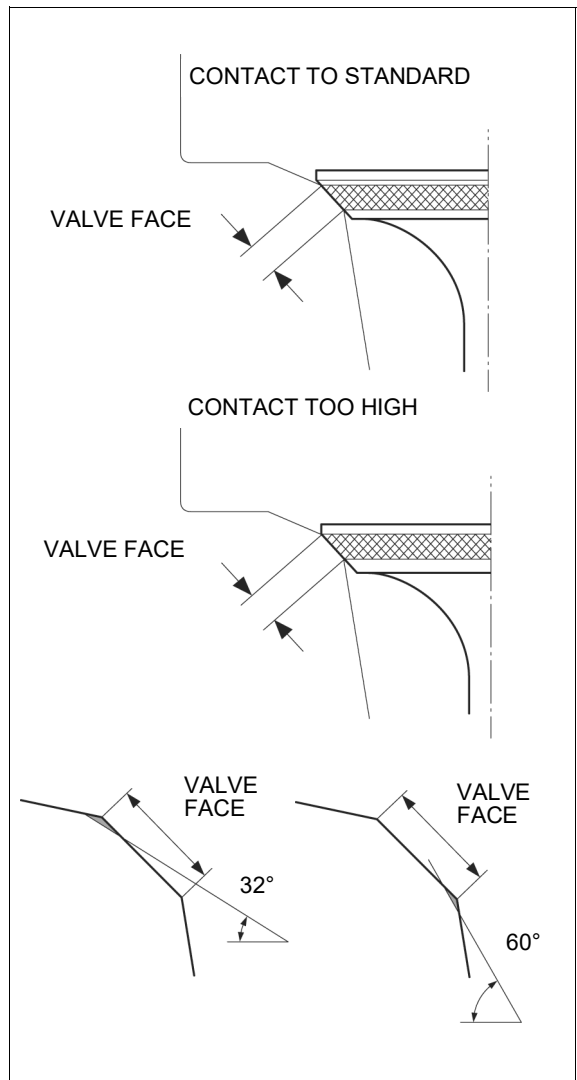
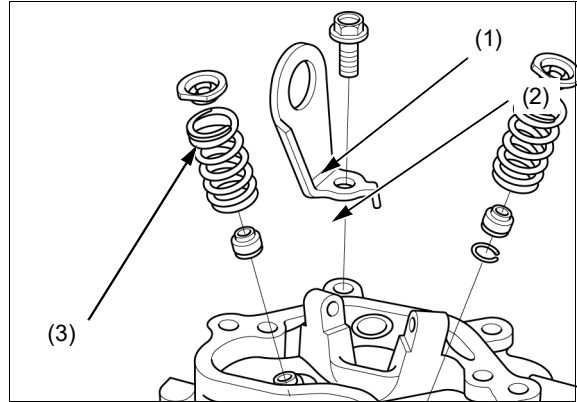
- TOOLS (commercially available):**  
**Intake: Cutter, 30x45 degree 128 (1)** NWYCU128  
**Exhaust: Cutter, 45 degree 122 (1)** NWYCU122  
**Solid pilot 5.5 mm (2)** NWY100-5.5MM  
**T-handle (3)** NWYTW505  
**Adapter (3)** NWYTW501  
**Extension, 6" (3)** NWYTW5036H

After resurfacing the seats, inspect for even valve seating.

Apply Prussian Blue compound or erasable felt-tipped marker ink to the valve seat. Insert the valve, and snap it closed against its seat several times. Be sure the valve does not rotate on the seat.

The seating surface, as shown by the transferred marking compound, should have good contact all the way around.

Thoroughly clean the cylinder to remove any cutting residual.



Lap the valves into their seats, using a commercially available valve lapper (1) and lapping compound.

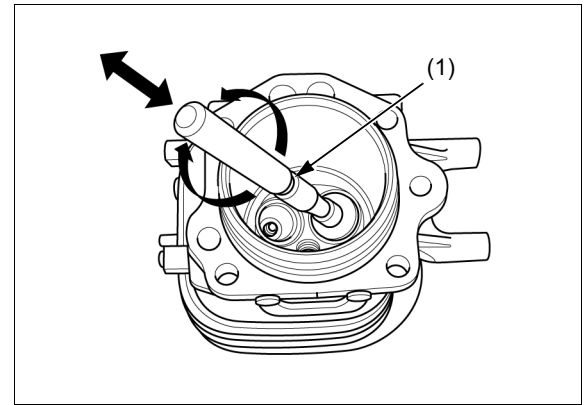
**TOOL (Commercially available):**  
**Valve lapper (1) LIL21100**

After lapping, wash all residual compound off the cylinder and valve.

**NOTICE**

*To avoid severe engine damage, be sure to remove all lapping compound from the engine before reassembly.*

Adjust the valve clearance after reassembly ([page 3-7](#)).



**CYLINDER STUD BOLT REPLACEMENT**

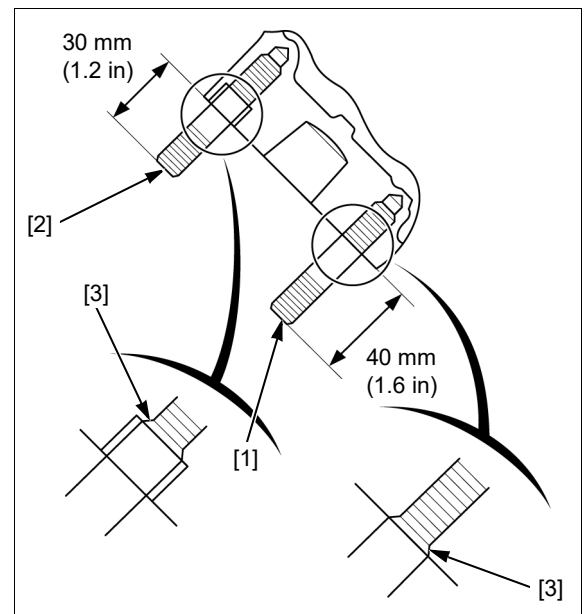
Thread two nuts onto the stud bolt and tighten them together, and then use a wrench to turn the stud bolt out.

Screw the stud bolt to its incomplete thread [3].

**SPECIFIED LENGTH:**

**Upper side [1]: 40 mm (1.6 in)**

**Lower side [2]: 30 mm (1.2 in)**



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## NOTES

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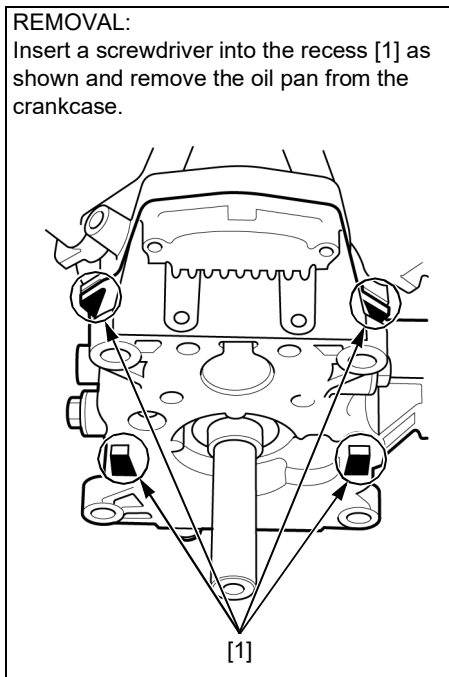
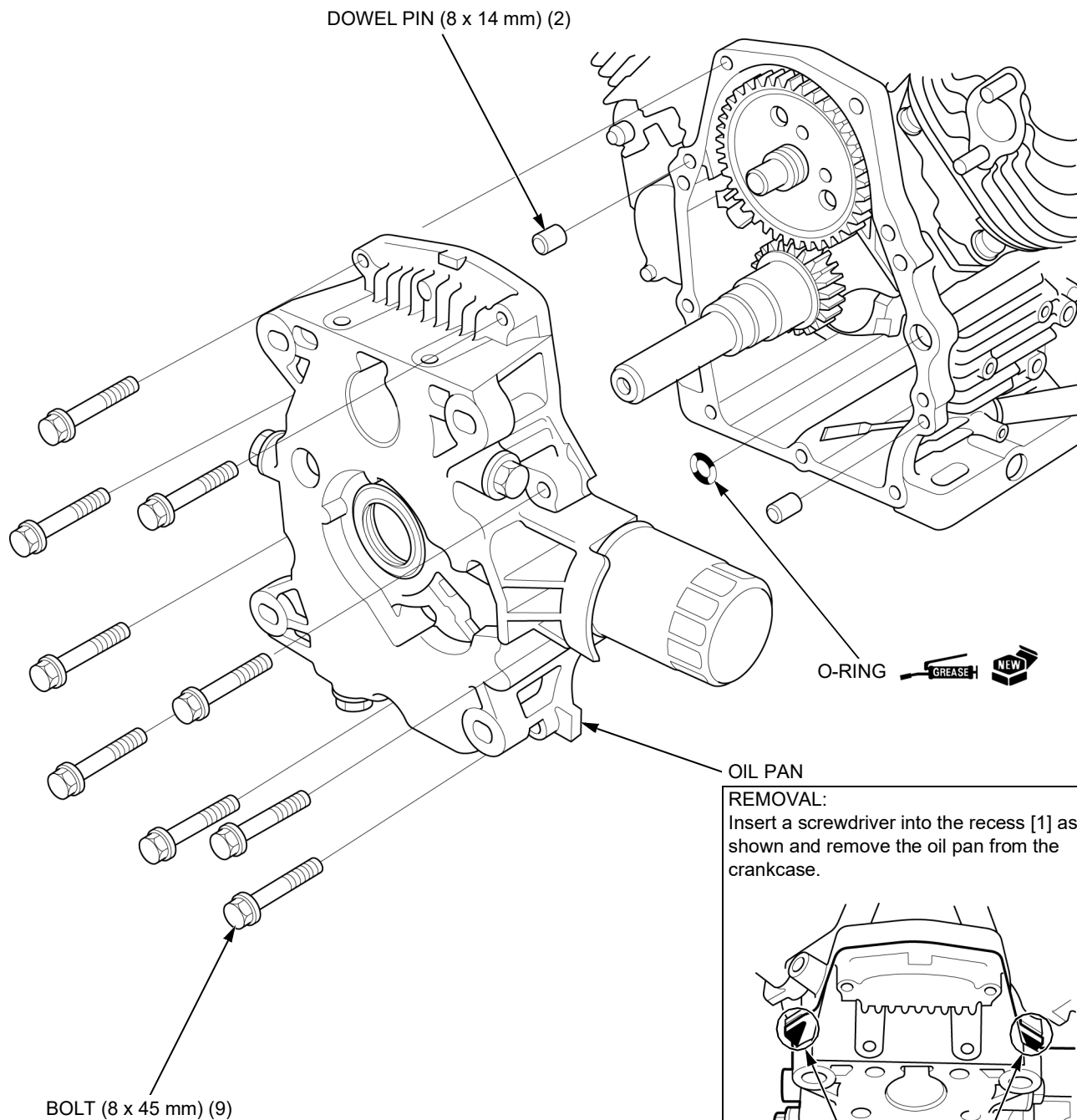
OIL PAN.....	14-2	OIL PAN/CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT/ CONNECTING ROD/CAMSHAFT/VALVE LIFTER INSPECTION .....	14-9
CRANKSHAFT/CONNECTING ROD/ CAMSHAFT/VALVE LIFTER.....	14-4	CRANKSHAFT OIL SEAL REPLACEMENT (OIL PAN SIDE).....	14-15
BREATHER .....	14-6	CRANKSHAFT/GOVERNOR ARM SHAFT OIL SEAL REPLACEMENT (CRANKCASE SIDE).....	14-16
GOVERNOR/OIL PUMP/OIL FILTER DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY.....	14-8		
VALVE LIFTER DISASSEMBLY/ ASSEMBLY .....	14-9		

# CRANKCASE

## OIL PAN

### REMOVAL

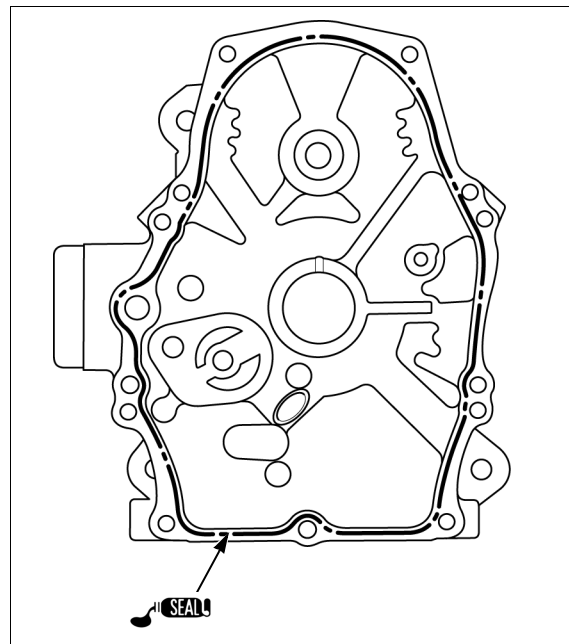
Drain the engine oil ([page 3-3](#)).



**INSTALLATION**

Clean the mating surfaces of the oil pan and crankcase of old liquid gasket, oil and other foreign material.

Apply 1.0 ~ 1.5 mm (0.04 ~ 0.06 in) diameter of liquid gasket (ThreeBond® TB1207B) to the mating surface of the oil pan as shown.



Apply grease to the O-ring [1].

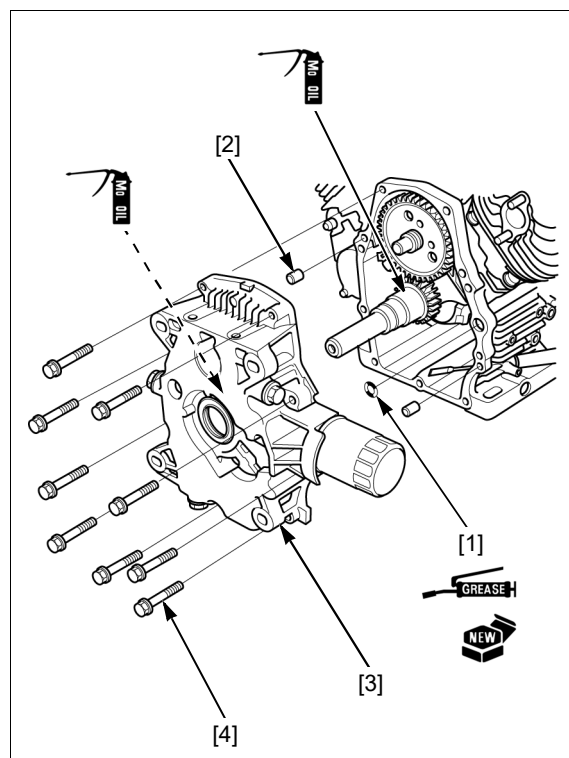
Install the two dowel pins [2] and O-ring to the crankcase.

Apply a light coat of oil to the main journal part of the crankshaft and oil pan [3].

Install the oil pan and tighten the nine flange bolts [4] securely.

**NOTE:**

- Assemble the oil pan within 3 minutes after applying liquid gasket.
- Wait for 30 minutes after assembly before filling with oil and starting the engine.



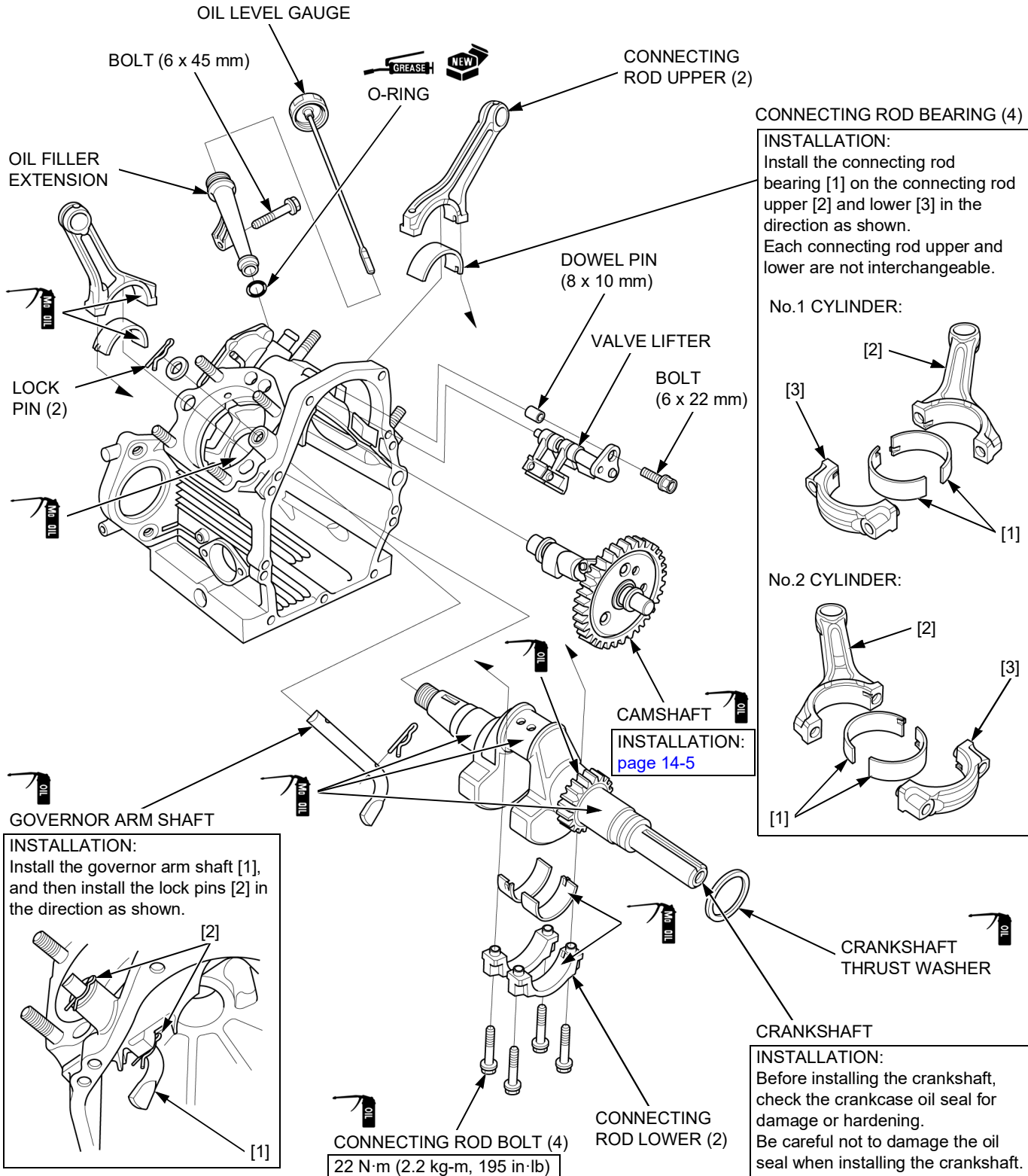
# CRANKCASE

## CRANKSHAFT/CONNECTING ROD/ CAMSHAFT/VALVE LIFTER

### REMOVAL/INSTALLATION

Remove the following:

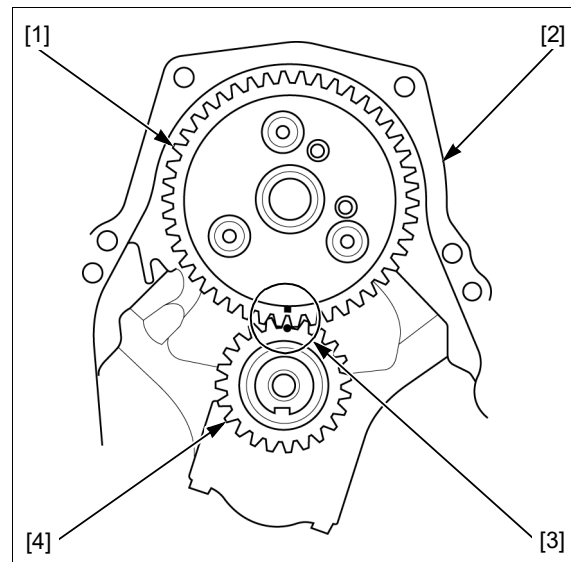
- Flywheel (page 8-4)
- Cylinders (page 13-2)
- Oil pan (page 14-2)



**CAMSHAFT INSTALLATION**

Open the valve lifters in the crankcase.

Install the camshaft [1] to the crankcase [2] by aligning the punch marks [3] on the camshaft and the crankshaft [4] (marked on the timing gear).



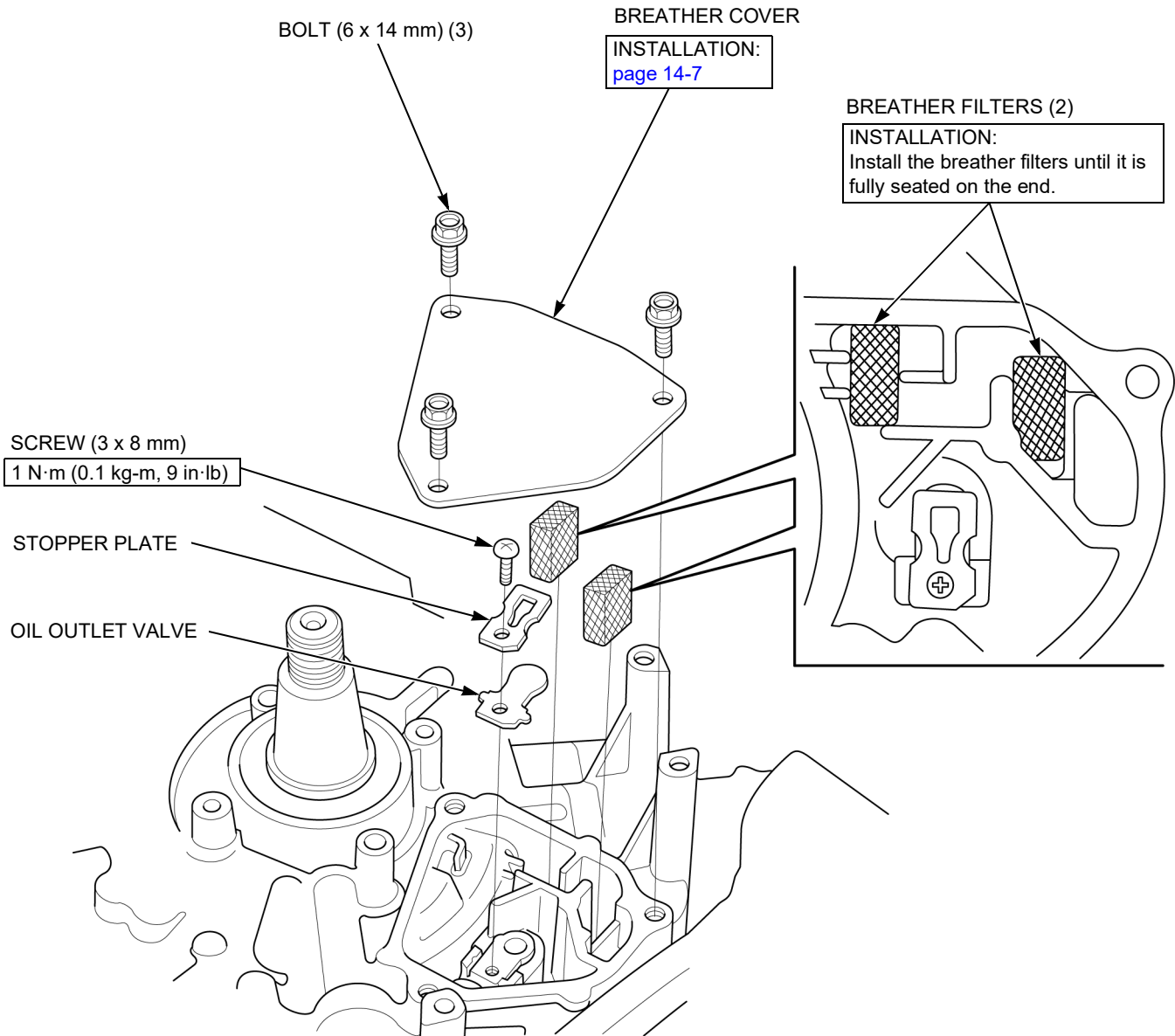


# CRANKCASE

## BREATHER

### DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY

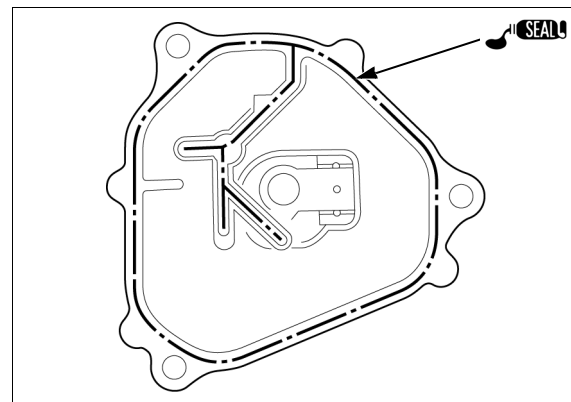
Remove the charge coil ([page 8-8](#)).



**BREATHER COVER INSTALLATION**

Clean the mating surfaces of the breather cover and crankcase of old liquid gasket, oil and other foreign material.

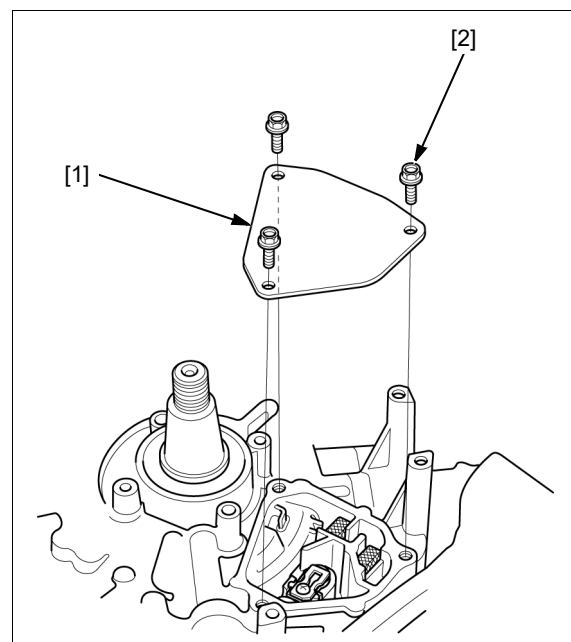
Apply 1.0 ~ 1.5 mm (0.04 ~ 0.06 in) diameter of liquid gasket (ThreeBond® TB1207B) to the mating surface of the crankcase as shown.



Install the breather cover [1] and tighten the three flange bolts [2] securely.

**NOTE:**

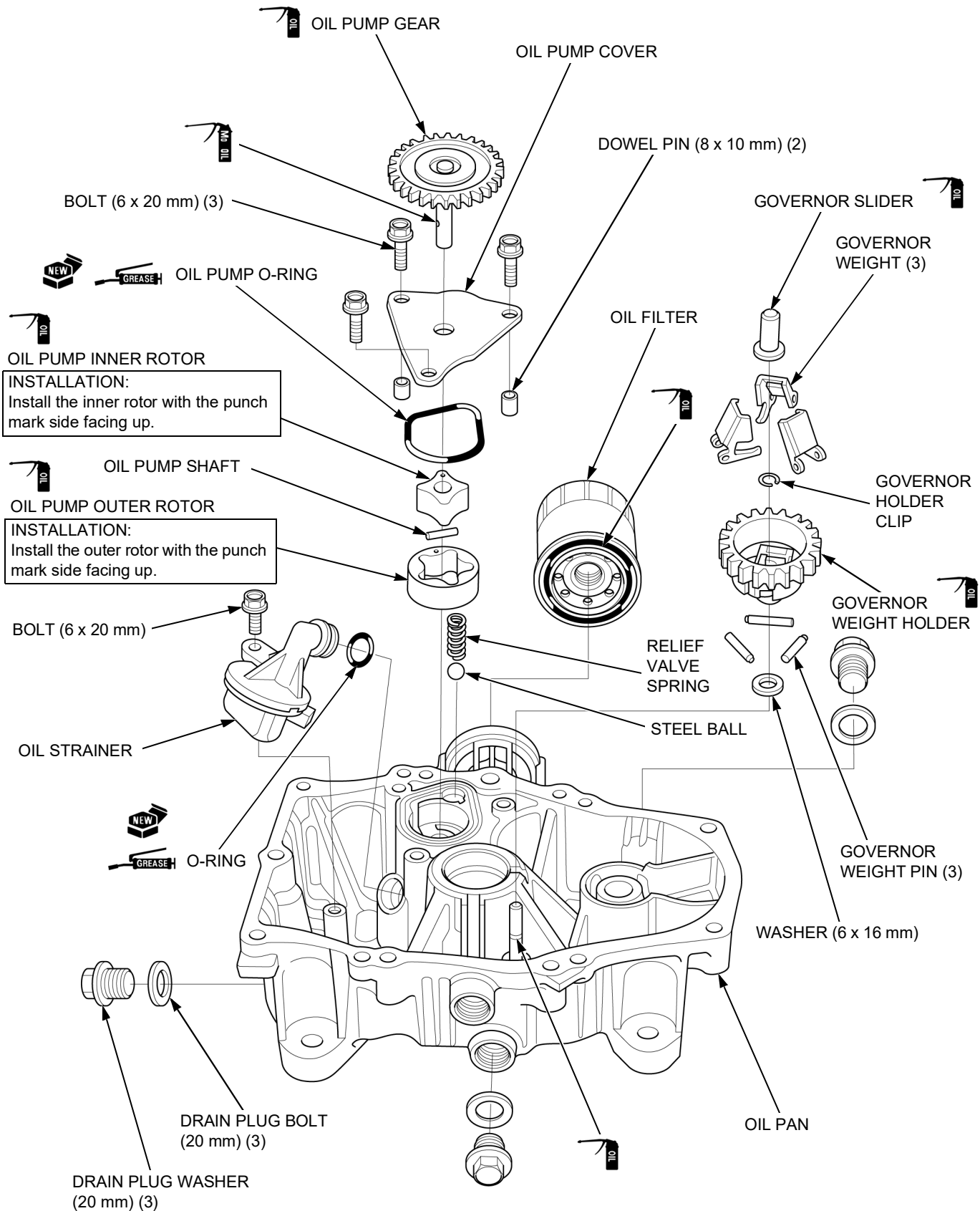
- Be sure not to catch the breather filter between the breather cover and crankcase.
- Assemble the breather cover within 3 minutes after applying liquid gasket.
- Wait for 30 minutes after assembly before filling with oil and starting the engine.



# CRANKCASE

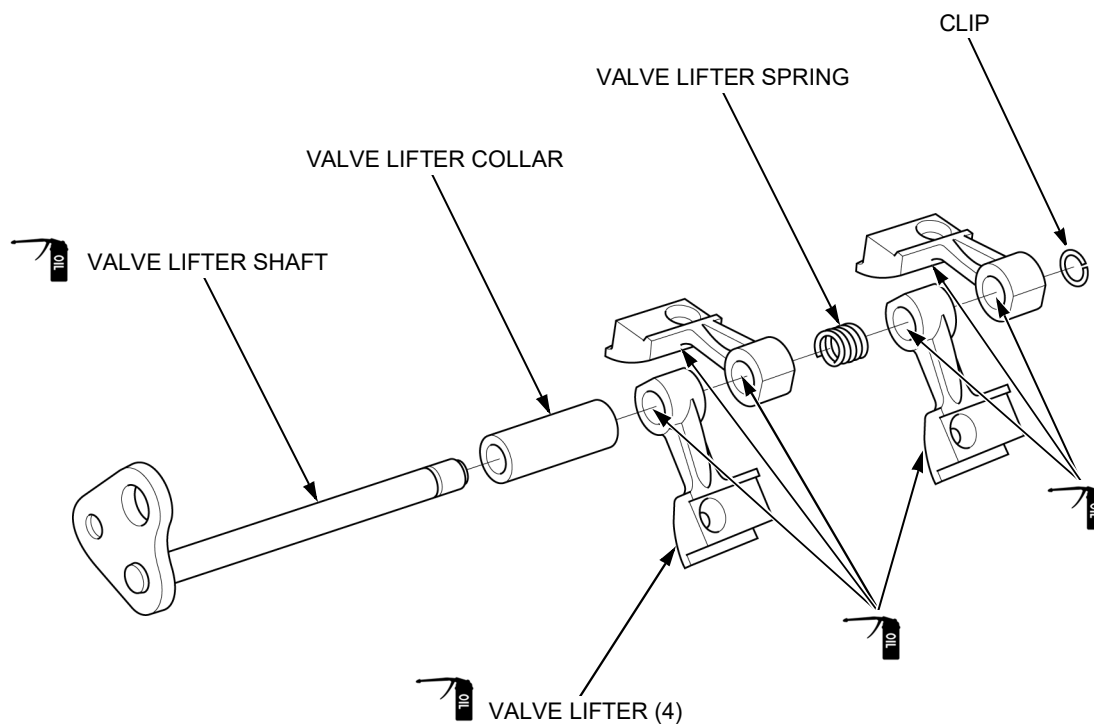
## GOVERNOR/OIL PUMP/OIL FILTER DISASSEMBLY/ASSEMBLY

Remove the oil pan (page 14-2).



## VALVE LIFTER DISASSEMBLY/ ASSEMBLY

Remove the valve lifter (page 14-4).



## OIL PAN/CRANKCASE/CRANKSHAFT/ CONNECTING ROD/CAMSHAFT/VALVE LIFTER INSPECTION

### CRANKSHAFT AXIAL CLEARANCE

Remove the connecting rods (page 14-4).

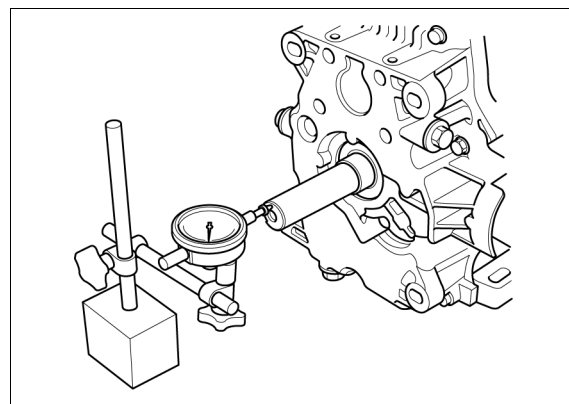
Reinstall the oil pan.

Measure the crankshaft axial clearance.

**STANDARD:** 0.05 ~ 0.45 mm (0.002 ~ 0.018 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 1.0 mm (0.04 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, inspect the crankshaft thrust washer (page 14-12).



## CRANKCASE

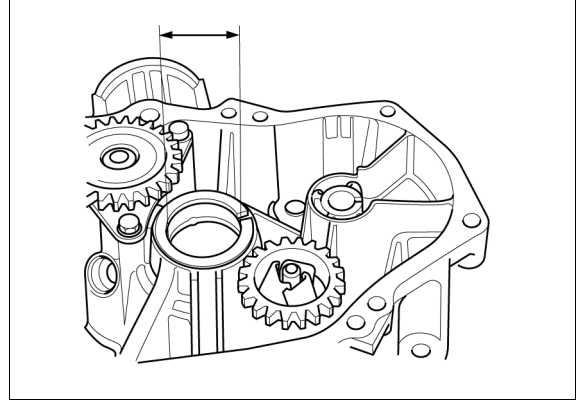
### MAIN JOURNAL I.D.: OIL PAN SIDE

Measure the main journal I.D. of the oil pan.

**STANDARD:** 40.025 ~ 40.041 mm  
(1.5758 ~ 1.5764 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 40.06 mm (1.577 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the oil pan ([page 14-8](#)).



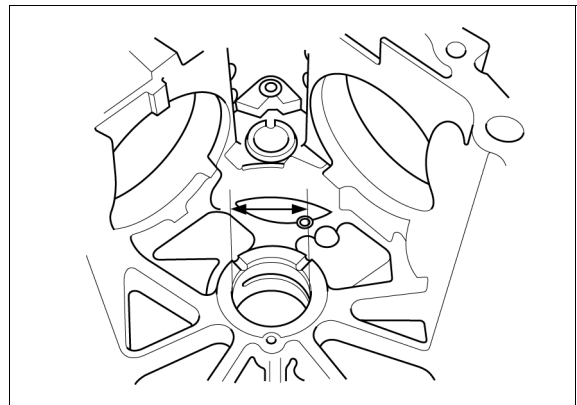
### MAIN JOURNAL I.D.: CRANKCASE SIDE

Measure the main journal I.D. of the crankcase.

**STANDARD:** 40.025 ~ 40.041 mm  
(1.5758 ~ 1.5764 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 40.06 mm (1.577 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the crankcase ([page 14-4](#)).



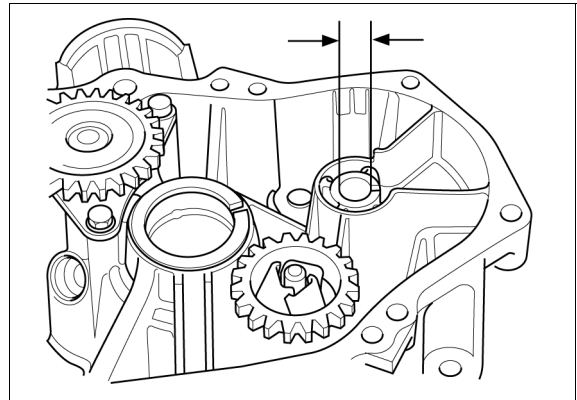
### CAMSHAFT BEARING I.D.: OIL PAN SIDE

Measure the camshaft bearing I.D. of the oil pan.

**STANDARD:** 17.016 ~ 17.027 mm  
(0.6699 ~ 0.6704 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 17.06 mm (0.672 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the oil pan ([page 14-8](#)).



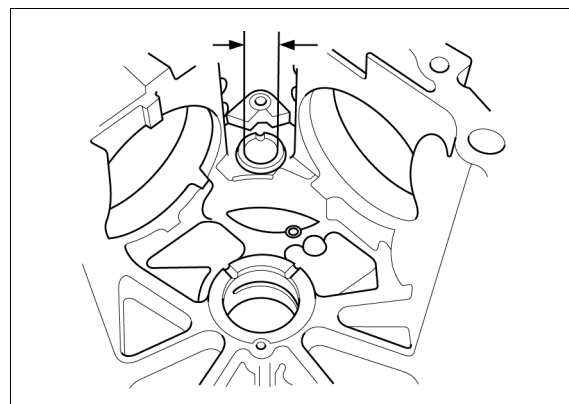
**CAMSHAFT BEARING I.D.:  
CRANKCASE SIDE**

Measure the camshaft bearing I.D. of the crankcase.

**STANDARD:** 17.016 ~ 17.027 mm  
(0.6699 ~ 0.6704 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 17.06 mm (0.672 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the crankcase ([page 14-4](#)).



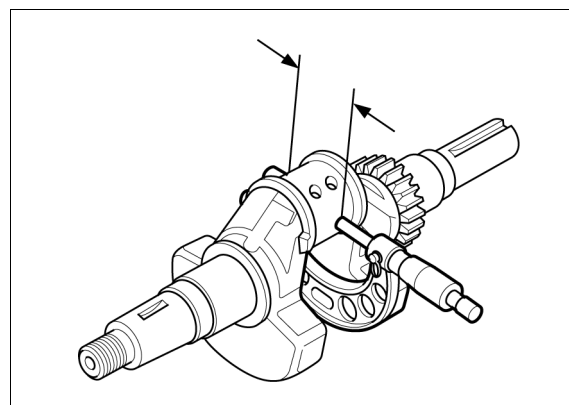
**CRANKPIN O.D.**

Measure the crankpin O.D. of the crankshaft.

**STANDARD:** 44.973 ~ 44.983 mm  
(1.7706 ~ 1.7710 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 44.920 mm (1.7685 in)

If the measurement is less than the service limit, replace the crankshaft ([page 14-4](#)).



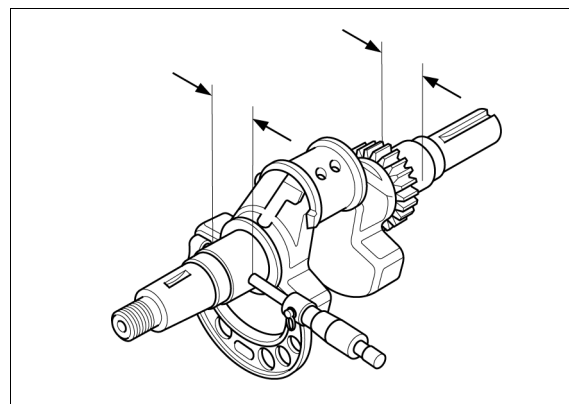
**CRANKSHAFT MAIN JOURNAL O.D.**

Measure the main journal O.D. of the crankshaft.

**STANDARD:** 39.984 ~ 40.000 mm  
(1.5742 ~ 1.5748 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 39.930 mm (1.5720 in)

If the measurement is less than the service limit, replace the crankshaft ([page 14-4](#)).



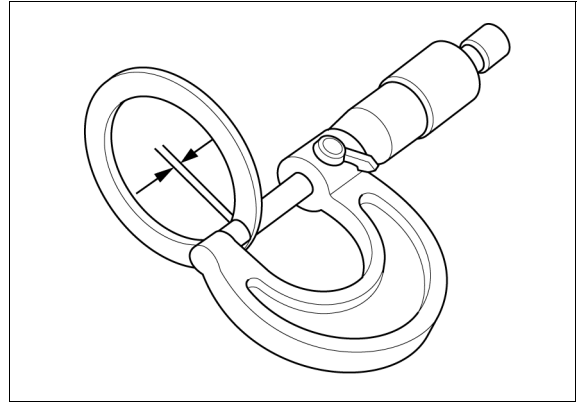
## CRANKCASE

### CRANKSHAFT THRUST WASHER THICKNESS

Measure the crankshaft thrust washer thickness.

**STANDARD:** 0.95 ~ 1.05 mm  
(0.037 ~ 0.041 in)  
**SERVICE LIMIT:** 0.8 mm (0.03 in)

If the measurement is less than the service limit, replace the crankshaft thrust washer ([page 14-4](#)).



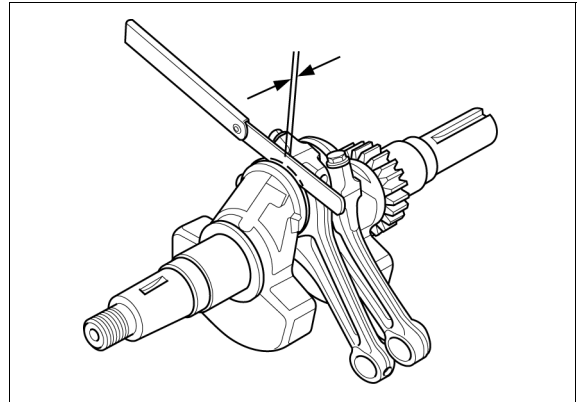
### CONNECTING ROD BIG END SIDE CLEARANCE

Measure the clearance between the connecting rod big end and crankshaft using a feeler gauge.

**STANDARD:** 0.2 ~ 0.4 mm (0.008 ~ 0.016 in)  
**SERVICE LIMIT:** 1.000 mm (0.0394 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the connecting rod ([page 14-4](#)) and recheck the clearance.

If the clearance is still more than the service limit with the new connecting rod, replace the crankshaft ([page 14-4](#)).



### CONNECTING ROD BIG END I.D.

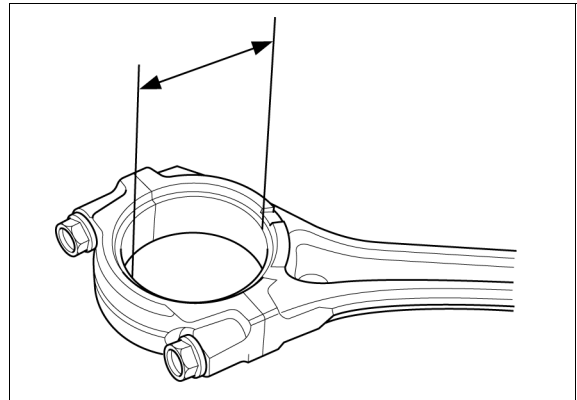
Set the connecting rod lower and connecting rod bearings to the connecting rod upper and tighten the connecting rod bolts to the specified torque.

**TORQUE:** 22 N·m (2.2 kg·m, 195 in·lb)

Measure the connecting rod big end I.D.

**STANDARD:** 44.988 ~ 45.012 mm  
(1.7712 ~ 1.7721 in)  
**SERVICE LIMIT:** 45.050 mm (1.7736 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the connecting rod bearings ([page 14-4](#)).



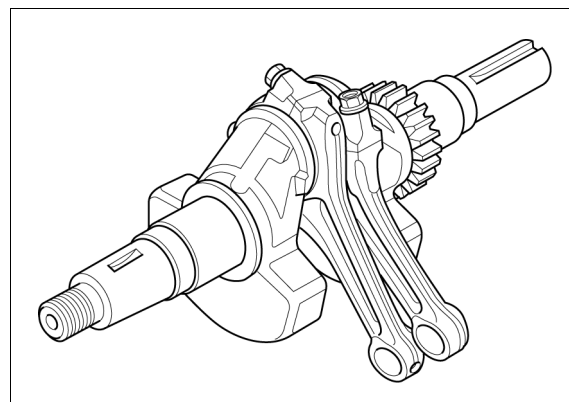
## CONNECTING ROD BIG END OIL CLEARANCE

Clean all oil from the crankpin, connecting rod big end surface and connecting rod bearings.

Place a piece of Plastigauge® on the crankpin, install the connecting rod upper, the connecting rod lower and the connecting rod bearings, and tighten the connecting rod bolts to the specified torque.

**TORQUE: 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 195 in·lb)**

Do not rotate the crankshaft while the Plastigauge is in place.



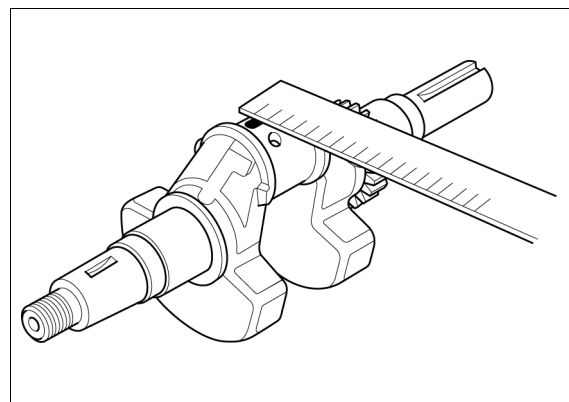
Remove the connecting rod and measure the Plastigauge.

**STANDARD:** 0.005 ~ 0.039 mm  
(0.0002 ~ 0.0015 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 0.070 mm (0.0028 in)

If the clearance is more than the service limit, replace the connecting rod bearings ([page 14-4](#)) and recheck the clearance.

If the clearance is still more than the service limit with the new connecting rod bearings, replace the crankshaft ([page 14-4](#)).

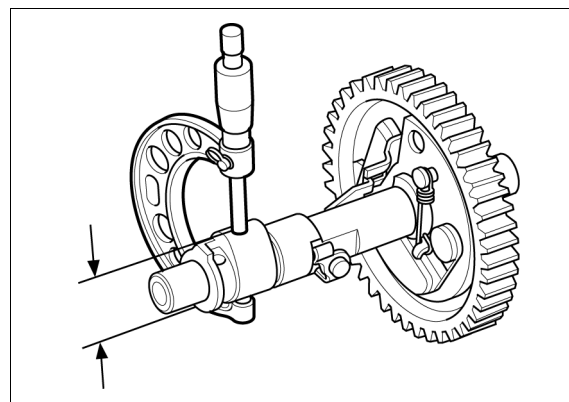


## CAMSHAFT CAM HEIGHT

Measure the cam height of the camshaft.

**STANDARD:**  
**IN:** 29.500 ~ 29.700 mm (1.1614 ~ 1.1693 in)  
**EX:** 29.400 ~ 29.600 mm (1.1575 ~ 1.1654 in)  
**SERVICE LIMIT:**  
**IN:** 29.36 mm (1.156 in)  
**EX:** 29.26 mm (1.152 in)

If the measurement is less than the service limit, replace the camshaft ([page 14-4](#)).

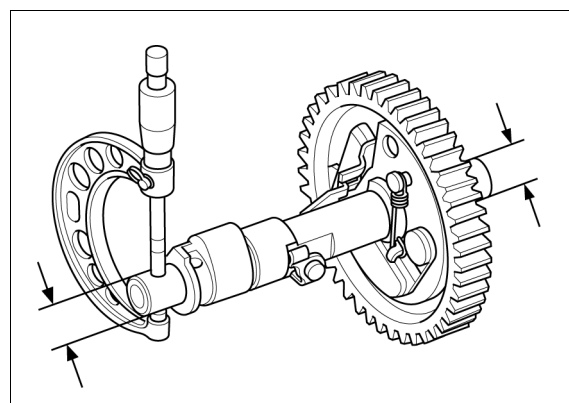


## CAMSHAFT O.D.

Measure the camshaft O.D. of the camshaft.

**STANDARD:** 16.982 ~ 17.000 mm  
(0.6686 ~ 0.6693 in)  
**SERVICE LIMIT:** 17.100 mm (0.6732 in)

If the measurement is less than the service limit, replace the camshaft ([page 14-4](#)).





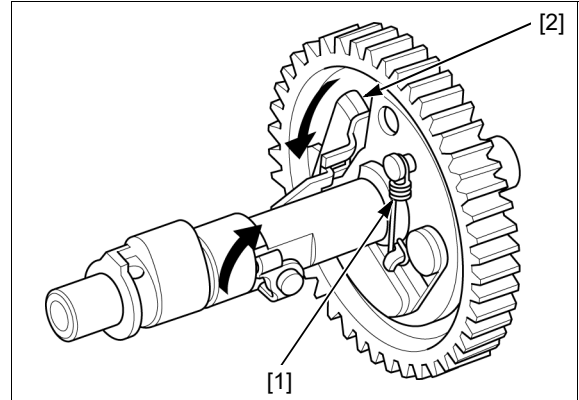
## DECOMPRESSOR WEIGHT

Check for worn and weakened weight return spring [1].

If the spring is worn or weakened, replace the weight return spring.

Check that the decompressor weight [2] moves smoothly.

If the decompressor weight does not move correctly, replace the camshaft ([page 14-4](#)).



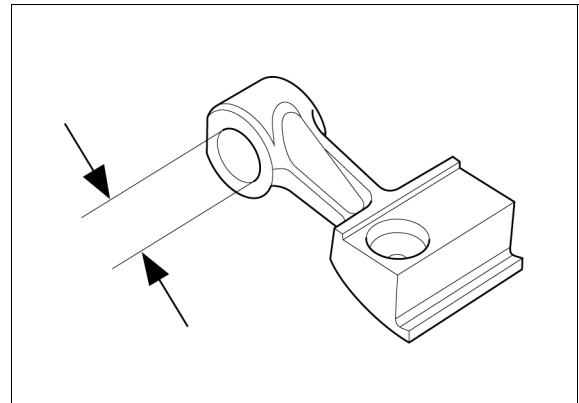
## VALVE LIFTER I.D.

Measure the valve lifter I.D.

**STANDARD:** 6.010 ~ 6.040 mm  
(0.2366 ~ 0.2378 in)

**SERVICE LIMIT:** 6.070 mm (0.2390 in)

If the measurement is more than the service limit, replace the valve lifter ([page 14-4](#)).



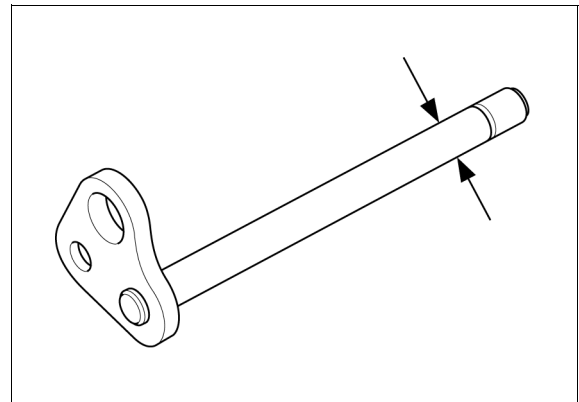
## VALVE LIFTER SHAFT O.D.

Measure the valve lifter shaft O.D.

**STANDARD:** 5.970 ~ 6.000 mm  
(0.2350 ~ 0.2362 in)

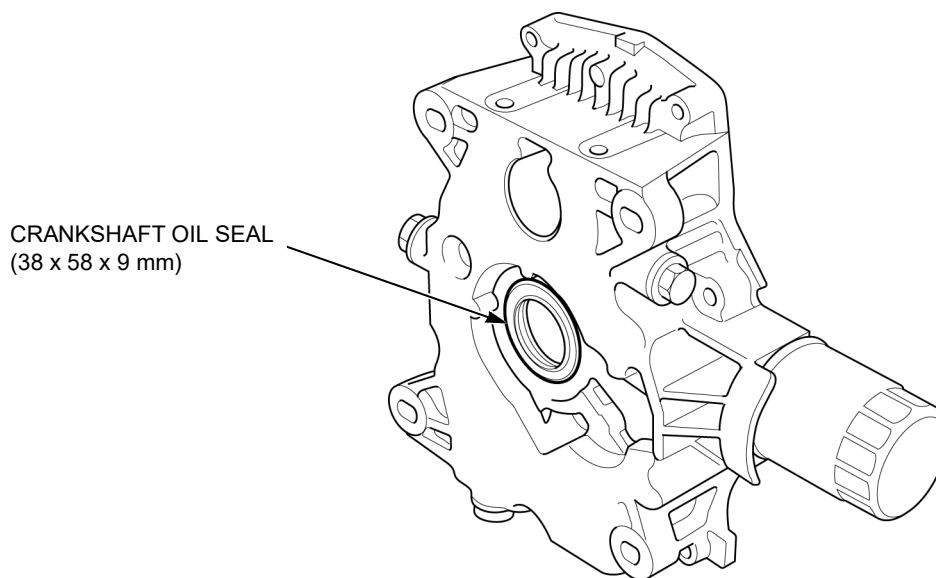
**SERVICE LIMIT:** 5.940 mm (0.2339 in)

If the measurement is less than the service limit, replace the valve lifter shaft ([page 14-4](#)).



## CRANKSHAFT OIL SEAL REPLACEMENT (OIL PAN SIDE)

### LOCATION



### CRANKSHAFT OIL SEAL (38 x 58 x 9 mm)

Remove the oil pan ([page 14-2](#)).

Remove the oil seal [1] from the oil pan [2].

Apply oil to the outer surface of a new oil seal.

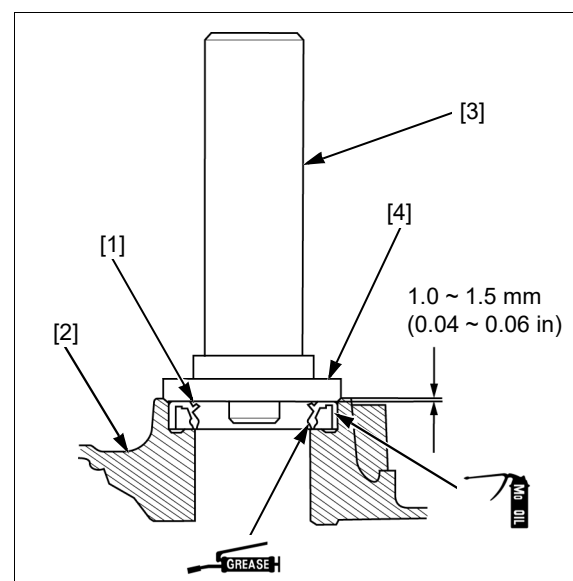
Drive the new oil seal in the position as shown using the special tools.

#### TOOLS:

Driver [3] **07749-0010000**

Oil seal driver attachment  
60 mm [4] **07GAD-PG40100**

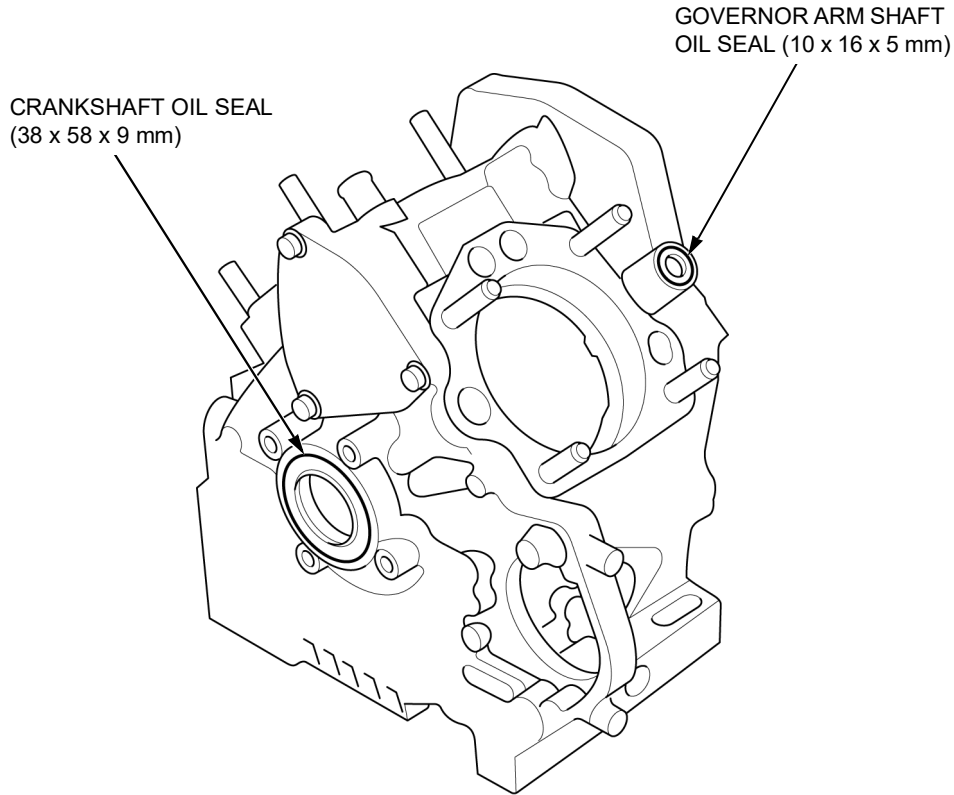
Apply grease to the lip of a new oil seal.



## CRANKCASE

# CRANKSHAFT/GOVERNOR ARM SHAFT OIL SEAL REPLACEMENT (CRANKCASE SIDE)

### LOCATION



### CRANKSHAFT OIL SEAL (38 x 58 x 9 mm)

Remove the crankshaft ([page 14-4](#)).

Remove the oil seal [1] from the crankcase [2].

Apply oil to the outer surface of a new oil seal.

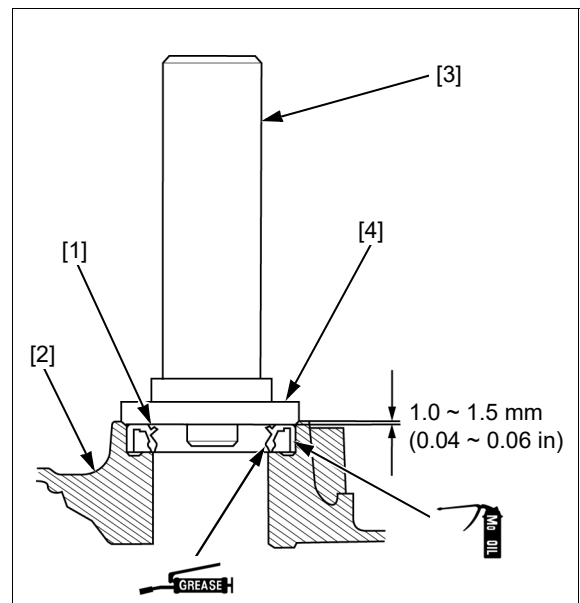
Drive the new oil seal in the position as shown using the special tools.

#### TOOLS:

Driver [3] 07749-0010000

Oil seal driver attachment  
60 mm [4] 07GAD-PG40100

Apply grease to the lip of a new oil seal.



**GOVERNOR ARM SHAFT OIL SEAL  
(10 x 16 x 5 mm)**

Remove the governor arm shaft (page 14-4).

Remove the oil seal [1] from the crankcase [2].

Apply oil to the outer surface of a new oil seal.

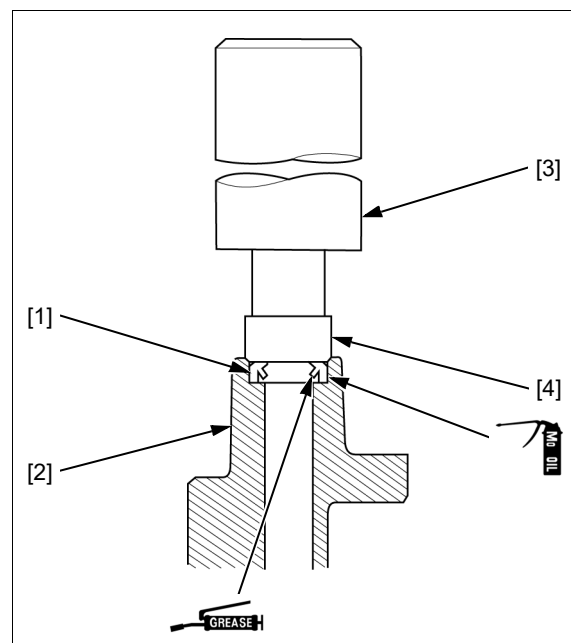
Drive the new oil seal until it is fully seated on the end using the special tools.

**TOOLS:**

**Driver [3]** 07749-0010000

**Pilot 17 mm [4]** 07746-0040400

Apply grease to the lip of a new oil seal.



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## NOTES

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# 15. WIRING DIAGRAMS

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WIRING DIAGRAMS ..... 15-2

# WIRING DIAGRAMS

## WIRING DIAGRAMS

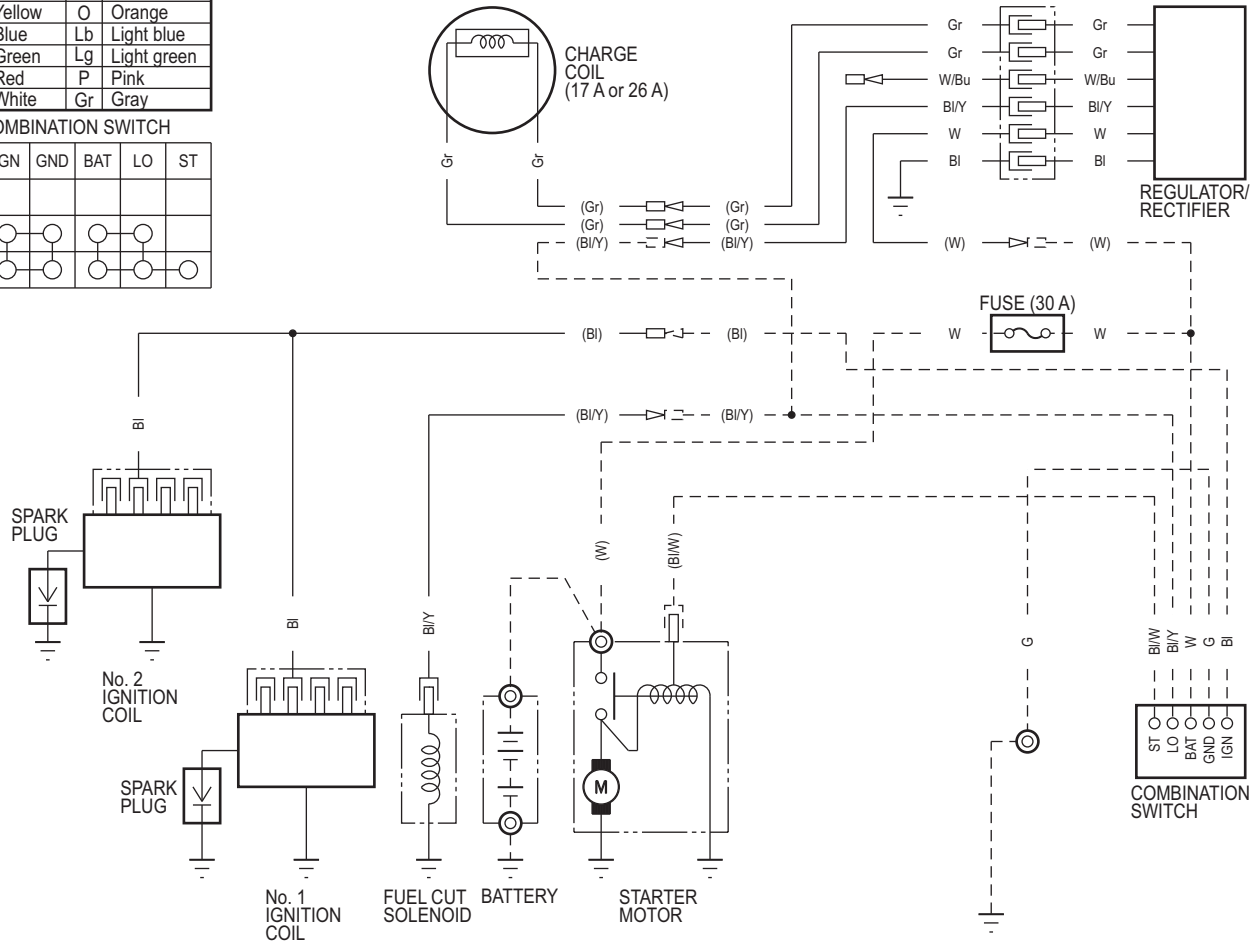
GXV630RH (TAF, TAF2, QAF, QYF, QAMT types)

GXV690RH (TAF, TAF2, TAF3 types)

Bl	Black	Br	Brown
Y	Yellow	O	Orange
Bu	Blue	Lb	Light blue
G	Green	Lg	Light green
R	Red	P	Pink
W	White	Gr	Gray

COMBINATION SWITCH

	IGN	GND	BAT	LO	ST
OFF					
ON	○	○	○	○	
ST	○	○	○	○	○

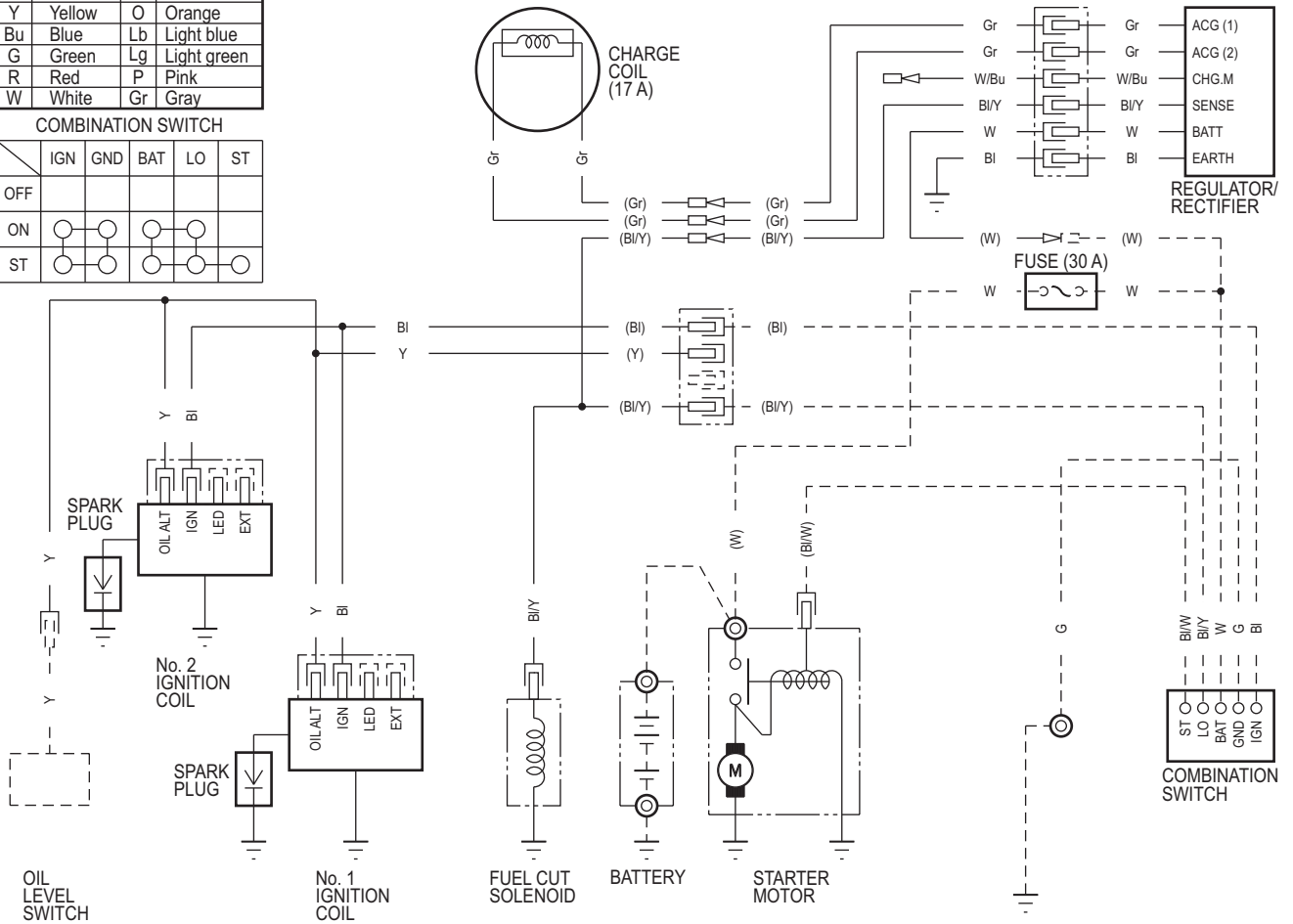


**GXV630RH (QYST, QYS1 types)**  
**GXV690RH (QYS1 type)**

Bl	Black	Br	Brown
Y	Yellow	O	Orange
Bu	Blue	Lb	Light blue
G	Green	Lg	Light green
R	Red	P	Pink
W	White	Gr	Gray

COMBINATION SWITCH

	IGN	GND	BAT	LO	ST
OFF					
ON	○	○	○	○	
ST	○	○	○	○	○





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## NOTES

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